

# MAP OUT PROGRAM FOR GREATEST OF NEGRO HEALTH CAMPAIGNS

MOTON HEADS DISCUSSION OF YEAR'S WORK FOR  
MOVEMENT STARTED BY HIS ILLUSTRIOUS  
PREDECESSOR

*Beach Disposal*  
**Control of Disease; Birth and Death Rate; Tu-  
berculosis and Kindred Subjects Claim  
Major Attention**

*11-10-1927*  
WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 10.—(ANP)—The autumn con-  
ference of the Executive Committee of the National Negro  
Health Week was held here on Tuesday, Nov. 1, in the office of  
the Surgeon-General of the United States Public Health Ser-  
vice. The meeting was called to order by Dr. C. C. Pierce, As-  
sistant Surgeon-General, who presided throughout the day's  
session. The day's discussion was opened by Dr. R. R. Moton.  
Four major topics were on the agenda for the day: the Health  
Week Bulletin for 1928, which was explained in detail by Dr.  
Roscoe C. Brown, chairman, National Negro Health Week Com-  
mittee; the detailed discussion, in which most of those present  
joined, of this topic occupied the major part of the morning  
session; "Stimulation of Birth and Death Registration among  
Negroes as an aid to Health Improvement" was next discussed  
by Dr. C. E. Waller, Dr. G. Dwelle, Dr. Alexander Parran.

The afternoon session was devoted  
to the other two topics on the day's  
agenda: "Steps to secure greater co-  
operation of Negroes in methods of  
controlling diseases; particularly tu-  
berculosis, pneumonia, malaria, and  
typhoid fever." was opened by Dr.  
Monroe N. Work of Tuskegee, Dr. H.  
R. Edwards, National Tuberculosis  
Association, and Dr. John A. Farrell  
of the Rockefeller Foundation.

*Shelton*  
"How should this conference lend  
its aid to the promoting of studies in  
public health and disease among Ne-  
groes, including the training and op-  
portunities for Negro physicians and  
nurses?" The topic was opened by  
Dr. Moton and Dr. Algernon Jackson.

The conference was an informal  
threshing out of field of Negro Pub-  
lic Health, and resulted in a clearing  
of the atmosphere. While no set  
speeches were made, everyone present  
expressed himself freely in planning  
the great health program for the Ne-  
gro, which includes every known  
agency and organization in its co-  
operative plan.

Those present were: Dr. R. R. Mo-  
ton, Monroe N. Work, Tuskegee In-  
stitute; R. R. C. Williams, Dr. Thos.  
Parran, U. S. Health Service; Dr. H.  
R. Edwards, National Tuberculosis  
Association; Dr. J. Flipper Derri-

cotte, Statistical Office, U. S. P. H.  
S.; R. Maurice Moss, National Urban  
League, Baltimore, Md.; R. W. Em-  
erson, Extension Secretary, National  
Clean-up and Paint-up Campaign Bu-  
reau; Dr. G. Dwelle, Atlanta, Ga.;  
Dr. C. C. Pierce, Assistant Surgeon-  
General, U. S. P. H. S.; Dr. C. E.  
Waller, U. S. P. H. S.; Dr. Roscoe C.  
Brown, Durham, N. C.; Mrs. Alice  
Dunbar-Nelson, A. L. Holsey, Secre-  
tar, National Negro Business League;  
Dr. J. A. Evans, Assistant Chief, Of-  
fice Extension Work, U. S. D. A.; Dr.  
Will W. Alexander, Commission on  
Racial Co-operation, Atlanta, Ga.; C.  
H. Tobias, National Council, Y. M. C.  
A., New York; Miss Mary E. Wil-  
liams, Director Public Health Work,  
and Health Center, Tuskegee, Ala.;  
T. M. Campbell, Extension Service,  
Tuskegee, Ala.; Dr. John A. Ferrell,  
Rockefeller Foundation; J. H. Mc-  
Grew, Y. M. C. A., Atlanta, Ga.; Miss  
Mary Rose Reeves, Department Phy-  
sical Education, Howard University;  
Dr. Algernon Jackson, Howard Uni-  
versity Medical School; Mrs. Coralie  
Franklin Cook, Social Hygiene Soci-  
ety; Dr. George W. Cook, Howard  
University.

## BRITISH COPY OUR 'HEALTH WEEK' IDEA

*London*  
(Special to the Defender)  
Tuskegee, Ala., March 4.—Capital-  
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pictures for future campaigns which  
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The national health week, for the  
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any other since its establishment in  
1915 by the late Booker T. Washing-  
ton, founder of Tuskegee institute, is  
indicated by the widespread prepara-  
tions which are being made for the  
campaign.

## HEALTH WEEK SET FOR APRIL 1 TO 8

*London*  
Emphasize Finding Of a  
Decrease In the Death  
Rate of the Race

*Sci. 11-11-27*  
WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 9.—  
National Negro Health Week is to be  
observed from April 1 to 8, according  
to a decision reached at a meeting  
here of Public Health Service officers  
and representatives of cooperating  
organizations and announced today.  
This period is the week of the late  
Booker T. Washington's birthday.  
At the meeting here it was emphasized  
that the Race death rate was de-  
creasing steadily.



Health Week-1927

Africa

## WEST AFRICANS ADOPT HEALTH WEEK PROGRAM

## BRITISH COPY OUR 'HEALTH WEEK' IDEA

[Special to the Defender]

Tuskegee Institute, Ala., Mar. 5 (ANP)—Capitalizing upon the American practice of observing National Negro Health Week and realizing its educational value, the British administration of the West African Colonies has conducted a successful health week campaign among the natives according to an article in The African World received here recently.

The African campaign was featured by lectures on sanitation, clinics of tropical diseases and the use of charts and posters illustrating helpful measures for maintaining health standards. An effort will be made to enlist the services of motion pictures for future campaigns which are to be observed annually. The African World states.

That National Negro Health Week, for the observance of which the week of April 3rd had been designated, will be more widely observed this year than any other since its establishment in 1915 by the late Booker T. Washington, founder of Tuskegee Institute is indicated by the widespread preparations which are being made for the campaign.

Tuskegee, Ala., March 11.—Capitalizing upon the American practice of observing health week and realizing its educational value, the British administration of the West African colonies has just conducted a successful health week campaign among the natives.

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Health Week - 1927

# Negro Health Week Program

By National Negro Business League In Cooperation with Annual Tuskegee Negro Conference

Sunday, April 3—Sermons in the morning by various local ministers on health. In the afternoon health mass meetings.

Monday, April 4—At various places where people assemble, both adults and children, talks should be given for the purpose of enlisting all homes in observance of Home Hygiene Day. Heads of families should be urged to carry out all measures for the establishment of a sanitary home on sanitary homes should be given to the children in the schools.

Tuesday, April 5—Talks, as upon Monday, at business men's clubs, women's clubs, social clubs and schools. Committees or teams should make a systematic attack upon all marshes, swamps and other places where water may collect and become stagnant. Some part of the day might be devoted to commemoration of the birthday of Booker T. Washington, founder of the National Health Week.

Wednesday, April 6—All children should be vaccinated against smallpox, and toxin, anti-toxin as a preventative of diphtheria should be applied as a matter of regular procedure. Teeth should be examined and defects remedied. Diseased and enlarged tonsils and adenoids should be removed when in the opinion of the physician they are a source of danger.

Thursday, April 7—Talks with adults in health education. It should be pointed out that many adults, as well as children, have conditions which, while they may not be apparent, constitute a menace to the individual's health and tend to shorten life.

Friday, April 8—A survey under some central committee for the purpose of ascertaining if there exists in the community some special disease menace. Talks on the control of this special disease, if any exists.

Saturday, April 9—This is day for general cleaning up. Homes, schools, houses, halls, other public buildings and their surroundings should be thoroughly cleaned. Gather and burn all rubbish and trash. Rubbish not burned should be put out for garbage collectors. It would be helpful to give talks on the value of keeping homes, yards, public buildings and communities clean all the year.

Sunday, April 10—Final meetings to plan ways and means by which the health campaign may continue throughout the year. A wind up mass meeting Sunday night to win the support of the citizens of the community in the development of a more adequate health program.

## FOR HEALTH'S SAKE

By G. Norman Adamson, M. D.

### NATIONAL NEGRO HEALTH WEEK

This is National Negro Health Week and the eyes of the nation are turned

on the health conditions of a Race. With the physician every week is health week but his continuous efforts are at times so well popularized. The task is the same and the means by which the health status may be raised have not changed, so the following "Daily Dozen" health rules are not only worth repeating but memorizing and being put into practice.

#### Your Year-Round Health Program

1. Fresh air and sunlight—live work, play, rest, sleep in fresh air. Let a lot of sunlight and air into your home.

2. Water—use water freely; drink six glasses daily. Bathe often. Keep your home and premises clean.



3. Food—watch your diet: more milk, greens and fresh fruits. Less sweets, meats and eggs. Chew thoroughly.

4. Habits—the system must dispose of its waste matter. Eat proper food, exercise. Don't use "physics."

5. Exercise—work, walk and play in open air, when possible. Sit, stand and walk erect. Exercise will help you.

6. Rest and sleep. Health is wealth: rest is your savings account. Adults sleep eight hours, children 10-12 hours.

7. Clothes. You can be comfortable and look all right, too. Dress wisely for weather, work and play—that's all.

8. Coughs and other ills. Watch your hat bark; it might bite. See to it.

9. Self doctoring and drugging. Use first aid only and only when it is necessary. Don't take chances. Be wary "self treatment."

10. Your medical doctor. See your physician at least once a year (the birthday is a good time); oftener if necessary.

11. Your dental doctor. Clean teeth and wash mouth night and morning. Visit your dentist once or twice each year.

12. Three Cs, three Bs and life. Be clean; be careful; be cheerful. Work

eight hours, recreate eight hours; sleep eight hours—and enjoy a long, useful and happy life.

## CAMERON SCHOOL OBSERVES HEALTH WEEK

Among the many activities of our school in observance of National Negro Health Week, the Baby Clinic is the most noteworthy.

Doctors Simpson and Lamar, assisted by Misses Stocton, Walker and Daniels, city nurses, and Mrs. Rosa Brown, health supervisor in the city schools, were the very competent conductors of the clinic.

Not only were the one hundred babies weighed, measured and examined but many pupils were given the T. A. T. inoculation. The parents' examination was given to the parents along with posters on health and literature on the diseases of the children, ways of preventing and curing.

After vaccinating two hundred and examining one hundred children such a large number were still waiting that it became necessary to have the remainder come next Monday at 10 p. m. Principal Chas. T. Mabry, the faculty and parents are grateful to Drs. Simpson and Lamar and their assistants for the much needed service rendered.

## SUGGESTS PROGRAM FOR CLEAN-UP WEEK

Church, Fire Prevention, Flower Bed and Front and Back Yard Days Set

For clean-up and paint-up week in Montgomery, April 11-16, inclusive, the following suggested programs for each day has been announced:

Sunday—Church cooperation day: All clergymen and Sunday school superintendents of the city will make special announcement of the following days of the campaign:

Monday—Fire prevention day: Clean your basements and rid of rubbish, greasy rags and waste paper. "All fires are the same size at the start."

Tuesday—Front yard day: Cut lawns, prepare gardens and flower beds for planting, clean walks and gutters, salt cracks in sidewalks.

Wednesday—Flower bed day: Plant flower beds and trim shrubbery.

Thursday—Paint day: Paint and brighten up inside and out, porches, fences, woodwork, screens and porch chairs. Downtown business houses clean windows and replace old awnings. "A Little Paint Works wonders."

Friday—Back yard day: Clean alleys, repair fences and sheds, screen

Alabama.

garbage cans. Put up screens, plant thrift gardens.

Saturday—Vacant lot day: Everybody join in and help school children clean vacant lots and remove tin cans, paper and dead weeds.

Clean up and paint up week is sponsored by the City Federation of Women's clubs, by the chamber of commerce and other organizations. Mayor W. A. Gunter, Jr., has issued proclamation calling for its observance by the people of Montgomery and during the past week the organizations to whom the idea of clean-up week has been presented, have endorsed it.

ion, and immediately moved 10 wagon loads of garbage. The mothers were instructed in infant care, and general health rules. The clinics will continue throughout the summer under the promotion of the home demonstration agents, and public health nurses, and the county supervisor.

## Negro Health Week Was Well Observed By Colored People

Negro Health Week was well observed by the colored people of Roanoke and adjacent communities last week. Several hundred homes were inspected and many were found in excellent condition, some fair and some had done no cleaning. We are glad to report that the majority of the people cooperated with us very finely and we were able to put over a successful clean-up campaign.

It is encouraging to note that in many of the homes inspected there were found splendid gardens with a variety of vegetables, dairy cows furnishing plenty of milk and butter for the family, and many chickens and pigs. Let us hope that this effort will continue throughout the year.

We thank The Roanoke Leader for publicity, the city authorities for furnishing trucks to move garbage, etc., and the colored people in general for the very fine spirit shown.

J. P. Russell, Prin.  
Rev. A. J. Green,  
Chm. Ex. Committee.

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK TO BE OBSERVED APRIL 3-9

National Negro Health Week will be observed here April 3-9. We appreciate very much the splendid cooperation which has been given us during the past six years in making this occasion function in the physical, moral and social life of the Negroes of this community, and we look forward to greater success this year.

Ministers are asked to preach health sermons Sunday, and health talks will be given each day at the Randolph County Training School at 11:30.

We solicit the cooperation of everybody in helping us to make next week a general clean up week among the Negroes of this community.

J. P. Russell, Principal,  
Montgomery, Ala. Advertiser

## DR. BOWMAN GIVES AID IN NEGRO HEALTH WEEK

Makes Talk in Douglasville Section; Examinations Made

Health talks were delivered Saturday by Dr. J. A. Bowman, county health officer, to the negroes living at Douglasville, a suburban section of West Montgomery, in cooperation with national negro health week movement.

Almost without exception the children were found to be in need of medical treatment. Charlie Thomas made the highest score and was presented a Booker T. Washington memorial spoon. Examinations were made by Dr. J. Carr.

Following Dr. Bowman's talk the negroes pledged themselves to keep the premises in a better health condition.

MAR 30 1927

APR 13 1927



Roanoke Ala  
APR 13 1927

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Health Week-1927  
**HEALTH WEEK**  
**IS OBSERVED**

Booker T. Washington's 71st NATIONAL NEGRO

Birthday Also Observed

In Connection

**PROGRAMS IN COLLEGES**

Little Rock, Arkansas Holds  
Series of Programs In  
Keeping With Date

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., April 14.

The seventy-first birthday of the late Booker T. Washington, distinguished educator and founder of Tuskegee Institute in Alabama, was observed generally in the college and schools here last Thursday.

In most of the schools the tribute to the late leader was paid in connection with programs in observance of Negro Health Week, instituted by Washington 13 years ago.

At Shorter College, North Little Rock, Dr. J. G. Thornton, college physician, spoke on health, and Dean A. O. Wilson, professor of philosophy at Shorter gave talk on "The Life of Booker T. Washington."

At 10:30 a. m., Dr. Thornton gave a health talk at the Pulaski Trainin School at McAlmont, and W. J. C. Hunter eulogized Washington and his contributions to advancement of the race in America. Similar programs were being held at other schools here.

HEALTH WEEK

This Week is Being Observed Over  
Nation as Negro Health Week

During the week April 3 to 10 1927, negro communities throughout the United States will observe the thirteenth annual Negro Health Week. This special period has been set aside by the leading negro organizations of the U. S. including Tuskegee negro conference, national negro business league cooperating with the national medical association. Cooperating with these negro associations also are the U. S. Public Health Service and other local voluntary health associations. A clean-up campaign is put on, general improvements around the home are made. Health lectures are given in schools, communities and churches, pointing out a year around program.

For the purpose of emphasizing special problems, Negro Health Week has been divided into series.

Sunday April 3 Mobilization day  
Monday April 4 Home Hygiene day  
Tuesday April 5 Community Sanitation day

Wednesday April 6 Children's Health day

Thursday April 7 Adults Health day

Friday April 8 Special Campaign day

Saturday April 9 General Clean-up day

Sunday April 10 Report and Follow up day.

**NEGRO HOME DEMONSTRATION WORK PROGRESSING**

The women's council met March 26th in the office of our Home demonstration Agent with the president presiding. The various leaders reported good news on the garden, cooking and sewing lessons, that are being supervised by our agent. We also discussed plans for the celebration of National Negro Health week which is the week of April 3 to 10th. Every family was urged to take part in this celebration and clean all rubbish from in and out side of our homes. A plea was made asking every body to paint, white wash, varnish furniture, wash windows or plant flowers to beautify our homes.

March 28th Miss Mendenhall, the State Food Perservation Specialist, was scheduled to be with us but due to a meeting on the arrangement of fairs she could not be present. This meeting was held in Little Rock. In her stead Mrs. Mary L. Ray, our local District Home Demonstration Agent gave a very interesting demonstration on jelly making.

ing. Julia A. Miller gave a short talk on containers from 1927 canning season. Sixteen were present from 4 communities. Reporter.

**NATIONAL NEGRO HEALTH WEEK TO BE OBSERVED BY NEGROES THROUGH OUT POPE COUNTY APRIL 3 to 10**

The Pope county colored citizens will observe their second annual Negro Health Week. A county wide clean up campaign is being put on under auspices of the negro county council. During this campaign citizens are asked to clean from under houses, clean all out houses and general surroundings. Remove all old cans and other waste materials.

Arizona.

A careful program has been planned for the special day program which will be held at Atkins April 8th. The county judge, Supt. Bullock and the county at large are sponsors of this Negro Health Week celebration. Health week slogan for 1927, "Negro Health"—Our 1927 Challenge."



# Health Week-1927

## NEGROES HEALTH WEEK.

OSCEOLA, Ark., April 12.—Local observance of national health week is being sponsored by negro educational leaders here this week. A series of health programs which will continue through Thursday began Sunday afternoon when Dr. C. M. Harwell, county health officer, delivered a lecture on tuberculosis at the Pleasant Grove Baptist Church on

Monday, which was designated as home hygiene day. Mrs. A. F. Barham, chairman of health women's clubs, gave a talk in the training school here. Monday evening, Dr. H. B. Gabashane, negro doctor of Blytheville, delivered a lecture to men and boys on the prevention of venereal diseases.

## NEWS

## NATIONAL NEGRO HEALTH WEEK

April 3-10

In recognition of a life spent for the advancement and uplift of his race group, let each colored citizen of Dermott do his best to make this the 13th annual observance of National Negro Health Week be the most fruitful in results since the immortal Booker T. Washington conceived the idea and gave it to the world. We will be giving to mankind some real genuine and unselfish service, and helping in the laudable cause of reducing the alarming death rate among our people. The week of April 3-10 is set aside as National Negro Health Week, and each day of the seven will be fraught with interesting and helpful lectures and demonstrations by the leaders of our group. We are urging the colored citizens to attend the two schools of Dermott where these lectures and demonstrations will be given each morning during the week in large numbers. We hope that through this effort the gospel of good health and sanitation may reach you and are fruits in the years that are to come.

The following is the program as outlined for the week:

### Churches for Sunday, April 3

First Baptist Church,  
Prof. D. W. Jamerson.  
Knox St. A. M. E. Zion Church  
Prof. N. F. Jackson  
Ash St. Baptist Church  
Dr. N. R. Parker  
Brown Chapel M. E.  
Miss O. M. Coleman  
St. Paul Baptist Church  
Rev. L. O. Grady  
Holland Chapel  
Dr. N. R. Parker

Cavalry Baptist Church  
Mr. Walter Bland  
Church of God  
Mrs. Ruth A. Jackson  
Seven Star Baptist Church  
Prof. S. M. Coleman  
Rose Hill Baptist Church  
Mrs. L. C. Smith  
Dermott High School  
Monday—Home Hygiene Day  
Mrs. M. J. Parker  
Tuesday—Community Sanitation Day  
Prof. S. M. Coleman  
Wednesday—Children's Health Day  
Mrs. Ruth A. Jackson  
Thursday—Adult's Day  
Miss O. M. Coleman  
Friday—Special Campaign Day  
Prof. N. F. Jackson  
Saturday—General Clean Up Day  
Southeastern Baptist Academy  
Monday—Home Hygiene Day  
Mrs. Grover Robinson  
Tuesday—Community Sanitation Day  
Dr. N. R. Parker and  
Miss Willie White  
Wednesday—Children's Health Day  
Mrs. R. L. Finney  
Thursday—Adult's Day  
Mrs. D. W. Jamerson  
Friday—Special Campaign Day  
Dr. N. R. Parker and  
Prof. D. W. Jamerson  
Saturday—General Clean Up Day  
Committee:  
PROF. N. F. JACKSON  
PROF. D. W. JAMERSON  
DR. N. R. PARKER.

Odd lots John B. Stetson mens' hats, values \$8.00, \$9.00 price \$4.95.  
Dermott Cut Price Store.

## Negro Health Week Observed in County

The National Negro Health week was widely observed in Jefferson county can be seen from the appended report of the committee in charge.

Early in March the farm and home demonstration agents, the Jeanes supervisor, the county superintendent, principal of the Merrill high school, all met at the Jefferson county health unit in conference with Dr. F. M. Smith, health officer of Jefferson county.

It was decided in this conference that letters be sent out to ministers, doctors, farmers and business men in order to get together and organize for this clean-up campaign.

## Arkansas.

After organizing, Dr. Smith and others explained a program that might be carried on not only during National Negro Health week, but throughout the entire year.

The organization appointed a committee whose duties were to name communities, secure speakers, appoint local committees to get as large crowds out as possible.

In this way we were able to visit 25 rural communities and 17 churches in the city.

The City Federation of Women's clubs responded to this call by furnishing pot flowers as prizes for the cleanest home and premises out from each church in the city.

The Chamber of Commerce offered prizes to the community having the cleanest church, school and premises, greatest number of homes screened, white-washed or painted.

The people seemed to be more interested in sanitary toilets and general cleanliness this year than ever before, Dr. Smith suggested that we extend the time for awarding prizes until April 17, at which time we hope to have a full report.

On Friday, April 8, we had a county wide meet with an attendance of 600 even though it rained very hard. Representatives from all parts of the county were present and made partial reports.

Dr. F. M. Smith lectured and gave a demonstration in constructing a sanitary toilet, Dr. Miller from U. S. public health service addressed the meeting. Our own health worker, Mrs. F. C. Williams, was with us in several of our meetings over the county and also addressed this meeting. Professor William Townsend lectured and gave us a very interesting health picture, which was enjoyed by all.

We ended the week by organizing a professional and business women's club with 30 women present.

## HEALTH WEEK FOR NEGROES PLANNED

Programs and Lectures to Feature Observance April 3 to 10.

Negro churches, social and medical organizations and schools of Little Rock and North Little Rock will unite in a general observance April 3 to 10 of National Negro Health Week, it was announced last night by Thomas J. Brown, negro, professor of sociology at Shorter College, North Little Rock.

Dr. J. M. Powell, president of the Pulaski County Negro Medical Association, has appointed Dr. J. G. Thornton, Shorter College physician, chairman of a committee which will assign negro physicians to all negro churches Sunday, April 3, to talk on cleanliness and its relation to health, sanitation, contagious and infectious diseases, and how to guard against such diseases.

On the same date the negro Y. M. C. A. and the negro Y. W. C. A. will launch a joint campaign to last throughout the week in which their slogan will be "Cleanliness is next to Godliness." During this campaign experts on sex psychology will discuss eugenics as the basic factor in the progress and preservation of human society.

### Lectures at Schools.

At Gibbs High School in Little Rock physicians and faculty members will conduct daily lectures on foods, proper breathing, the purposes of physical culture, proper dress, ventilation, formation of habits, the laws of heredity and other subjects related to health. The programs will be in charge of H. Y. Gilliam, principal at the school, who will have the co-operation of the Parent-Teacher Association.

Similar programs will be conducted at the Stevens schools, Alma Campbell, principal; Capitol Hill school, W. O. T. Watkins, principal; East End school, Lida Gilliam, principal; Southeast End school, Amelia Barnes, principal, and Bush school, A. H. Shaw, principal.

In addition to the talks in the talks in the schools, the pupils in each will be organized into squads, with captains heading them, and each assigned to clean up a section in their respective school districts. Parent-Teacher Associations in each district will co-operate in the clean-up campaign.

### To Lecture at Colleges.

Dr. G. W. Hayman, negro, will deliver a series of lectures during the week at the Arkansas Baptist College, and the student body will engage in a general clean-up of the grounds and buildings and plant flowers on the campus.

At Shorter College, Dr. Thornton and members of the faculty will give daily talks on the various phases of health and the students will conduct a clean-up campaign. It is planned to clean up the college property, paint and whitewash buildings and fences and finally to plant flowers about the grounds.

A similar program will be carried out at Philander Smith College, it was said.

An effort to extend the observance of the week to the entire state is being made by state health organizations. Miss Erle Chambers, executive secretary of the Arkansas Tuberculosis Association, yesterday received a shipment of booklets containing a program to be carried out throughout the United States, and will distribute these books to every county in the state.

Miss Chambers recently represented the National Tuberculosis Association at a conference at Tuskegee Institute, Alabama, at which the program was outlined. The National Negro Health Week was instituted at Tuskegee by Booker T. Washington 13 years ago.

Special programs are expected to be held in all the Little Rock negro schools April 5, the anniversary of the birth of Booker T. Washington, in honor his memory.



Canada.

Health Week - 1927

STAR

*Montreal Star*

MAR 31 1927

## OBSERVE NEGRO HEALTH WEEK HERE

Local Community Sets Aside  
Period from April 3  
to 10

In order to synchronize with a similar observance in the United States, Montreal's negro citizens will, under the auspices of the Negro Community Centre, observe National Negro Health Week, from April 3 to 10.

Rev. C. H. Este, pastor of the Union Congregational Church, will on Sunday, April 3, preach on Health, Spiritual and Physical, and a series of lectures on health and hygiene will be given by Doctors D. F. Gaspard and K. I. Melville, during the ensuing week.



Health Week - 1927  
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO

Colorado.

*Sage*  
MAR 31 1927

## Plan Health Drive For Negroes Here

Dr. I. E. Moore will conduct the annual National Negro Health week program in Colorado Springs from April 3 to 10. This program is under the auspices of the National Medical association, the Tuskegee Negro conference and the National Negro Business league, in cooperation with the United States Public Health service, state county and city health departments. This program has for its object the reduction of the high death rate among negroes and the teaching of higher standards of health and efficiency and to bring to the attention of negroes the value of health and the need for preventing communicable diseases.

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO. GAZETTE  
MARCH 31, 1927

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### Program.

April 3—All colored preachers will preach a sermon on "Health" at 11 a. m.

April 3, 8 p. m.—Dr. Moore will speak to men at Payne chapel on "Preventable Diseases and High Death Rate Among Negroes."

April 5—Dr. Moore will speak to women on "Women and Their Hygienic Duties," place to be announced later.

April 8—Dr. W. H. P. Westbrook of Denver will close the program with a mass meeting. Place to be announced later.



Health Week-1927

**COURANT**  
HARTFORD, CONN.

MAR 25 1927

## Negro Health Week Plans Formulated

Plans for observance of Negro Health Week by an educational campaign among the negro residents of the city were formulated at a conference of social workers of the city yesterday at the office of Dr. C. R. Botsford, superintendent of the city health department.

Health literature will be distributed among the negro population during the national campaign in the latter part of April and will be followed by personal calls by members of the several social agencies, it was decided.

A. J. Allison, negro representative on the Central Council of Social Workers, was named chairman of the campaign committee. S. M. Jenkins, secretary of the North End community branch of the Y. M. C. A. and Miss Mary Blade, chairman of the Negro Volunteer Workers, will assist Mr. Allison.

Miss Harriet Leck of the Visiting Nurse Association, Miss Elsie Packer of the Hartford Tuberculosis and Health Society, Miss Mary McGowan of the Hartford Dispensary and Miss Alice Locke of the Y. W. C. A. attended the conference and offered the assistance of their agencies.

**COURANT**  
HARTFORD, CONN.

MAR 24 1927

## Health Week Conference Called

Pointing out that April 3-10 has been set as Negro Health Week by Principal Moton of Tuskegee Institute acting with the National Negro Business League, Dr. Charles P. Botsford, superintendent of the municipal health department, has called a conference to be held at the office of the health board at 4 p. m., today, "to make plans for such notice of the event as may seem practicable for us in the limited time available."

Invitations have been sent to the following:

Rev. James A. Wright, Miss Edith Taylor, Miss Mary Blade, Dr. Allen F. Jackson, Dr. H. W. Furniss, Dr. D. F. Pughsley, Dr. F. A. Hinkson, S. M. Jenkins and A. J. Allison.

Miss Leck of the Visiting Nurse Association, Miss Packer of the Hartford Tuberculosis & Health Association and Miss Wright of the Hartford Dispensary are also expected to attend.

**COURANT**  
HARTFORD, CONN.

APR 2 1927

## Health Week To Be Held For Negroes

### Intensive Campaign, With Tuberculosis Prevention Chief Object, Outlined by Committee

National Negro Health Week will be observed in Hartford the week of April 3 to 10. Negroes of the city have made plans for an intensive campaign during the period, with tuberculosis prevention as the principal subject.

As the principal effort during the week, committees have been appointed to superintend a canvass of the negro districts to influence the residents to visit dentists and physicians for free physical examination. The doctors who have volunteered to do the work, and the hours during which they will give free examinations, follow:

#### List of Examiners.

Dentists: Dr. J. M. Bullock, No. 186 Windsor street, daily 10 to 11 a. m.; Dr. C. H. Hert, No. 353 Windsor avenue, Tuesday, 3 to 6 p. m.; Dr. F. A. Hinkson, No. 1337 Main street, Wednesday, 2 to 6 p. m.; Dr. D. F. Pughsley, No. 1271 Main street, daily 4 to 5 p. m.

Physicians: Dr. P. H. C. Arms, No. 201 Capen street, Wednesday, 3 to 4 p. m.; Dr. I. W. Cornwall, No. 35 Kennedy street, daily, except Monday 11 a. m. to 1 p. m.; Dr. H. W. Furniss, No. 1337 Main street, Wednesday 10 to 11 a. m.; Dr. A. F. Jackson, No. 353 Windsor avenue, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 2 to 3 p. m.

A committee composed of Rev. James A. Wright, Miss Edythe Taylor, Miss Mary Blade, Dr. Allen F. Jackson, Dr. H. W. Furniss, Dr. D. F. Pughsley, Dr. F. A. Hinkson, S. M. Jenkins, A. J. Allison, Miss Harriet Leck of the Visiting Nurse Association, Miss Elsie Packer of the Hartford Tuberculosis Society and representatives of the Hartford Dispensary and Y. W. C. A. met recently at the office of Dr. Charles P. Botsford, superintendent of the board of health, and outlined the campaign. A health exhibit is planned for the Community House and literature will be distributed.

#### Thirteenth Observance.

Dr. Allen F. Jackson addressed the Volunteer Workers in Social Service, who are taking the lead in spreading health information, Tuesday night on tuberculosis prevention.

This will be the thirteenth annual observance of Negro Health Week. The movement was started by the annual Tuskegee Negro Conference and is now conducted by it and the Na-

tional Negro Business League, in cooperation with the United States public health service, state, city and county health departments and other organizations.

**TIMES**  
HARTFORD, CONN.

APR 1 1927

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK PROGRAM

### Local Campaign on Tuberculosis Prevention.

Plans for the local campaign in national Negro health week, April 3 to 10, were outlined by a committee which met in the offices of the board of health Thursday. Dr. C. P. Botsford, superintendent of the office, was present. Hartford the campaign will center on tuberculosis prevention.

The committee was made up as follows: The Rev. James A. Wright, Miss Edythe Taylor, Miss Mary Blade, Dr. Allen F. Jackson, Dr. H. W. Furniss, Dr. D. F. Pughsley, Dr. F. A. Hinkson, S. M. Jenkins, A. J. Allison, Miss Harriet Leck, director of the Visiting Nurse association; Miss Elsie Packer, executive secretary of the Hartford Tuberculosis society, and representatives of the Hartford dispensary and the Y. W. C. A.

Four doctors and four dentists have set aside office hours, during the week, when they will examine patients who present cards which will be distributed by the volunteer social workers, who are taking a leading part in the work.

**TIMES**  
HARTFORD, CONN.

APR 5 1927

## DISCUSS FURTHER PLANS FOR NEGRO HEALTH WORK

The committee of local workers in National Negro Health Week will hold a meeting at the Community house on Avon street, to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock to discuss further activities for health promotion during the remainder of the week. Sunday, the first day of the week, over 1,000 cards giving free doctor and dentist appointments were distributed in the churches, by the Volunteer Social Service workers. The practicability of a house-to-house campaign will be considered.

A list of the doctors who have volunteered to give their services to further the work follow:

Dentists: Dr. J. M. Bullock, No. 186 Windsor street, daily 10 to 11 a. m.;

Dr. C. H. Hert, No. 353 Windsor avenue, Tuesday, 3 to 6 p. m.; Dr. F. A. Hinkson, No. 1337 Main street, Wednesday, 2 to 6 p. m.; Dr. D. F. Pughsley, No. 1271 Main street, daily 4 to 5 p. m.

Connecticut.

Physicians: Dr. P. H. C. Arms, No. 201 Capen street, Wednesday, 3 to 4 p. m.; Dr. I. W. Cornwall, No. 35 Kennedy street, daily, except Monday, 11 a. m. to 1 p. m.; Dr. H. W. Furniss, No. 1337 Main street, Wednesday, 10 to 11 a. m.; Dr. A. F. Jackson, No. 353 Windsor avenue, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 2 to 3 p. m.

**COURANT**  
HARTFORD, CONN.

APR 7 1927

## Plan a Distribution of Literature in Connection With Negro Health Week

As part of the program of National Negro Health Week, the committee of volunteer workers on social service met last night at the Avon street community house to consider additional activities toward health promotion, particularly the practicability of a house-to-house distribution of literature. No action, however, will be taken until Andrew J. Allison, executive secretary of the Women's League has checked up with the various doctors, who are acting as physical examiners, on the extent to which the medical examination cards, already distributed, have been used. Mr. Allison announces that future work in regard to the Negro Health program will be determined by the results of his check-up.

**PRESS**  
MIDDLETOWN, CONN.

APR 12 1927

## NATIONAL NEGRO HEALTH WEEK

The thirteenth annual observance of national negro health week, April 3 to 10, is under the auspices of the annual Tuskegee negro conference and the National Negro Business League. The U. S. Public Health Service actively cooperates, and state and local organizations are taking part.

A health week bulletin, prepared especially for this observance, can be had from the U. S. Public Health Service, Washington, or from Tuskegee Institute, Alabama. The Red Cross, among numerous national organizations, is doing its part to foster the purposes of this health week whose program emphasizes approved health practices and principles.



Health Week - 1927

WILMINGTON

DELAWARE

## CITY NEGROES TO OBSERVE HEALTH WEEK

In the interest of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, Robert G. Bagnall, director of branches, will speak tomorrow afternoon in Bethel A. M. E. Church. L. A. Redding is local president of the association.

The day will open National Negro Health Week Campaign in Delaware.

The program for the celebration follows: Tomorrow, Mobilization Day; Monday, April 4, Home Hygiene Day; Tuesday, April 5, Community Sanitation Day; Wednesday, April 6, Children's Health Day; Thursday, April 7, Adult Health Day; Friday, April 8, Special Campaign Day; Saturday, April 9, General Clean-Up Day; Sunday, April 10, Report and Follow-Up Day.

Among the suggestions made for the preservation of health are: Fresh air and sunlight, drinking six glasses of water, daily watching the diet, eating proper foods to promote disposal and wastes, sufficient exercise, proper amount of rest and food, proper clothing, watching for coughs and ills, discretion in treating oneself for ills, seeing a physician at least once a year, looking after the teeth and the observance of the three C's and three eights, be clean, careful and cheerful, work, play and sleep eight hours.

WILMINGTON

DELAWARE

APR 1 1927

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK PLANNED

Governor Robinson Urges  
Participation, Beginning  
Next Sunday

### SUGGESTIONS MADE FOR DOING CHORES

Every colored man, woman and child in Delaware is urged by Governor Robert P. Robinson to participate heartily in the observance of

Delaware

WILMINGTON

DELAWARE

APR 2 1927

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National Negro Health Week, which begins on Sunday, April 3, and continues through Sunday, April 10. The project, fostered by the National Negro Health Week committee, is supported and approved by the United States Public Health Service, the State and local boards of health and in Delaware is being stressed by the Delaware Anti-Tuberculosis Society, of which Miss Emily P. Bissell is president. In speaking of the matter, Governor Robinson said:

"Because of our desire to more successfully cut down the high death rate from tuberculosis among members of the Negro race, and place Delaware among the progressive commonwealths of the union, I earnestly wish that every colored man, woman and child would take part in this special week, doing the chores suggested and otherwise learning the value of hygiene, both personal and about the home, that will aid all to live longer and more comfortably."

Miss Irma V. Seeds, executive secretary of the Delaware Anti-Tuberculosis Society, this week will send pamphlets containing the suggested health chores to 8,000 colored children in Delaware. Miss Seeds also is sending to every colored school teacher suggestions to be taken to the parents of the children, looking towards a fitting observance of the week. Colored ministers are urged to refer to the observance of the week from their pulpits. The program for the celebration follows:

Sunday, April 2, Mobilization Day; Monday, April 4, Home Hygiene Day; Tuesday, April 5, Community Sanitation Day; Wednesday, April 6, Children's Health Day; Thursday, April 7, Adult Health Day; Friday, April 8, Special Campaign Day; Saturday, April 9, General Clean-Up Day; Sunday, April 10, Report and Follow-Up Day.

Among the suggestions made for the preservation of health are:

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Health Week - 1927

## HEALTH CAMPAIGN PLANNED

The observance of the National Negro Health Week will be conducted in the District of Columbia during the week of April 3-10.

The movement was originated by Booker T. Washington. Activities here will be under auspices of the National Medical Association, officers of the Howard University medical faculty and civic organizations.

## SELENA ROBINSON MOST PERFECT SCHOOL GIRL

WASHINGTON. — Miss Selena Robinson, of Shaw Junior High, was adjudged the most perfect student in the District secondary schools during the observance of Health Week, here, and was awarded a gold medal offered by the Chi Delta Mu Fraternity. Her percentage was 99.

Norman Johnson, also of Shaw, who took honors with 97 per cent as the most perfect boy.

Over fifty students were examined from the senior, junior high and normal schools by physicians and internes at the Howard University gymnasium, under the direction of Dr. Logan Horton, Dr. E. B. Henderson and Miss Reeves. The rating of the others who won special mention were: Alonza Aden, Armstrong, 93%; Mallie E. McClain, Armstrong, 92%; Althea Killingsworth, Dunbar, 89%; Henry Letcher, Armstrong, 87.5%.

## HEALTH WEEK OBSERVED IN LOCAL HIGH SCHOOLS

The observance of Health Week in the senior and junior high schools contributed much to the health of school children. Field day demonstrations in which practically the entire student body engaged in plays, games, dances and formal gymnastics, were held and were inspirational in their effect. Physical examinations of large numbers of children were completed and advice concerning removal of defects was given. Plays and playlets of the informational health type were given. Talks by pupils and posture tests and competitions were part of the program.

A new feature this year was the offer of a gold prize to the physically best boy and girl, and second best boy and girl in the senior, junior high and normal school,

according to the following measuring scales by the Chi Delta Mu fraternity. Fifty per cent was a possible high rating for perfection in a physical examination; twenty-five per cent was given for perfect posture rating, and 25 per cent was allowed for a perfect weight for age-height standard of the boy and girl.

### The System

The physical examination was given by the internes and doctors at Howard University gymnasium who rated the candidates. The candidates were given a letter rating for posture of A, B, C, D or E, by Miss Reeves of Howard for the girls, and Dr. Henderson for the boys and one point subtracted from twenty-five for each lower letter rating. For 2 pounds below weight and one point subtracted for each four pounds over weight. On this basis, the following were returned winners:

Boys—Norman Johnson, Shaw, 97 per cent; Alonza Aden, Armstrong, 93 per cent; Henry Letcher, Armstrong, eighty-seven and five-tenths per cent.

Girls—Selena Robinson, Shaw, ninety-nine per cent; Mallie L. McClain, Armstrong, ninety-two per cent; Althea Killingsworth, Dunbar, ninety-nine per cent.

The committee consisted of Dr. Logan W. Horton, Miss Reeves, Dr. H. B. Henderson, assisted by the physical training teachers of the schools entering the competition.

Over fifty students were examined and the results of the physical examination and data obtained will be used to guide health procedures for these students.

D.C.



Health Week-1927

## HEALTH CAMPAIGN PLANNED

The observance of the National Negro Health Week will be conducted in the District of Columbia during the week of April 3-10.

The movement was originated by Booker T. Washington. Activities here will be under auspices of the National Medical Association, officers of the Howard University medical faculty and civic organizations.

HEALD

WASHINGTON, D. C.

MAR 2 1927

# HEALTH WEEK PLAN OF COLORED BODIES

National Negro Health Week will be observed in Washington as part of a nation-wide observance starting Sunday, April 3, and continuing through April 10. Activities for the week will be under the direction of the local branch of the National Negro Medical Association, officers of the Howard University Medical School and colored civic organizations.

The health campaign program for the week is as follows: Sunday, April 3, mobilization day; Monday, home hygiene; Tuesday, community sanitation; Wednesday, children's health; Thursday and Friday, special campaign day; Saturday, general clean-up day; Sunday, April 10, when the campaign will close. Plans will be formed for carrying on the work during the year. Doctor Algernon B. Jackson, head of the health and hygiene department at Howard University, will have general direction of the health week in Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

MAR 2 1927

## WILL HOLD CAMPAIGN TO AID NEGRO HEALTH

Medical Group to Direct Activities

Week of April 3-10—Status

Here Termed Poor.

An educational campaign among the colored people of Washington will be conducted during the week of April 3-10, as this city's observance of National Negro Health week, a move-

ment instituted in 1914 by Booker T. Washington.

The activities in Washington will be conducted under the direction of the National Negro Medical Association, the officers of the Medical School of Howard University, and colored civic organizations.

According to Dr. Algernon B. Jackson, head of the Howard University medical department, health conditions among colored people in Washington are poorer than in most large cities. The death rate here among the people of his race, he contends, is three or four times higher than the white death rate and even above the mortality rate in other places. Lack of education as to means of acquiring and maintaining health, he believes, is partly responsible for the condition. Too many colored people, he said, live by the Oriental philosophy of fatalism, believing that if they are to have disease—particularly tuberculosis—there is no alternative.

The health education campaign program as outlined follows: Sunday, April 3, mobilization day; Monday, home hygiene; Tuesday, community sanitation; Wednesday, child health; Thursday and Friday, special campaign days; Saturday, general clean-up day, and Sunday, April 10, plans will be made to carry on the work inaugurated during the campaign week.

Dr. Jackson said this morning that improvement of health conditions among the colored race will constitute an asset in the economic welfare of the United States by lessening the danger of disease spread and by providing this country with a better equipped group of its citizens.

POST

WASHINGTON, D. C.

MAR 6 1927

## HEALTH CAMPAIGN PLANNED FOR NEGRO

At this city's observance of national negro health week an educational campaign among Washington colored people will be conducted during the week of April 3-10. The movement was originated by Booker T. Washington. Activities here will be under auspices of the National Medical association, officers of the Howard university medical faculty and negro civic organizations.

Dr. Algernon B. Jackson, of Howard university, has called attention to the high death rate among colored citizens of Washington. He expressed the belief that lack of education as to the means of acquiring and maintaining health is principally responsible for that condition. Many colored people, he said, are fatalistic, believing that if they have certain diseases, such as tuberculosis, there is no cure.

Subjects to be emphasized during the health week include home hygiene, community sanitation, child health and general cleaning. It is the belief of Dr. Jackson that improvement of conditions of health among negroes will prove an asset in the country's welfare by lessening the danger of spread of disease and by development of citizenry.

D.C.



Health Week - 1927

# National Negro Health Week Will Be Observed in the City

A vigorous campaign for the observance of National Negro Health Week, an institution originated by the late Dr. Booker T. Washington, will be initiated in Pensacola by the Academy of Medicine, presided over by Dr. J. L. Pickens, and composed of all negro physicians, dentists and pharmacists of the city.

The local Academy of Medicine asks the cooperation of the ministers, teachers, civic and welfare workers, and managers and foremen of the industrial plants of the city to the end that some tangible benefit may be felt from this movement. Some member of the Academy of Medicine will visit each school church and industrial plant to discuss some phase of hygiene and sanitation as it relates to local living conditions, during the first week in April.

The program as formed by the National Negro Business League and Annual Tuskegee Negro Conference is as follows:

## Sunday, April Third, Mobilization Day.

This is a day of meetings. Sermons should be preached in the morning by the various local ministers. In the afternoon there should be one or more mass meetings—one being adequate for rural community, town or small city, and several sectional mass meetings being desirable in large cities.

## Monday, April Fourth—Home Hygiene Day.

At various places where people assemble, both adults and children, talks should be given for the purpose of enlisting all homes in observance of Home Hygiene Day.

Heads of families should be urged to carry out all measures suggested for the establishment of a sanitary home. Suitable pamphlets should be distributed by various agencies. Talks on the sanitary homes should be given to the children in the schools, and circulars should be handed to them to take to their parents.

## Tuesday, April Fifth—Community Sanitation Day.

Talks, as upon Monday, should be given at business men's clubs, women's clubs, and in the schools to

urge the people to assist in the special work of the day.

Committees may obtain pamphlets with directions for carrying on this work most effectively by writing to the State Department of Health.

At meetings on Community Sanitation Day, April 5, some part of the exercises may be properly devoted to a commemoration of the birthday of Booker T. Washington, the founder of National Negro Health Week.

## Wednesday, April Sixth, Children's Health Day.

Talks for children in the schools should be given special attention on this day, and at various meetings of adults, parents should be urged to cooperate with schools. Clinics should be established in every school for the examination of children, both those who have entered school and those of pre-school age. Such examinations will reveal defects which may cause great sufferings in later years if they are not remedied. All children should be vaccinated against smallpox and being adequate for rural community, town or small city, and several sectional mass meetings being desirable in large cities.

## Thursday, April Seventh, Adults' Health Day.

Talks should be given before all organizations of business men, women's clubs and civic agencies which hold regular or special meetings on this day.

The special aim of these talks should be to interest all adults in the health examination. It should be pointed out that many adults, as well as children, have conditions which, while they may not be apparent, constitute a menace to the individual's health and tend to shorten his life.

## Friday, April Eighth—Special Campaign Day.

A survey under the general direc-

tion of the community's central committee, even though it be hurried and superficial, will probably reveal the existence of some special disease menace in every community. In some cities and towns it may be malaria, in others it may be tuberculosis or hookworm disease, in still others it may be the venereal diseases.

On this day an opportunity should be afforded for the inauguration of a program of measures directed especially against the particular disease which appears most dangerous to the community.

Talks should be given before various organizations of adults, at business houses, and in schools and colleges regarding the control of this special disease.

## Saturday, April Ninth—General Clean-Up Day.

This is a day for general cleaning up. Homes, school houses, halls, other public buildings and their surroundings should be thoroughly cleaned. On this day, gather and burn all rubbish and trash. Rubbish that is not burned should be placed in garbage cans to be collected by street cleaners.

It would be helpful to give talks on the value of keeping homes, yards, public buildings and communities clean all the year. Make plans for special cleaning at stated times during the year. The cooperation of local health boards and city authorities should be solicited to help in this movement.

## Sunday, April Tenth—Report and Follow-up Day.

The central committee should hold its final meeting of the week on Sunday noon or other hours to plans ways and means by which the results of the week's work may be conserved and to complete plans for a mass meeting to be held, Sunday night.

The purpose of the mass meeting is to win the support of the citizens of the community in the development of a more adequate program of health measures through the year.

Florida.

PENSACOLA, FLA., News

MAR 25 1927

## Negro Health Week Will Be Observed

Miami, March 25.—(AP)—Negroes of Florida, during the week of March 27-April 2, will observe National Negro Health Week, in cooperation with the United States Public Health Service, and the various local health organizations. Sermons will open the observance, followed with lectures on sanitation.

operation with the United States Public Health Service, and the various local health organizations. Sermons will open the observance, followed with lectures on sanitation.

APR 5 1927

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK BEING OBSERVED BY STATE HEALTH DEPT

In accordance with celebration of the thirteenth Annual Negro Health Week, April 3-10, health conferences and meetings will be held in churches, schools and community centers following the plans for each day suggested in the bulletins issued by the United States Public Health Service for this year's celebration as follows:

- Sunday—Mobilization.
- Monday—Home Hygiene.
- Tuesday—Community Sanitation.
- Wednesday—Child Health.
- Friday—Special Campaign.

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK OPENS ON APRIL 3

The observance of National Negro Health week starts today with addresses by the local colored physicians at the various churches. This is a national institution and is being fostered locally by the Pensacola Academy of Medicine, of which Dr. J. Lee Pickens is president and Dr. Edward F. Aarons, Jr., is chairman. The U. S. Public Health Service actively cooperates, and State and

local organizations are taking part. Health Week Bulletin, prepared especially for this observance, can be had from the U. S. Public Health Service, Washington, or from the Tuskegee Institute, Alabama. The Red Cross, among numerous national organizations, is doing its part to further the purposes of this health week, whose program emphasizes approved health practices and principles.

Miami, Fla. Herald

## NEGRO CLEAN-UP IS ON TOMORROW

### Blue Overalls To Be Worn By Workers In Parade.

The negro section's clean-up-week will get under way tomorrow with a parade of members of the negro Chamber of Commerce and citizens interested in the work. New blue overalls will be the official garb of chamber members and working tools will be carried.

The line of march will be from the chamber of commerce headquarters at 926 N. W. Third avenue north to Twentieth Street, west to Sixth avenue, south to Fourteenth street, east to Second avenue, south to Sixth street, west to Third avenue and north to the starting point.

The negro Chamber of Commerce is also making a membership drive in order to enlarge its scope of service. G. C. Scavilla is leading a committee in the clean-up campaign. City health and sanitary officials are encouraging the chamber in its efforts.

PENSACOLA, FLA.,

APR 3 1927

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK WILL BE OBSERVED HERE

### Colored Physicians to Speak Today in Churches.

The observance of National Negro Health week starts today with addresses by the local colored physicians at the various churches. This is a national institution and is being fostered locally by the Pensacola Academy of Medicine, of which Dr. J. Lee Pickens is president and Dr. Edward F. Aarons, Jr., is chairman. The U. S. Public Health Service actively cooperates, and State and

Dr. T. L. Long, St. Cyprian's and Shiloah, "The Necessity of Good Teeth to Health." All of these men are to speak today at eleven o'clock. On Monday morning the physicians, dentists and pharmacists will form a motorcade and visit the schools in a body.



Florida.

# Health Week - 1927 National Negro Health Week Will Be Observed in the City

A vigorous campaign for the observance of National Negro Health Week, an institution originated by the late Dr. Booker T. Washington at the Academy of Medicine, composed of all negro physicians, dentists and pharmacists of the city.

The local Academy of Medicine asks the cooperation of the ministers, teachers, civic and welfare workers, and managers and foremen of the industrial plants of the city to the end that some tangible benefit may be felt from this movement.

Some member of the Academy of Medicine will visit each school church and industrial plant to discuss some phase of hygiene and sanitation as it relates to local living conditions, during the first week in April.

The program as formed by the National Negro Business League and Annual Tuskegee Negro Conference Sunday, April Third, Mobilization Day.

This is a day of meetings. Sermons should be preached in the morning by the various local ministers. In the afternoon there should be one or more mass meetings—one being adequate for rural community, town or small city, and several sectional mass meetings being desirable in large cities.

**Monday, April Fourth—Home Hygiene Day.**

At various places where people assemble, both adults and children, talks should be given for the purpose of enlisting all homes in observance of Home Hygiene Day.

Heads of families should be urged to carry out all measures suggested for the establishment of a sanitary home. Suitable pamphlets should be distributed by various agencies. Talks on the sanitary homes should be given to the children in the schools, and circulars should be handed to them to take to their parents.

**Tuesday, April Fifth—Community Sanitation Day.**

Talks, as upon Monday, should be given at business men's clubs, women's clubs, and in the schools to

urge one people to assist in the special work of the day.

Committees or teams of men should make a systematic attack upon the places where water may collect and become stagnant for the purpose of breeding of mosquitoes.

At meetings on Community Sanitation Day, April 5, some part of the exercises may be properly devoted to a commemoration of the birthday of Booker T. Washington.

**Wednesday, April Sixth, Children's Health Day.**

Talks for children in the schools should be given special attention on this day, and at various meetings of adults, parents should be urged to cooperate with schools.

Every school for the examination of children, both those who have entered school and those of pre-school age. Such examinations will reveal the defects which may cause great suffering in later years if they are not remedied. All children should be vaccinated against smallpox and being adequate for rural community, town or small city, and several sectional mass meetings being desirable in large cities.

**Thursday, April Seventh, Adults' Health Day.**

Talks should be given before all organizations of business men, women's clubs and civic agencies which hold regular or special meetings or this day.

The special aim of these talks should be to interest all adults in the health examination. It should be pointed out that many adults, as well as children, have conditions which, while they may not be apparent, constitute a menace to the individual's health and tend to shorten his life.

**Friday, April Eighth—Special Campaign Day.**

A survey under the general direc-

tion of the community's central committee, even though it be hurried and superficial, will probably reveal the existence of some special disease menace in every community. In some cities and towns it may be malaria, in others it may be tuberculosis or hookworm disease, in still others it may be the venereal diseases.

On this day an opportunity should be afforded for the inauguration of a program of measures directed especially against the particular diseases which appears most dangerous to the community.

Talks should be given before various public health service, and the various organizations of adults, at business houses, and in schools and colleges regarding the control of this widespread disease.

**Saturday, April Ninth—General Clean-Up Day.**

This is a day for general cleaning up. Homes, school houses, halls, other public buildings and their surroundings should be thoroughly cleaned. On this day, gather and burn all rubbish and trash. Rubbish in garbage cans to be collected by street cleaners.

It would be helpful to give talks on the value of keeping homes, yards, public buildings and communities clean all the year. Make plans for special cleaning at stated times during the year. The cooperation of local health boards and city authorities should be solicited to help in this movement.

**Sunday, April Tenth—Report and Follow-up Day.**

The central committee should hold its final meeting of the week on Sunday noon or other hours to plans ways and means by which the results of the week's work may be conserved and to complete plans for a mass meeting to be held, Sunday night.

The purpose of the mass meeting is to win the support of the citizens of the community in the development of a more adequate program of health measures throughout the year.

## Negro Health Week Will Be Observed

Miami, March 25.—(AP)—Negro Health Week, during the week of March 27-April 2, will observe National Negro Health Week, in cooperation with the United States Public Health Service, and the various local health organizations. Sermons will open the observance, for lectures on sanitation.

## BEING OBSERVED BY STATE HEALTH DEPT

In accordance with celebration of the thirteenth Annual Negro Health Week, April 3-10, health conferences and meetings will be held in churches, schools and communities following the plans for each published in the bulletins issued by the United States Public Health Service for this year's celebration as follows:

**Sunday—Mobilization.**  
**Monday—Home Hygiene.**  
**Tuesday—Community Sanitation.**  
**Wednesday—Child Health.**  
**Friday—Special Campaign.**

## NEGRO CLEAN-UP IS ON TOMORROW

**Blue Overalls To Be Worn By Workers In Parade.**

The negro section's clean-up-week will get under way tomorrow with a parade of members of the negro Chamber of Commerce and citizens interested in the work. New blue overalls will be the official garb of chamber members and working tools will be carried.

The line of march will be from the chamber of commerce headquarters at 226 N. W. Third avenue north to Twentieth street, west to Sixth avenue, south to Fourteenth street, west to Second avenue, south to Sixth street, west to Third avenue and north to the starting point.

The negro Chamber of Commerce is also making a membership drive in order to enlarge its scope of service. It is leading a city-wide clean-up campaign, city and sanitary officials are encouraging the chamber in its efforts.

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK WILL BE OBSERVED HERE

**Colored Physicians to  
Speak Today in  
Churches.**

The observance of National Negro Health week starts today with addresses by the local colored physicians at the various churches. This is a national institution and is being fostered locally by the Pensacola Academy of Medicine, of which Dr. J. Lee Pickens is president and Dr. Edward F. Aarons, Jr., is chairman of the general health week committee.

All pastors of colored churches are asked for their hearty cooperation in this movement to the end that they will give the doctors an audience when they appear at the respective churches to deliver the addresses as scheduled. The program: Dr. H. D. Goode, Allen Chapel, subject, "Pyorrhoea or Riggs Disease;" Dr. E. C. Moon, Big Zion, Baptist, "Children's Health;" H. L. Dixon, Phc. Mt. Zion, "Community Sanitation;" Dr. A. S. Magee, Bethel A. M. church, "General Cleanliness and Sanitation;" Dr. A. A. Dixon, Housers' Chapel, "Home Hygiene;" Olive, "Adult Health and Life Extension;" Dr. T. L. Long,rians and Shiloah, "The Necessity of Good Teeth to Health."

All of these men are to speak today at eleven o'clock. On Monday morning the physicians, dentists and pharmacists will form a motorcade and visit the schools in a body.



Miami Fla. Herald

MAR 22 1927  
**NEGRO HEALTH WEEK  
WILL BE OBSERVED**

Colored Residents of Miami Are  
Planning Numerous Ad-  
dresses On Sanitation.

Negroes of Miami will observe National Negro Health Week beginning next Sunday, it was announced yesterday by James U. H. Simms, secretary of the Miami branch of the Negro National Business league, with headquarters at 541 N. W. Twentieth street. Simms also is general chairman of the health week plans for Miami.

Simms announced that the observance here would be in co-operation with the United States Public Health service and the city of Miami Department of Health. The week will be launched with sermons in negro churches next Sunday and these will be followed with lectures on sanitation and health in negro schools of the city during the week.

A demonstration of cleaning up a city will be given under auspices of the National Negro Business league, Miami branch, at Liberty City during the week. Simms declared that all unsightly spots in Liberty City will be removed and the place will be a shining example of what Negro determination can accomplish.

Officers of the Miami branch of the National Negro Business league include James E. Scott, president; W. L. Green, vice president; H. Brooks, chairman of district No. 1; Clifford Jones, chairman of District No. 2, and W. L. Green, chairman of District No. 3.

Miami—Negroes of Florida, during the week of Mar. 27-April 2, will observe National Negro Health Week, in co-operation with the United States Public Health Service, and the various local health organizations. Sermons will open the observance, followed with lectures on sanitation.

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Miami Fla. Herald

APR 3 1927

**DOCTORS TO TALK  
ON HEALTH WEEK**

Children In Washington School  
Will Learn Hygiene.

National Negro Health Week will be observed at the Booker T. Washington High school, beginning tomorrow. Clinics will be established in the school for the examination of children of school and pre-school age with Dr. F. D. Mouson in charge. Miami druggists, physicians and dentists will speak at the school Friday on quackery and nostrums.

Dr. W. A. Chapman will speak at 11:10 a. m. tomorrow at the school. Tuesday Dr. J. L. Bass will speak in commemoration of Booker T. Washington, founder of health week. Edna Simms and Elliott Piez also will speak. Wednesday, Children's Health day will be observed with Dr. J. Harvey Smith as speaker; Thursday, Dr. N. R. Benjamin will lecture, and speakers Friday will be Dr. A. J. Kershaw, Dr. J. R. Scott and Dr. Mouson.

Miami, Fla.

APR 5 1927

**NEGRO SECTIONS  
GIVEN CLEANUP  
IN HEALTH WEEK**

**City Officials Take Lead  
in Improving Sanitary  
Conditions**

National negro health week, April 3 to 10, is being observed in Miami by giving the negro sections of the city the most thorough cleaning they have had in many years, according to city officials.

Under direction of J. W. Davis, chief of the sanitation bureau, the clean-up campaign was begun early and 220 truckloads of trash had been removed from these sections before the official opening of the week, as designated by the United States public health service.

Before the work is completed, Mr. Davis estimates 350 truckloads of refuse will have been hauled from the negro districts and both the sanitary condition and appearance of these sections will be greatly improved. Fire hazards also will be reduced, it is said.

Mary G. Fraser, supervisor of nurses, praised Miami doctors for the volunteer work that is being done to reduce Miami's negro death rate, which is higher than the average, although the white death rate is below the national average.

"Many physicians are giving clinic time to this work," Miss Fraser said, "and are assisting in all kinds of preventive work. We now have only one nurse for negro cases, but with the volunteer aid, we hope for marked improvement in the health conditions among Miami's negroes. The negro death rate in Miami last year was one of the highest in the country."

MIAMI, FLA.

Herald  
MAR 23 1927

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**COLORED CITIZENS  
CATCH CLEANUP SPIRIT**

Measures taken to Create  
Better Health  
Conditions.

Last week was observed as clean up week in the colored settlements throughout the county. The transformation in colored town at Fells-mere and at the spillway in Vero Beach is most commendable.

Committees have been organized among the citizens and the renovation is being done systematically and effectively. Garbages has been removed and all unsightly accumulations of trash, tin cans and rubbish have been cleared up in the quarters.

The idea was adopted readily by the colored citizens when it was impressed upon them that their own health and that of the community in general depended upon clean, sanitary conditions everywhere.

Many colored people own or are buying their homes and take a commendable pride in their houses,

schools and churches. The season has been a profitable one for the colored workers and they are able to afford better living accommodations than here tofore.



Health Week - 1927

## UNITED STATES PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

National Negro Health Week to B  
Observed April 3-10, 1927

The week of April 3 to 10th 1927 has been set aside for the thirteenth observance of National Negro Health Week. State and municipal health departments, voluntary health organizations, and numerous other agencies interested in race welfare and advancement are cooperating with the U. S. Public Health Service in a determined effort to improve health and living conditions.

As a first step in this widespread campaign, the Public Health Service announces the preparation and issuance of the annual National Negro Health Week Bulletin. This publication outlines effective methods of instituting and successfully carrying out the program of the Health Week. It is designed primarily for churches, schools, fraternal organizations, welfare societies and other groups interested in community progress and race betterment, and contains, in addition to methods for organizing the programs for Health Week, information and sources of materials of value for Health Week work.

It is the plan of the campaign to set aside each day of the week for special observance of some phase of health work. Sunday, April 3, will be Mobilization Day; Monday, April 4, Home Hygiene Day; Tuesday, April 5, Community Sanitation Day; Wednesday, April 6, Children's Health Day; Thursday, April 7, Adults' Health Day; Friday, April 8, Special Campaign Day; Saturday, April 9, General Clean-up Day; Sunday, April 10, Report and Follow-up Day.

In addition to the Bulletin there is being distributed this year a specially prepared poster which gives in brief and interesting form, the various rules of health and appropriate information which has for a number of years contributed to the success of National Negro Health Week. This poster is a beautifully printed three-color illustration, and

it is the aim of the committee in charge of this activity to have a copy placed in every home.

The poster is being issued in a very limited edition for free distribution. Single copies or quantities of the poster or bulletin may be purchased at nominal cost from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C.

Health officials, race leaders, and others interested in the successful promotion of this observance can secure copies of the Bulletin or additional information as to the proposed plan of the Health Week by writing the U. S. Public Health Service, Washington, D. C., or to the Headquarters of the National Negro Health Week Committee, Tuskegee, Alabama.

## HEALTH PLAY AT STAR THEATRE

To Feature Negro Health Week

It has been officially announced by the chairman of the Public Program Committee of the Better Health Association that the fourth annual Health Play and Program, featuring "Negro Health Week," will be given this year at the Star Theatre, West Broad St.

The program is about completed, except for the music. The cast in the Health Plays consist of the leading talents in Cuyler and Beach High Schools. Mr. W. A. Dixon, assisted by other teachers is directing the plays. Most of the minor parts are acted by members of Science Club. Talulah King, "Fresh Air Farie," Chrisola Williams, Mary Lou, and Wilbur Haven, Billy have the leading roles in the play entitled "Good Health Fairies."

"Where's my Tooth Brush?" charity prepared poster which gives in brief an interesting form the various rules of health and appropriate information which has for a number of years contributed to the success of National Negro Health Week. This poster is a beautifully printed three-color illustration, and

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General.

## UNITED STATES PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

NATIONAL NEGRO HEALTH WEEK TO BE OBSERVED APRIL 3rd to 10th, 1927

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THIRTEENTH ANNUAL NEGRO HEALTH WEEK TO BE OBSERVED APRIL 3-10

Health Week Slogan For 1927— "More Negro Health Work."

In accord with the resolutions of the National Negro Business League, and in cooperation with the Annual Tuskegee Negro Conference and other influential organizations, this observance is extended to the following agencies and organizations to unite in the observance of the thirteenth Annual National Negro Health Week, from April 3, through April 10.

The United States Public Health Service, The National Health Council, The National Medical Association, The National Tuberculosis Association, The National Association of Graduate Nurses, The National Organization for Public Health Nursing, The American Red Cross, The American Social Hygiene Association, The National Child Welfare Association, The American child Health Association, The National Health Circle for Colored People, The National Clean-up and Faint-up Bureau, The National Federation of Colored Women's Clubs, The National League on Urban Conditions, The Commission on Inter-racial Co-operation, The Young Men's and Young Women's Christian Association, The National Association of Teachers in Colored Schools, The Associated Negro Press, The National Negro Press Association, The State Boards of Health, City Boards of Health, State Medical Associations, Annual Church Con-

ferences and Associations, Fraternal Organizations, Insurance Companies, Farmers Conferences, Local School and churches. The Twelfth Annual National Negro Health Week was more widely observed than any preceding Health Week, and secured a more general interest in, and understanding of health problems and Health education among Negroes than any preceding Health Week observance. Greater results are expected from the Thirteenth Annual Negro Health Week. The United States Public Health Service has again prepared the Health Week Bulletin. It is ready for distribution and copies of the same may be secured by application to the United States Public Health Service, Washington, D. C., or of Tuskegee Institute, Alabama. Suggestions for a sermon on Health Week have been prepared. Copies of the same may be secured by application to Tuskegee Institute. It has been decided to stress this year as last year the building of sanitary toilets. How a Community May Get Ready For Health Week. The civic agency, or the church, or the individual man or woman desirous of bringing about the effective observance of Negro Health Week should endeavor to win the support of all public-spirited agencies in the community. If there is an official health department in the county or city, the executive officer of that agency should be consulted first. He is the logical person to assume the leadership and to call together representatives of all other agencies. If there is no official health agency in the community, the medical society, or a civic organization, or possibly a church may issue a call for a conference. To this preliminary meeting, there should be invited representatives of all health agencies, including medical societies and nurses' organizations, also representatives of the schools, the churches, the chambers of commerce, Rotary, Kiwanis, Lions, and other business men's groups, women's clubs, fraternal orders, and all interested organizations. A central



committee should be organized. Officers should be elected, committees appointed and definite plans decided upon for an effective participation in Health Week during April and for the development of a program of health work to continue throughout the year.

It will be well if the central committee can arrange a health survey of the community to determine what diseases and defects are most responsible for the community's ill health. While a thorough, systematic study may not be possible on short notice and without assistance from State or national organizations, it will usually be practicable for the central committee to conduct a brief, though careful study of the local situation to determine what diseases should be given first consideration in the week's campaign. In some rural districts it may be hookworm disease, in other communities it may be tuberculosis and in still others the venereal diseases. These special problems, whatever they be, should be given special consideration. But, in addition, plans should be made for a vigorous attack upon all the disease enemies of the community.

Probably two kinds of committees should be appointed. First, there should be a committee for each of the eight days of the Health Week program—a Mobilization Day Committee, a Home Hygiene Day Committee, a Community Sanitation Day Committee, a Children's Health Day Committee, Adults' Health Day Committee, Special Campaign Day Committee, General Clean-Up Day Committee and Report and Follow-Up Day Committee. In addition, there may well be an educational committee to see that pamphlets, lantern slides, exhibits, and other materials are available for all the various kinds of meetings held on each one of these days; a committee of sanitary measures to offer expert advice in regard to the cleaning up of homes, the destroying of flies and mosquitoes, and similar sanitary measures, as well as to offer assistance to the committees having charge of the various daily programs; and a committee on medical measures to offer expert advice on the establishment of clinics and the development of other medical measures.

The central committee itself, or a special sub-committee, may arrange various special functions such as a mass meeting at the beginning and another at the end of Health Week, a health play, or a health show. In addition, there may be prizes for essays by school children, prizes for the healthiest boy and girl in the community, prizes for the cleanest dairy, and prizes for the most effective work in community sanitation. No one at a distance can determine just what kind of an organization each community will need. Some central committees may wish to adopt the above suggestions in full; probably a great many will wish to adopt them only in part.

#### The Program

The events for each of the various days of Health Week should be in charge of a separate committee, and each committee should be appointed early, so it may have plenty of time to make its plans and arrange a successful program of work.

#### Sunday, April Third, Mobilization Day

This is a day of meetings. Sermons should be preached in the morning by the various local ministers. In the afternoon there should be one or more mass meetings—one being adequate for rural community, town or small city, and several sectional mass meetings being desirable in large cities.

#### Monday, April Fourth—Home Hygiene Day

At various places where people assemble, both adults and children talks, should be given for the purpose of enlisting all homes in observance of Home Hygiene Day.

Heads of families should be urged to carry out all measures suggested for the establishment of a sanitary home. Suitable pamphlets should be distributed by various agencies. Talks on the sanitary homes should be given to the children in the schools, and circulars should be handed to them to take to their parents.

#### Tuesday, April Fifth—Community Sanitation Day

Talks, as upon Monday, should be given at business men's clubs, women's clubs, and in the schools to urge the people to assist in the special work of the day.

Committees or teams of men should

make a systemic attack upon all marshes, swamps and other places where water may collect and become stagnant for the purpose of draining such places and preventing the breeding of mosquitoes. Committees may be organized to inspect the community by writing to the State Department of Health, carrying on this work most effectively.

At meetings on Community Sanitation Day, April 5, some part of the exercises may be properly devoted to a commemoration of the birthday of Booker T. Washington, The Founder of National Negro Health Week. Wednesday, April Sixth Children's Health Day

Talks for children in the schools should be given special attention on this day, and at various meetings of adults, parents should be urged to co-operate with schools. Clinics should be established in every school for the examination of children, both those who have entered school and those of pre-school age. Such examinations will reveal defects which may cause great sufferings in later years if they are not remedied. All children should be vaccinated against small pox and toxin; anti-toxin as a preventive of diphtheria (when indicated) should be applied as a matter of regular procedure. Teeth should be examined and defects remedied. Enlarged or diseased tonsils and adenoids should be removed when in the opinion of the physician they are a source of danger.

#### Thursday, April Seventh Adults' Health Day

Talks should be given before all organizations of business men, women's clubs and civic agencies which hold regular or special meetings on this day.

The special aim of these talks should be to interest all adults in health examination. It should be pointed out that many adults, as well as children, have conditions which while they may not be apparent, constitute a menace to the individual's health and tend to shorten his life.

#### Friday, April Eighth—Special Campaign Day

A survey under the general direction of the community's central committee, even though it be hurried and

superficial, will probably reveal the existence of some special disease menace in every community. In some cities and towns it may be malaria; in others it may be tuberculosis or hookworm disease, in still others it may be the venereal diseases.

On this day an opportunity should be afforded for the inauguration of a program of measures directed especially against the particular disease which appears most dangerous to the community.

Talks should be given before various organizations of adults, at business houses, and in schools and colleges regarding the control of this special disease.

#### Saturday, April Ninth—General Clean-Up Day

This is a day for general cleaning up. Homes, schools, houses, halls, other public buildings and their surroundings should be thoroughly cleaned. On this day, gather and burn all rubbish and trash. Rubbish that is not burned should be placed in garbage cans to be collected by street cleaners.

It would be helpful to give talks on the value of keeping homes, yards, public buildings and communities clean all the year. Make plans for special cleaning at stated times during the year. The co-operation of local health boards and city authorities should be solicited to help in this movement.

#### Sunday, April Tenth—Report and Follow-up Day

The central committee should hold its final meeting of the week on Sunday noon or other hours to plan ways and means by which the results of the week's work may be conserved and to complete plans for a mass meeting to be held Sunday night.

The purpose of the mass meeting is to win the support of the citizens of the community in the development of a more adequate program of health measures through the year.

Tuskegee Institute Will Welcome suggestions for making the campaign a success, and will be glad to co-operate with individuals or groups in making their plans for the week.

Address:

R. R. Moton, Principal  
Tuskegee Institute, Alabama

## Carry The Health Week Over The Year

Now that there was fairly general observance of Health Week throughout the country let the gospel of health spread over the entire year. The most essential duty in health building is that each individual guard his own health and the health of his family as far as is humanly possible. Health Weeks and Clean-up campaigns have their purpose. They stimulate attention to personal health for the time being, but it is the daily safeguards against sickness and disease that must win this fight of ours to live longer and better.

Before moving into a home the head of the family should observe its arrangements for sanitation. If the rooms do not admit of sunlight, are stuffy or damp, they are dead at any price because they will be lived in at the risk of health and life. It is the poorest kind of thrift to live in dilapidated and unsanitary homes because of low rental, while paying a trifle more might promote the health and happiness of the family.

4-9-27



## Health Week - 1927

### NATIONAL NEGRO HEALTH WEEK

During the week of April 3 to 10, Negro Health Week will be observed. The observance of such a week is under the auspices of the Annual Tuskegee Negro Conference and the National Negro Business League, in connection with various state health departments.

Dr. Roscoe C. Brown, chairman of committee that has the outlining of the plans for Negro Health Week says: "The success of Negro Health Week in any community will depend entirely upon the degree of intensive organization perfected. To reach the rank and file of men, women, and children with the important messages of Negro Health Week requires carefully planned programs."

A program of health habits for children is re-printed here from National Negro Health Week Bulletin that was issued by the United States Public Health Service, Washington, D. C.

1. Eat three warm, wholesome meals regularly each day, with no candy or sweets between meals. Sit down to eat, chewing food thoroughly, eating slowly.

2. Every day eat some fruit, and two or three vegetables, including one green or leafy vegetable. At every meal eat some whole-grain bread or cereals.

3. Drink at least one pint of milk each day, but no tea or coffee.

5. Sleep the number of hours indicated below, well covered, with the bedroom windows opened wide: children 4 and 5 should sleep at least 12 hours each night; children 6 and 7 should sleep 11½ hours each night; children 8 and 9 should sleep 11 hours each night; children 10 and 11 should sleep 10½ hours each night; children 12 and 13 should sleep 10 hours each night.

6. All children should have at least two hours of play in the fresh air daily. Children in the elementary grades need much more. When the weather does not permit going out of doors, they should play indoors with the windows open.

7. A natural bowel movement every day (in the morning preferably) should be had.

8. Brushing the teeth at least once a day (twice preferably), especially before going to bed is very essential.

9. A full tub or sponge bath at least once a week. (Warm water should be used wherever possible and plenty of soap should always be used.)

10. Wash the hands before eating and after going to the toilet.

11. Always carry a handkerchief and be careful to protect other people by holding it over the mouth and the nose and bowing the head when coughing or sneezing. These rules are recommended to the children for their health.

## NATIONAL NEGRO HEALTH WEEK

### TO BE OBSERVED FIRST WEEK IN APRIL

### Special Plans Should Be Made By Both Local and National Committees

By Algeron B. Jackson, M. D., Director Department of Public Health Howard University, Washington, D. C. (For A. N. P.)

The week of April 3-10 has been set apart as National Negro Health Week. This period includes the birthday, April 5 of the immortal Booker T. Washington, who originated and made practical the idea which is becoming of greater importance and value to the Negro and America each year. Should there be a doubt in the mind of any citizens of any city as to the need of stressing the importance of this week in your city, call upon the local board of health or ask your physician to do so for you and learn the difference last year between the death rates of whites and colored ed there.

Throughout the United States the difference between the death rates of white and colored people is so constant that the matter of error in statistics is reduced to the minimum. It is not very pleasant to have the fact of our unhealthfulness and untimely deaths dangled before us constantly, but the condition does exist, and if ever there is to be any improvement, we must each and all regard it our especial and particular business to correct it. What we must do is to develop the health consciousness and make health getting and keeping the most fashionable pastime in which our race can possibly engage. Also we must come to realize that health, positive health is the basis upon which we as a race must build in order to gain that social, economic, and political emancipation for which we are all hoping.

Liberty to the Negro in America

can come only as the result of continually fighting for it. A sick people weighed down by untimely death is neither aggressive nor progressive. Give us a people who are aflame with that virility, stamina, and urge which come from good health and its consequent long life, and we shall have liberty in spite of all anyone can do to prevent us enjoying all the American has to offer us. Without health there can be no liberty.

While in a great measure the colored citizens are themselves to blame for their poor health and high death rate, the entire fault is not theirs. However active or interested our leaders are (and they never overwork themselves) in attempting a campaign of education and sanitation toward bringing relief to our great untutored masses, they stand almost helpless in the face of municipal inactivity and indifference. Public Health—which theoretically at least—includes the health of our colored citizens is the business of the municipality and the officials chosen to carry out its edicts. Up to this moment the colored citizens of this and other cities throughout our nation usually get the by-products of municipal machinery, and the sick and death rate among our people most certainly must be charged up—at least partially—to a measure of indifference and inefficiency on the part of the local health bureau. The lack of proper hospitalization for Tuberculosis and other contagious diseases, unsanitary living conditions, failure from investigation and correction, together with the general tendency to neglect colored neighborhoods, surely are weak spots in the local health code which demand a more human attitude scientifically applied

General.

Without a doubt this must be done if we ever hope to bring our high mortality among this neglected group on a par with the whites.

Any and all movements to get better health among Negroes must be started by Negroes themselves and pushed with a vigor which gets action from the municipality, or the whole program breaks down. However, any attempt to make National Negro Health Week effectual in your city should not be regarded as merely

a racial measure, but one of deep civic significance and importance to our whole population. The movement should awake the civic patriotism of every citizen in this city, not from a humanitarian standpoint certainly from man's most elemental emotion—fear and self preservation. For no city in America is bigger house sick Negroes and healthy whites without terrific cost to both, in that the germs of disease except in rare instances play no favorites.

### Thirteenth Annual Negro Health Week

To Be Observed April 3-10;  
Health Week Slogan for 1927,  
"More Negro Health Work"

In accord with the resolutions of the National Negro Business League, and in co-operation with the Annual Tuskegee Negro Conference and other influential organizations, this invitation is extended to the following agencies and organizations to unite in the observance of the thirteenth Annual National Negro Health Week, from April 3, through April 10.

The United States Public Health Service, The National Health Council, The National Medical Association, The National Tuberculosis Association, The National Association of Graduate Nurses, The National Organization for Public Health Nursing, The American Red Cross, The American Social Hygiene Association, The National Child Welfare Association, The American Child Health Association, The National Health Circle for Colored People, The National Clean-up and Paint-up Bureau, The National Federation of Colored Women's Clubs, The National League on Urban

Conditions. The Commission on Inter-racial Co-operation, The Young Men's and Young Women's Christian Association, The National Association of Teachers in Colored Schools, The Associated Negro Press, The National Negro Press Association, The State Boards of Health, City Boards of Health, State Medical Associations, Annual Church Conferences and Associations, Fraternal Organizations, Insurance Companies, Farmers Conferences, Local Schools and Churches.

The Twelfth Annual National Negro Health Work was more widely observed than any preceding Health Week, and secured a more general interest in, and understanding of Health problems, and Health education among Negroes than any preceding Health Week observance. Greater results are expected from the Thirteenth Annual Negro Health Week. The United States Public Health Service has again prepared the Health Week Bulletin. It is ready for distribution and copies of the same may be secured by application to the United States Public Health Service, Washington, D. C., or to Tuskegee Institute, Alabama.

Suggestions for a sermon on Health have been prepared. Copies of the same may be secured by application to Tuskegee Institute.

It has been decided to stress this year as last year the building of sanitary toilets.

### How a Community May Get Ready For Health Week

The civic agency, or the church, or the individual man or woman desirous of bringing about the effective observance of Negro Health Week should endeavor to win the support of all public-spirited agencies in the community. If there is an official health department in the county or city, the executive officer of that agency should be consulted first. He is the logical person to assume the leadership and to call together representatives of all other agencies. If there is no official health agency in the community, the medical society, or a civic organization, or possibly a church may issue a call for a conference. To this preliminary meeting, there should be invited representatives of



all health agencies, including medical societies and nurses' organizations, also representatives of the schools, the churches, the chambers of commerce, Rotary, Kiwanis, Lions and other business men's groups, women's clubs, fraternal orders, and all interested organizations. A central committee should be organized, officers should be elected, committees appointed and definite plans decided upon for an effective participation in Health Week during April and for the development of a program of health work to continue throughout the year.

It will be well if the central committee can arrange a health survey of the community to determine what diseases and defects are most responsible for the community's ill health. While a thorough, systematic study may not be possible on short notice and without assistance from State or national organizations, it will usually be practicable for the central committee to conduct a brief, though careful, study of the local situation, to determine what disease should be given first consideration in the week's campaign. In some rural districts it may be hookworm disease, in others it may be tuberculosis, and in still others the venereal diseases. These special problems, whatever they be, should be given special consideration. But, in addition, plans should be made for a vigorous attack upon all the diseases, enemies of the community.

Probably two kinds of committees should be appointed. First, there should be a committee for each of the eight days of the Health Week; a Mobilization Day Committee, Home Hygiene Day Committee, a Community Sanitation Day Committee, a Children's Health Day Committee, Adult's Health Day Committee, Special Campaign Day Committee, General Clean-Up Day Committee and Report and Follow-Up Day Committee. In addition, there may well be an educational committee to see that pamphlets, lantern slides, exhibits, and other materials are available for all the various kinds of meetings held on each one of these days; a committee of sanitary measures to offer expert advice in regard to the cleaning up of homes,

the destroying of flies and mosquitoes, and similar sanitary measures, as well as to offer assistance to the committees having charge of the various daily programs; and a committee on medical measures to offer expert advice on the establishment of clinics and the development of other medical measures.

The central committee itself, or a special subcommittee, may arrange various special functions, such as a mass meeting at the beginning and another at the end of Health Week, a health play, or a health show. In addition, there may be prizes for essays by school children, prizes for the healthiest boy and girl in the community, prizes for the cleanest dairy, and prizes for the most effective work in community sanitation.

No one at a distance can determine just what kind of an organization each community will need. Some central committees may wish to adopt the above suggestions in full; probably a great many will wish to adopt them only in part.

#### The Program

The events for each of the various days of Health Week should be in charge of a separate committee, and each committee should be appointed early, so it may have plenty of time to make its plans and arrange a successful program of work.

#### Sunday, April Third, Mobilization Day

This is a day of meetings. Sermons should be preached in the morning by the various local ministers. In the afternoon there should be one or more mass meetings—one being adequate for rural community, town or city, and several sections. Meetings being desirable in large cities.

#### Monday, April Fourth—Home Hygiene Day

At various places where people assemble, both adults and children, talks should be given for the purpose of enlisting all homes in observance of Home Hygiene Day.

Heads of families should be urged to carry out all measures suggested for the establishment of a sanitary home. Suitable pamphlets should be distributed by various agencies. Talks on the sanitary homes should be given to the children in the schools, and

circulars should be handed to them to take to their parents.

#### Tuesday, April Fifth—Community Sanitation Day

Talks, as upon Monday, should be given at business men's clubs, women's clubs, and in the schools to urge the people to assist in the special work of the day.

Committees or teams of men should make a systematic attack upon all marshes, swamps and other places where water may collect and become stagnant for the purpose of draining such places and preventing the breeding of mosquitoes. Committees may obtain pamphlets with directions for carrying on this work most effectively by writing to the State Department of Health.

At meetings on Community Sanitation Day, April 5, some part of the exercise may be properly devoted to a commemoration of the birthday of Booker T. Washington, The Founder of National Negro Health Week.

#### Wednesday, April Sixth—Children's Health Day

Talks for children in the schools should be given special attention on this day, and at various meetings of adults, parents should be urged to cooperate with schools. Clinics should be established in every school for the examination of children, both those who have entered school and those of pre-school age. Such examinations will reveal defects which may cause great sufferings in later years if they are not remedied. All children should be vaccinated against smallpox and toxin; anti-toxin as a preventive of diphtheria (when indicated) should be applied as a matter of regular procedure. Teeth should be examined and defects remedied. Enlarged or diseased tonsils and adenoids should be removed when in the opinion of the physician they are a source of danger.

#### Thursday, April Seventh—Adults' Health Day

Talks should be given before all organizations of business men, women's clubs and civic agencies which hold regular or special meetings on this day.

The special aim of these talks should be to interest all adults in the health examination. It should be pointed out that many adults, as well as children, have condition which while they may not be apparent, con-

stitute a menace to the individual's health and tend to shorten his life.

#### Friday, April Eighth—Special Campaign Day

A survey under the general direction of the community's central committee, even though it be hurried and superficial, will probably reveal the existence of some special disease menace in every community. In some cities and towns it may be malaria, in others it may be tuberculosis or hookworm disease, in still others it may be the venereal diseases.

On this day an opportunity should be afforded for the inauguration of a program of measures directed especially against the particular disease which appears most dangerous to the community.

Talks should be given before various organizations of adults, at business houses, and in schools and colleges regarding the control of this special disease.

#### Saturday, April Ninth—General Clean-Up Day

This is a day for general cleaning up. Homes, school houses, halls, other public buildings and their surroundings should be thoroughly cleaned. On this day, gather and burn all rubbish and trash. Rubbish that is not burned should be placed in garbage cans to be collected by street cleaners. It would be helpful to give talks on the value of keeping homes, yards, public buildings and communities clean all the year. Make plans for special cleaning at stated times during the year. The cooperation of local health boards and city authorities should be solicited to help in this movement.

#### Sunday, April Tenth—Report and Follow-up Day

The central committee should hold its final meeting of the week on Sunday noon or other hours to plan ways and means by which the results of the week's work may be conserved and to complete plans for a mass meeting to be held, Sunday night.

The purpose of the mass meeting is to win the support of the citizens of the community in the development of a more adequate program of health measures through the year.

Tuskegee Institute will welcome sug-

gestions for making the campaign a success, and will be glad to cooperate with individuals or groups in making their plans for the week.

Address:

R. R. MOTON, Principal,  
Tuskegee Institute, Alabama.

## Personal and General

—It is not a mere custom but an urgent necessity that there shall be nationwide observance of Health Week among Negroes of the country in order to effect a reduction to the minimum of the Negro death rate. It occurs this year, April 3-10.



# Tuskegee Conference Discusses Negro Health Problems in South

Acting Principal Taylor Says South Cannot Have Sick  
Colored People and Well White People—Health  
Week April 3

TUSKEGEE INSTITUTE, Ala., Feb. 28.—The ever-urgent problem of Negro health was the subject of the conference of agencies co-operating in the promotion of National Negro Health Week, which met here recently in conjunction with the thirty-sixth annual Tuskegee Negro Conference. Causes for the high morbidity rate among Negroes and methods of reducing it were considered by the conference, which was attended by representatives of state and private health agencies, educational institutions and the U. S. Department of Agriculture.

In accordance with the practice of former years it was decided that the National Negro Health Week would be observed during the week of April 3, the week of the birthday of the late Booker T. Washington, who was responsible for the promotion of the first Negro Health Week.

R. R. Taylor, acting principal of Tuskegee Institute, who presided over the meeting, called attention to the fact that the health problem of the Negro is also the health problem of the white man. "When we are discussing the health of the Negro of the South," he said, "we are discussing the health of the entire South. We cannot have sick Negroes and well white people. Poor health for Negroes means poor health for white people. When we try to improve the health of the Negroes of the South, we are trying to improve the health of the South."

Encouragement was found in the increasing interest with which the people are taking up the observance of the Health Week. Reports showed that observance of the week is becoming more widespread each year and is being conducted along more scientific lines. There is also a growing tendency toward making the health work a year-round project with a permanent committee in charge.

Health conditions in the rural districts were discussed. It was pointed out that in many instances ignorance and superstition of the people prevented them from securing such aid as they might from the state in problems of health.

fraternal organizations, welfare societies and other groups interested in community progress and race betterment, and contains, in addition to methods for organizing the programs for Health Week, information and sources of materials of value for Health Week work.

It is the plan of the campaign to set aside each day of the week for special observance of some phase of health work. Sunday, April 3, will be Mobilization Day; Monday, April 4, Home Hygiene Day; Tuesday, April 5, Community Sanitation Day; Wednesday, April 6, Children's Health Day; Thursday, April 7, Adults' Health Day; Friday, April 8, Special Campaign Day; Saturday, April 9, General Clean-up Day; Sunday, April 10, Report and Follow-up Day.

In addition to the Bulletin there is being distributed this year a specially prepared poster which gives in brief and interesting form the various rules of health and appropriate information which have for a number of years contributed to the success of National Negro Health Week. This poster is a beautifully printed three-color illustration, and it is the aim of the committee in charge of this activity to have a copy placed in every home.

The poster is being issued in a very limited edition for free distribution. Single copies or quantities of the poster or bulletin may be purchased at nominal cost from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C.

Health officials, race leaders and others interested in the successful promotion of this observance can secure copies of the Bulletin or additional information as to the proposed plan of the Health Week by writing the U. S. Public Health Service, Washington, D. C., or to the headquarters of the National Negro Health Week Committee, Tuskegee, Alabama.

Suggestions were received for the preparation of the annual Federal Bulletin on Negro Health.

## NEGRO HEALTH A THING APART

National Negro Health Week to  
Be Observed April 3 to 10, U.S.  
Public Health Service Announces

The week of April 3 to April 10, 1927 has been set aside for the thirteenth observance of National Negro Health Week. State and municipal health departments, voluntary health organizations and numerous other agencies interested in race welfare and advancement are co-operating with the U. S. Public Health Service in a determined effort to improve health and living conditions.

As a first step in this widespread campaign the Public Health Service announces the preparation and issuance of the annual National Negro Health Week Bulletin. This publication outlines effective methods of instituting and successfully carrying out the program of the Health Week. It is designed primarily for churches, schools,

## Conference Makes Plans for Health Week Program

The ever-urgent problem of Negro health was the subject of the conference of agencies co-operating in the promotion of the National Health Week which met here recently in conjunction with the thirty-sixth annual Tuskegee Negro Conference. Causes for the high morbidity rate among Negroes and methods of reducing it were discussed by the conference which was attended by representatives of state and private health agencies, educational institutions and the United States Department of Agriculture. In accordance with the practice of former years, it was decided that the National Negro Health Week be observed during the week of April 3, the week of the birthday of the late Booker T. Washington, who was responsible for the promotion of the first Negro Health Week.

Mr. Taylor, who as Acting Principle, presided over the meeting, called attention to the fact that the health problem of the Negro is also the health problem of the white man. "When we are discussing the health of the Negro of the South," he said, "we are discussing the health of the entire South. We cannot have sick Negroes and well white people. Poor health for Negroes means poor health for white people. When we try to improve the health of the Negroes of the South, we are trying to improve the health of the South."

Encouragement was found in the increasing interest with which the people are taking up the observance of the health week program. Reports showed that the observance of the week is becoming more widespread each year and is being conducted along more scientific lines. There is also a growing tendency toward making the health work a year-round project with a permanent committee in charge in each locality.

Health conditions in the rural districts were discussed. It was pointed out that in many instances ignorance

and superstition of the people prevented them from securing such aid as they might from the state in meeting health problems.

Suggestions were received for the preparation of the annual Federal bulletin on Negro health.

The meeting was a continuation of a similar conference held in Washington in November, 1926.

ITEM  
NEW ORLEANS, LA.

FEB 20 1927

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK APRIL 3

The thirteenth observance of national negro health week will be during the week of April 3-10 according to a bulletin issued by the United States Public Health Service. State and municipal health departments, voluntary health organizations and numerous other agencies interested in race welfare and advancement are co-operating with the public health service in an effort to improve health and living conditions.

It is the plan of the campaign to set aside each day of that week for special observance of some phase of health work. Sunday, April 3, will be mobilization day; Monday, April 4, home hygiene day; Tuesday, April 5, community sanitation day; Wednesday, April 6, children's health day; Thursday, April 7, adult's health day; Friday, April 8, special campaign day; Saturday, April 9, general clean-up day; Sunday, April 10, report and follow-up day.



# HEALTH WEEK IS SET FOR APRIL 3

WASHINGTON, D. C.

FEB 13 1927

NEGRO HEALTH WEEK SET.

The thirteenth observance of National Negro Health Week will be carried out the week of April 3, it was announced by the United States Public Health Service, which will have the co-operation of State and municipal organizations in promoting the week.

Each day of the week will be used to stress some particular phase of health work. April 3 will be mobilization day; Monday, April 4, home hygiene day; Tuesday, April 5, community sanitation day; Wednesday, April 6, children's health day; Thursday, April 7, adults' health day; Friday, April 8, special campaign day; Saturday, April 9, general clean-up day; Sunday, April 10, report and follow-up day.

## West Africans Adopt Health Week Programs

Tuskegee Institute, Ala.—Capitalizing upon the American practice of observing National Negro Health Week and realizing its educational value, the British administration of the West African Colonies has conducted a successful health week campaign among natives, according to an article in The African World received here recently.

The African campaign was directed on sanitation, control of tropical diseases and the use of charts and posters illustrating health standards. An effort will be made to utilize the services of motion pictures for future campaigns which are to be shown monthly. The African World states: "The National Negro Health week, the observance of which the week of April 3 had been designated, will be more widely observed this year than any other place its establishment in 1915 by the late Booker T. Washington, founder of Tuskegee Institute, is indicated by the widespread cooperation which is being made for the campaign."

A NATIONAL NEGRO

## HEALTH WEEK TO BE OBSERVED IN APRIL

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE FIXES

APRIL 3 TO 10 FOR OBSER-

VANCE THIS YEAR

The week of April 3 to April 10, 1927, has been set aside for the thirteenth observance of National Negro Health Week. State and municipal health departments, voluntary health organizations, and numerous other agencies interested in racial welfare and advancement are cooperating with the U. S. Public Health Service in a determined effort to improve health and living conditions.

As a first step in this widespread campaign, the Public Health Service announces the preparation and issuance of the annual National Negro Health Week bulletin. This publication outlines effective methods of instituting and successfully carrying out the program of the health week. It is designed primarily for churches, schools, fraternal organizations, welfare societies and other groups interested in community progress and race betterment, and contains, in addition to methods for organizing the programs for health week, information and sources of materials of value for health week work.

It is the plan of the campaign to set aside every day of the week for special observance of some phase of health work. Sunday, April 3, will be Mobilization Day; Monday, April 4, Home Hygiene Day; Tuesday, April 5, Community Sanitation Day; Wednesday, April 6, Children's Health Day; Thursday, April 7, Adults' Health Day; Friday, April 8, Special Campaign Day; Saturday, April 9, General Clean-up Day; Sunday, April 10, Report and Follow-up Day.

In addition to the bulletin, there is being distributed this year a specially prepared poster which gives in brief and interesting form the various rules of health and appropriate information which has for a number of years contributed to the success of National Negro Health Week. This poster is beautifully printed three-color illustration, and it is the aim of the committee in charge of this activity to have a copy placed in every home.

# General Program Suggested For Thirteenth Observance Annual Negro Health Week

TUSKEGEE INSTITUTE ISSUES HELPFUL LITERATURE  
ON THE CELEBRATION

## Observance April 3 To May 10

Health Week Bulletin May Be Obtained From Tuskegee O  
From U. S. Public Health Service At Washington,  
D. C.—Events For Each Day's Activities

Tuskegee, Ala., Mar. 14—In accord with the resolutions of the National Negro Business League, and in co-operation with the Annual Tuskegee Negro Conference and other influential organizations, this invitation is extended to the following agencies and organizations to unite in the observance of the thirteenth Annual National Negro Health Week, from April 3, through April 10.

The United States Public Health Service, The National Health Council, The National Medical Association, The National Tuberculosis Association, The National Association of Graduate Nurses, The National Organization for Public Health Nursing, The American Red Cross, The American Social Hygiene Association, The National Child Welfare Association, The American Child Health Association, The National Health Circle for Colored People, The National Clean-up and Paint-up Bureau, The National Federation of Colored Women's Clubs, The National League on Urban Conditions, The Commission on Interracial Co-operation, The Young Men's and Young Women's Christian Association of Teachers in Colored Schools, The Associated Negro Press, The National Negro Press Association, The State Boards of Health, City Boards of Health, State Medical Associations, Annual Church Conferences and Associations, Fraternal Organizations, Insurance Companies, Farmers Conferences, Local Schools and Churches.

The Twelfth Annual National Negro Health Week was more widely observed than any preceding Health Week, and secured a more general interest in, and understanding of, health problems and health education among Negroes than any preceding Health Week observance. Greater results are expected from the Thirteenth Annual Negro Health Week.

The United States Public Health Service has again prepared the Health

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Suggestions for a sermon on Health have been prepared. Copies of the same may be secured by application to Tuskegee Institute.

It has been decided to stress this year as last year the building of sanitary toilets.

### How a Community May Get Ready For Health Week

The civic agency, or the church, or the individual man or woman desirous of bringing about the effective observance of Negro Health Week should endeavor to win the support of all public-spirited agencies in the community. If there is an official health department in the county or city, the executive officer of that agency should be consulted first. He is the logical person to assume the leadership and to call together representatives of all other agencies. If there is no official health agency in the community, the medical society or a civic organization, or possibly a church may issue a call for a conference.

The week of April 3 to April 10, 1927, has been set aside for the thirteenth observance of National Negro Health Week. State and municipal health departments, voluntary health organizations, and numerous other agencies interested in race welfare and advancement are co-operating with the United States Health Service in a determined effort to improve health and living conditions.

It is the plan of the campaign to set aside each day of the week for special observance of some phase of health work. Sunday, April 3, will be Mobilization Day; Monday, April 4, Home Hygiene Day; Tuesday, April 5, Community Sanitation Day; Wednesday, April 6, Children's Health Day; Thursday, April 7, Adults' Health Day; Friday, April 8, Special Campaign Day; Saturday, April 9, General Clean-Up Day; Sunday, April 10, Report and Follow-up Day.

KINGSTON, N. Y.

FEB 21 1927

NATIONAL NEGRO HEALTH  
WEEK TO BE OBSERVED

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Health Week - 1927

General.

# WELL KNOWN REPRESENTATIVES MEET WITH U.S. SURGEON GEN- ERAL ON HEALTH TOPICS

Hygiene Society; Dr. Geo. W. Cook,  
Howard University.

## HEALTH WEEK PROGRAM AND PLANS OUTLIN'D

The autumn conference of the Executive Committee of the National Negro Health Week was held here on Tuesday, Nov. 1, in the office of the Surgeon General of the United States Public Health Service. The meeting was called to order by Dr. C. C. Pierce, Assistant Surgeon General, who presided throughout the day's session. The day's discussion was opened by Dr. R. R. Moton. Four major topics were on the agenda for the day: The Health Week Bulletin for 1928, which was explained in detail by Dr. Roscoe C. Brown, Chairman National Negro Health Week Committee. The detailed discussion in which most of those present joined, of this topic occupied the major part of the morning session.

"Stimulation of Birth and Death Registration among Negroes as an aid to Health Improvement," was next discussed by Dr. C. E. Waller, Dr. G. Dwelle, Dr. Alexander Parran.

The afternoon session was devoted to the other two topics on the day's agenda: "Steps to secure greater co-operation of Negroes in methods of controlling diseases; particularly tuberculosis, pneumonia, malaria and typhoid fever," which was opened by Dr. Monroe N. Work, of Tuskegee, Dr. R. H. Edwards, National Tuberculosis Association, and Dr. John A. Farrell, of the Rockefeller Foundation.

"How should this conference lend its aid to the promoting of studies in public health and disease among Negroes, including the training and opportunities for Negro physicians and nurses?" This topic was opened by Dr. Moton, and Dr. Algernon Jackson.

The conference was an informal threshing out of the whole field of Negro Public Health, and resulted in a clearing of the atmosphere. While no set speeches were made, everyone present expressed himself freely in planning the great health program for the Negro which includes every known agency and organization in its co-operative plan.

Those present were: Dr. R. R. Moton, Monroe N. Work, Tuskegee Institute; Dr. R. C. Williams, Dr. Thos. Parran, U. S. Public Health Service; Dr. H. R. Edwards, National Tuberculosis Association; Dr. J. Flipper Derricotte, Statistical Office, U. S. P. H. S.; R. Maurice Moss, National Urban League, Baltimore, Md.; R. W. Emerson, Extension Secretary, National Clean-Up and Paint-Up Campaign Bureau; Dr. G. Dwelle, Atlanta, Ga.; Dr. C. C. Pierce, Asst. Surgeon General U. S. P. H. S.; Dr. C. E. Waller, U. S. P. H. S.; Dr. Roscoe C. Brown, Durham, N. C.; Evert G. Routzahn, Russell Sage Foundation; Mrs. Alice Dunbar-Nelson, A. L. Holsey, Secretary National Negro Business League; Dr. J. A. Evans, Asst. Chief, Office of Extension Work, U. S. D. A.; Dr. Will W. Alexander, Commission on Inter Racial Cooperation, Atlanta, Ga.; C. H. Tobias, National Council, Y. M. C. A., New York; Miss Mary E. Williams, Director Public Health Work and Health Center, Tuskegee, Ala.; T. M. Alexander, Extension Service, Tuskegee, Ala.; Dr. John A. Ferrell, Rockefeller Foundation; J. H. McGrew, Secretary National Council Y. M. C. A., Atlanta, Ga.; Miss Mary Rose Reeves, Physical Education Department, Howard University; Dr. Algernon Jackson, Howard University Medical School; Mrs. Coralie Franklin Cook, Social

Plans for the fourteenth annual Negro Health Week were formulated here Tuesday in a conference in the office of Surgeon General Hugh S. Cumming of the United States Public Health Service. Dr. C. C. Pierce, assistant Surgeon General, presided.

The Negro Health Week movement, which was inaugurated by the late Booker T. Washington, has been conducted as a feature of the program of the National Negro Business League, and each year trophy cups are awarded to the cities which do the most effective clean up work and are presented during the annual session of the league. The cups for 1927 went to Cincinnati, Louisville and Atlanta.

Dr. Robert R. Moton sounded the keynote of the conference by reviewing the progress in Negro health work and outlining an extension of the health work for next year.

Problems of birth registration and public health teaching were freely and helpfully discussed. The week of April 1 to 8 inclusive was selected for the 1928 clean up campaign.

### Those Who Attended

Those attending the conference included Dr. R. R. Moton, Tuskegee Institute; Monroe N. Work, Tuskegee Institute; R. C. Williams, United States Public Health Service; Thos. Parran, United States Public Health Service; Dr. H. R. Edwards, National Tuberculosis Association, New York City; J. Flipper Derricotte, United States Public Health Service; R. Maurice Moss, National Urban League, Baltimore, Md.; R. W. Emerson, extension secretary, National Clean Up and Paint Up Campaign Bureau; Dr. G. Dwelle, Atlanta, Ga.; C. C. Pierce, Assistant Surgeon General, United States Public Health Service; C. E. Waller, surgeon, United States Public Health Service; R. C. Brown, chairman, National Negro Health Week committee, Durham, N. C.; Evert G. Routzahn, Russell Sage Foundation, New York City; Mrs. Alice Dunbar Nelson, Wilmington, Del.; A. L. Holsey, Tuskegee Institute, Ala.

### Washingtonians Present

J. A. Evans, Washington, D. C.; Will W. Alexander, Commission on Interracial Cooperation, Atlanta, Ga.; C. H. Tobias, National Council, Young Men's Christian Association, New York City; Mary E. Williams, Tuskegee Institute, Ala.; T. M. Campbell, Tuskegee Institute, Ala.; Dr. John A. Ferrell, Rockefeller Foundation, New York City; J. H. McGrew, secretary, National Council, Young Men's Christian Association, Atlanta, Ga.; Dean G. Milligan, assistant director, Home Hygiene and Care of the Sick, American Red Cross; George F. Cook, Dr. A. B. Jackson, Mrs. Caroline Cook, Social Hygiene Society, and Mary R. Reeves, physical education, Howard University.

## COMMITTEE SETTLES HEALTH WEEK DATE

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### Dr. Moton

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### C. H. Tobias

J. A. Evans, Washington, D. C.; Will W. Alexander, Commission on Interracial Cooperation, Atlanta, Ga.; C. H. Tobias, National Council

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# PLANS FOR HEALTH WEEK

## Committee Meets In Office of Surgeon General

## PROGRESS OUTLINED

Special to the Journal and Guide  
Washington, D. C., Nov. 2—Plans for the fourteenth annual Negro Health Week were formulated here Tuesday in a conference in the office of Surgeon General Hugh S. Cumming of the United States Public Health Service. Dr. C. C. Pierce, assistant Surgeon General, presided. Inaugurated By Booker Washington

The Negro Health Week Movement, which was inaugurated by the late Booker T. Washington, has been conducted as a feature of the program of the National Negro Business League, and each year trophy cups are awarded to the city which does the most effective clean up work and are presented during the annual session of the League. The cups for 1927 went to Cincinnati, Louisville and Atlanta.

Dr. Robert R. Moton sounded the keynote of the conference by review-



ing the progress in Negro health work and outlining plans for the health work for next year.

Problems of birth registration and public health teaching were freely and helpfully discussed. The week of April 1 to 8 inclusive was selected for the 1928 clean up campaign.

#### Those Attending Conference

Those attending the conference included Dr. R. R. Moton, Tuskegee Institute; Monroe N. Work, Tuskegee Institute; R. C. Williams, United States Public Health Service; Thomas Parran, United States Public Health Service; Dr. H. R. Edwards, National Tuberculosis Association, New York City; J. Flipper Derricotte, United States Public Health Service; R. Maurice Moss, National Urban League, Baltimore, Md.

R. W. Emerson, extension secretary, National Clean Up and Paint Up Campaign Bureau; Dr. G. Dwelle, Atlanta, Ga.; C. C. Pierce, Assistant Surgeon General, United States Public Health Service; R. C. Brown, chairman, National Negro Health Week committee, Durham, N. C.; Evert C. Routzahn, Russell Sage Foundation, New York City; Mrs. Alice Dunbar Nelson, Wilmington, Del.; A. L. Holsey, Tuskegee Institute, Ala.

J. A. Evans, Washington, D. C.; Will W. Alexander, Commission Interracial Cooperation, Atlanta, Ga.; C. H. Tobias, National Council, Young Men's Christian Association, New York City; Mary E. Williams, Tuskegee Institute, Ala.; T. M. Campbell, Tuskegee Institute, Ala.; Dr. John A. Ferrell, Rockefeller Foundation, New York City; J. H. McGrew, secretary, National Council, Young Men's Christian Association, Atlanta, Ga.; Dean G. Milligan, assistant director, Home Hygiene and Care of the Sick, American Red Cross; George F. Cook, Dr. A. B. Jackson, Mrs. Carolina Cook, Social Hygiene Society, and Mary R. Reeves, physical education, Howard University.

## HEALTH WEEK SET FOR APRIL 1 TO 8

### Emphasize Finding Of a Decrease In the Death Rate of the Race

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 9.—The National Negro Health Week is to be observed from April 1 to 8, according to a decision reached at a meeting here of Public Health Service officers and representatives of cooperating organizations and announced today. This period is the week of the birthday of Booker T. Washington. At the meeting here it was emphasized that the Race death rate was decreasing steadily.

## Committee Plans for Better Negro Health

The autumn conference of the Executive Committee of the National Negro Health Week was held in Washington, D. C. recently, in the offices of the Surgeon-General of the United States Public Health Service.

The meeting was called to order by Dr. C. C. Pierce, assistant Surgeon-general, who presided throughout the day's session. The day's discussion was opened by Dr. R. R. Moton. Four major topics were on the agenda for the day: The Health Week Bulletin for 1928, which was explained in detail by Dr. Roscoe C. Brown, chairman, National Negro Health Week Committee; the detailed discussion, in which most of those present joined, of this topic occupied the major part of the morning session; "Stimulation of Birth and Death Registration among Negroes as an aid to Health Improvement" was next discussed by Dr. C. E. Waller, Dr. G. Dwelle, and Dr. Alexander Parran.

The afternoon session was devoted to two other topics on the agenda for the day: "The Health Week operation of Negroes in methods of controlling diseases particularly tuberculosis, pneumonia, malaria, and typhoid fever," was discussed by Mr. Monroe N. Work of Tuskegee, Dr. H. R. Edwards, National Tuberculosis Association, and Dr. John A. Farrel of the Rockefeller Foundation.

"How should this conference lend its aid to the promoting of studies in public health and disease among Negroes including the training and opportunities for Negro physicians and nurses?" The topic was opened by Dr. Moton and Dr. Algernon Jackson.

The conference was an informal thrashing out of field of Negro Public Health, and resulted in the clearing of the atmosphere. While no set speeches were made, everyone present expressed himself freely in planning the great health program for the Negro, which includes every known agency and organization in its cooperative plan.

Those present were: Dr. R. R. Moton, Mr. Monroe N. Work, Tuskegee Institute, Dr. R. C. Williams, Dr. Thomas Parran, United States Health Service; Dr. H. R. Edwards, National

Tuberculosis Association; Dr. J. Flipper Derricotte, Statistical Office, United States Public Health Sanitation; R. Maurice Moss, National Urban League; Baltimore, Maryland, R. W. Emerson, Extension Secretary, National Clean-up and Paint-up Campaign Bureau; Dr. G. Dwelle, Atlanta, Georgia, Dr. C. C. Pierce, assistant surgeon-general, United States Public Health Sanitation; Dr. C. E. Waller, United States Public Health Sanitation; Dr. Roscoe C. Brown, Durham, North Carolina; Mrs. Alice Dunbar-Nelson, A. L. Holsey, Secretary, National Negro Business League; Dr. J. A. Evans, assistant Chief, Office Extension Work, United States Department of Agriculture; Dr. Will W. Alexander, Commission on Racial Cooperation, Atlanta, Georgia; Mr. C. H. Tobias, National Council, Y. M. C. A., New York; Miss Mary E. Williams, Director Public Health Work and Health Center, Tuskegee, Institute, Alabama; T. M. Campbell, Extension Service, Tuskegee Institute, Alabama; Dr. John A. Ferrell, Rockefeller Foundation; Mr. J. H. McGrew, Y. M. C. A., Atlanta, Georgia; Miss Mary Rose Reeves, Department Physical Education, Howard University; Dr. Algernon Jackson, Howard University Medical School; Mrs. Coralie Franklin Cook, Social Hygiene Society; Dean George W. Cook, Howard University.

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## Program Arranged For Greatest Negro Health Campaign

Special Correspondence to The Associated Negro Press.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 9.—The autumn conference of the Executive Committee of the National Negro Health Week was held here on Tuesday, November 1, in the office of the Surgeon-General of the United States Public Health Service. The meeting was called to order by Dr. C. C. Pierce, Assistant Surgeon-General, who presided throughout the day's session. The day's discussion was opened by Dr. R. R. Moton. Four major topics were on the agenda for the day: The Health Week Bulletin for 1928, which was explained in detail by Dr. Roscoe C. Brown, Chairman, National Negro Health Week Committee; the detailed discussion, in which most of those present joined, of this topic occupied the major part of the morning session; "Stimulation of Birth and Death Registration among Negroes

as an aid to Health Improvement" was next discussed by Dr. C. E. Waller, Dr. G. Dwelle, Dr. Alexander Parran. The afternoon session was devoted to the other two topics on the day's agenda: "Steps to secure greater cooperation of Negroes in methods of controlling diseases; particularly tuberculosis, pneumonia, malaria, and typhoid fever," was opened by Dr. Monroe N. Work of Tuskegee, Dr. H. R. Edwards, National Tuberculosis Association, and Dr. John A. Farrel of the Rockefeller Foundation.

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Health Week - 1927

# NATIONAL NEGRO HEALTH WEEK

## TO BE OBSERVED APRIL 3-10

The week of April 3 to April 10, 1927, has been set aside for the thirteenth observance of National Negro Health Week. State and municipal health departments, voluntary health organizations, and numerous other agencies interested in race welfare and advancement are cooperating with the U. S. Public Health Service in a determined effort to improve health and living conditions.

As a first step in this widespread campaign, the U. S. Public Health Service announces the preparation and issuance of the annual National Negro Health Week Bulletin. This publication outlines effective methods of instituting and successfully carrying out the program of the Health Week. It is designed primarily for churches, schools, fraternal organizations, welfare societies and other groups interested in community progress and race betterment, and contains in addition to methods for organizing the programs for Health Week, information and sources of materials of value for Health Week work.

It is the plan of the campaign to set aside each day of the week for special observance of some phase of health work. Sunday, April 3 will be Mobilization Day; Monday, April 4, Home Hygiene Day; Tuesday, April 5, Community Sanitation Day; Wednesday, April 6, Children's Health Day; Thursday, April 7, Adult's Health Day; Friday, April 8, Special Campaign Day; Saturday, April 9, General Clean-up Day; Sunday, April 10, Report and Follow-up Day.

In addition to the Bulletin there is being distributed this year a specially prepared poster which gives in brief and interesting form the various rules of health and appropriate information which, as a number of years contributed to the success of National Negro Health Week. This poster is a beautifully printed three-color illustration, and it is the aim of the committee in charge of this activity to have a copy placed in every home.

The poster is being issued in a very limited edition for free distribution. Single copies or quantities of the poster or bulletin may be purchased at nominal cost from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C.

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK WILL BEGIN SUNDAY

Each of Seven Days Will Be Devoted To Some Branch of Hygiene

TUSKEGEE INSTITUTE, ALA., April 1.—Special to The Advertiser.—Beginning Sunday with sermons on health in various churches and extending through April 10, the 13th annual national negro health week will be observed throughout the country by agencies interested in promoting better health among negroes. The campaign will be conducted under the auspices of the Tuskegee negro conference, the national negro business league in cooperation with the national medical association, the United States public health service, state, county and city health departments and various health and civic organizations.

The late Booker T. Washington, founder of Tuskegee Institute, sensing the need of arresting the alarming mortality rate among negroes, was the first to nationalize the observance of negro health week. Year by year the movement has been more widely observed and has grown more effective. During the 13 years that the campaign for negro health has been conducted the negro death rate has steadily and appreciably diminished.

The week has been so organized that on each day attention will be directed to a particular health problem. Monday has been designated as home hygiene day. Tuesday is community sanitation day with the provision for observance of the birthday of Dr. Washington. Attention will be directed to children's health Wednesday and adult's Thursday. Friday will be special campaign day at which time particularly urgent local problems of health will be considered. A general clean-up will be conducted Saturday and reports for the week and plans for next year will be made Sunday.

paint-up campaign bureau of New York City offers prizes to the cities ranking first, second and third, respectively in effectiveness of the campaign. Last year Cincinnati won first place, Atlanta, second and Baltimore, third.

Tuskegee institute publishes a health week call enlisting the cooperation of health agencies. The United States public health service issues an illustrated bulletin outlining the purposes and organization of the campaign.

ROCHESTER (N.Y.) DEMOCRAT  
March 26, 1927

## ANNUAL NEGRO HEALTH WEEK TO BE OBSERVED FROM APRIL 3 TO 10

### Organizations Invited to Participate in Thirteenth Observance by League

In accord with the resolutions of the National Negro Business League and in co-operation with the Annual Tuskegee Negro Conference and other health organizations, the observance of the thirteenth annual National Negro Health Week will be held from April 3d through April 10th.

Organizations invited to join in the observance are: The United States Public Health Service, The National Health Council, The National Medical Association, The National Association of Graduate Nurses, The National Organization for Public Health Nursing, The American Red Cross, The American Social Hygiene Association, The National Child Welfare Association, The American Child Health Association, The National Health Circle for Colored People, The National Clean-up and Paint-up Bureau, The National Federation of Colored Women's Clubs, The National League on Urban Conditions, The Commission on Inter-racial Co-operation, The Young Men's and Young Women's Christian Association, The National Association of Teachers in Colored Schools, The Associated Negro Press, The National Negro Press Association, The State Boards of Health, City Boards of Health, State Medical Associations, Annual Church Conferences and Associations, Fraternal Organizations, Insurance Companies, Farmers Conferences, Local Schools and Churches.

The twelfth annual National Negro Health Week was more widely observed than any preceding Health Week, and secured a more general interest in, and understanding of health problems and health education among negroes than any preceding Health Week observance. Greater results are expected from the thirteenth annual negro Health Week.

General.

"It will be well if the central committee can arrange a health survey of the community to determine what diseases and defects are most responsible for the community's ill health. While a thorough, systematic study may not be possible on short notice, and without assistance from state or national organizations, it will usually be practicable for the central committee to conduct a brief, though careful, study of the local situation, to determine what disease should be given first consideration in the week's campaign.

In some rural districts it may be hookworm disease, in other communities it may be tuberculosis. These special problems, whatever they be, should be given special consideration. But, in addition, plans should be made for a vigorous attack upon all the disease enemies of the community.

"Probably two kinds of committees should be appointed. First, there should be a committee for each of the eight days of the Health Week program—a Mobilization Day Committee, Home Hygiene Day Committee, a Community Sanitation Day Committee, a Children's Health Day Committee, Adults' Health Day Committee, General Clean-Up Day Committee. In addition, there may well be an educational committee to see that pamphlets, lantern slides, exhibits, and other materials are available for all the various kinds of meetings held on each one of these days; a committee of sanitary measures to offer expert advice in regard to the cleaning up of homes, the destroying of flies and mosquitoes, and similar sanitary measures, as well as to offer assistance to the committees having charge of the various daily programs; and a committee on medical measures to offer expert advice on the establishment of clinics and the development of other medical measures.

The United States Public Health Service has again prepared the Health Week Bulletin. It is ready for distribution and copies of the same may be secured by application to the United States Public Health Service, Washington, D. C., or to Tuskegee Institute, Alabama.

Suggestions for a sermon on health have been prepared. Copies of the same may be secured by application to Tuskegee Institute.

### Co-operation Needed

"The civic agency, or the church, or the individual man or woman desirous of bringing about the effective observance of Negro Health Week, should endeavor to win the support of all public-spirited agencies in the community," says the League's announcement. "If there is an official health department in the county or city, the executive officer of that agency should be consulted first. He is the logical person to assume the leadership and to call together representatives of all other agencies. If there is no official health agency in the community, the medical society, or a civic organization, or possibly a church may issue a call for a conference.

"To this preliminary meeting, there should be invited representatives of all health agencies, including medical societies and nurses' organizations, also representatives of the schools, the churches, the chambers of commerce, Rotary, Kiwanis, Lions and other business men's groups, women's clubs, fraternal orders, and all interested organizations. A central committee should be organized, officers should be elected, committees appointed and definite plans decided upon for an effective participation in Health Week during April, and for the development of a program of health work to continue throughout

### Special Functions

"The central committee itself, or special subcommittee, may arrange various special functions, such as a meeting at the beginning and another at the end of Health Week—a health play, or a health show. In addition, there may be prizes for the healthiest boy and girl in the community, prizes for the cleanest dairy, and prizes for the most effective work in community sanitation.

"No one at a distance can determine just what kind of an organization each community will need. Some central committees may wish to adopt the above suggestions in full; probably a great many will wish to adopt them only in part.

"The events for each of the various days of Health Week should be in charge of a separate committee, and each committee should be appointed early, so it may have plenty of time to make its plans and arrange a successful program of work.

### Mobilization Day

"Sunday, April 3d, Mobilization Day, is a day of meetings, sermons



should be preached in the morning by the various local ministers. In the afternoon there should be one or more mass meetings—one being adequate for rural community, town or small city, and several sectional mass meetings being desirable in large cities.

"Monday, 4th, is Home Hygiene Day. At various places where people assemble, both adults and children talks should be given for the purpose of enlisting all homes in observance of Home Hygiene Day.

"Heads of families should be urged to carry out all measures suggested for the establishment of a sanitary home. Suitable pamphlets should be distributed by various agencies. Talks on the sanitary homes should be given to the children in the schools, and circulars should be handed to them to take to their parents.

#### Community Sanitation Day

"Talks, as upon Monday, should be given at business men's clubs, women's clubs, and in the schools to urge the people to assist in the special work of Tuesday, Community Sanitation Day.

"Committees or teams of men should make a systematic attack upon all marshes, swamps and other places where water may collect and become stagnant for the purpose of draining such places and preventing the breeding of mosquitoes. Committees may obtain pamphlets with directions for carrying on this work most effectively by writing to the State Department of Health.

"At meetings on Community Sanitation Day, April 5th, some part of the exercises may be properly devoted to a commemoration of the birthday of Booker T. Washington, the Founder of National Negro Health Week.

#### Children's Health Day

"On Wednesday, Children's Health Day, talks for children in the schools should be given special attention on this day, and at various meetings of adults, parents should be urged to co-operate with schools. Clinics should be established in every school for the examination of children, both those who have entered school and those of pre-school age. Such examinations will reveal defects which may cause great sufferings in later years if they are not remedied.

All children should be vaccinated against smallpox and toxin; anti-toxin as a preventive of diphtheria (when indicated) should be applied as a matter of regular procedure. Teeth should be examined and defects remedied. Enlarged or diseased tonsils and adenoids should be removed when in the opinion of the physician they are a source of danger.

"On Thursday, April 7th, adults' Health Day, talks should be given before all organizations of business men, women's clubs and civic agencies which hold regular or special meetings on this day.

"The special aim of these talks should be to interest all adults in the health examination. It should be pointed out that many adults, as well as children, have conditions which while they may not be apparent, constitute a menace to the individual's health and tend to shorten his life.

#### Special Campaign Day

"A survey under the general direction of the community's central committee, even though it be hurried and superficial, will probably reveal the existence of some special disease menace in every community on Friday. In some cities and towns it may be malaria, in others it may be tuberculosis or hookworm disease.

"On this day an opportunity should be afforded for the inauguration of a program of measures directed especially against the particular disease which appears most dangerous to the community.

"Talks should be given before various organizations of adults, at business houses, and in schools and college regarding the control of this special disease.

#### Clean-Up Day

"Saturday is a day for general cleaning up. Homes, school houses, halls, other public buildings and their surroundings should be thoroughly cleaned. On this day, gather and burn all rubbish and trash. Rubbish that is not burned should be placed in garbage cans to be collected by street cleaners.

"It would be helpful to give talks on the value of keeping homes, yards, public buildings, and communities clean all the year. Make plans for special cleaning at stated times during the year. The co-operation of local health boards and city authorities should be solicited to help in this movement.

"The central committee should hold its final meeting of the week on Sunday noon or other hours to plan ways and means by which the result of the week's work may be conserved and to complete plans for a mass meeting to be held, Sunday night.

"Tuskegee Institute will welcome suggestions for making the campaign a success, and will be glad to co-operate with individuals or groups in making their plans for the week.

"Address R. R. Moton, principal Tuskegee Institute, Alabama."

# 13th Annual Negro Health Week, 1927 April 3 to 10, To Have Support Of Many National Health Organizations

## United States Public Health Bureau Is Cooperating, and Has Already Prepared Health Week Bulletin For Free Distribution

Tuskegee Institute, Ala.—In accord with the resolutions of the National Negro Business League and in cooperation with the annual Tuskegee Negro Conference and other influential organizations, this invitation is extended to the following agencies and organizations to unite in the observance of the thirteenth annual National Negro Health Week, from April 3, through April 10.

The United States Public Health Service, the National Health Council, the National Medical Association, the National Tuberculosis Association, the National Association of Graduate Nurses, the National Organization for Public Health Nursing, the American Red Cross, the American Social Hygiene Association, the National Child Welfare Association, the American Child Health Association, the National Health Circle for Colored People, the National Clean-up and Paint-up Bureau, the National Federation of Colored Women's Clubs, the National League on Urban Conditions, the Commission on Interracial Co-operation, the Young Men's and Young Women's Christian Association, the National Association of Teachers in Colored Schools, the Associated Negro Press Association, the State Boards of Health, City Boards of Health, State Medical Associations, annual church conferences and Associations, fraternal organizations, insurance companies, Farmers Conferences, local schools and churches.

#### A Health Week Bulletin

The United States Public Health Service has again prepared the distribution and copies of the same may be secured by application to the United States Public Health Service, Washington, D. C., or to Tuskegee Institute, Alabama.

#### A Health Survey

It can be well if the central committee can arrange a health survey of the community to determine what diseases and defects are most responsible for the community's ill health. While a thorough, systematic study may not be possible without assistance from State or national organizations, it will usually be practicable for the central committee to conduct a brief, careful study of the local diseases should be given first consideration in the week's campaign. In some rural districts it may be hookworm disease, in other communities it may be tuberculosis, and in still others the venereal diseases. Plans should be made for a vigorous attack upon all the disease enemies of the community.

There should be a committee for each of the eight days of the Health Week program—a Mobilization Day, a Community Sanitation Day, a Children's Health Day, Adults' Health Day, Special Campaign Day, General Clean-Up Day and Report and Follow-Up Day. In addition, there may well be an educational committee and a committee of sanitary measures to offer expert advice, and a committee on medical measures.

The central committee may arrange special functions, such as a mass meeting at the beginning and another at the end of Health Week a health play, or a health show. There may be prizes for essays by school children prizes for the healthiest boy and girl in the community, prizes for the most effective work in community sanitation.

#### The Program

The events for each of the various of Health Week should be in charge of a separate committee, and each committee should be appointed early, so it may have plenty of time to make plans and arrange a successful program of work.

Health have been prepared. Copies of the same may be secured by application to Tuskegee Institute. It has been decided to stress this year, as last, the building of sanitary toilets.

#### How A Community May Get Ready For Health Week

The civic agency, or the church or the individual man or woman desirous of bringing about the effective observance of Negro Health Week should endeavor to win the support of all public-spirited agencies in the community. If there is an official of that county or city the executive officer of that agency should be consulted first. If there is no official health agency, the medical society, or a civic organization, or possibly a church, may issue a call for a conference.

To this preliminary meeting there should be invited representatives of all health agencies, including medical societies and nurses' organizations, also representatives of the schools, the churches, the insurance companies, Farmers Conferences, local schools and churches, men's groups, women's clubs, fraternal orders, and all interested organizations. A central committee should be organized, officers should be elected, committees appointed and definite plans decided upon for effective participation in Health Week during April and for the development of a program of health work to continue throughout the year.



Health Week-1927.

# JUDGES SELECTED TO AWARD PRIZES TO HEALTH CITIES

Three Silver Loving Cups Of-  
fered By National Clean-  
Up-Paint-Up Bureau

Tuskegee Institute, Ala., June 15—  
Announcement was made here this  
week that the following persons have  
been invited to serve as judges to  
award prizes to the cities which have  
best observed the National Negro  
Health Week, April 8-10: Mrs. Alice  
Dunbar Nelson, public school teacher  
and journalist of Wilmington, Dela-  
ware; John C. Dancey, Jr., executive  
secretary of the Urban League, De-  
troit; Dr. Clyde Bonnett, secretary of  
the National Medical Association, Dur-  
ham, N. C.; George W. Lee, district  
manager of the Atlanta Life In-  
surance Company, Memphis; William  
J. Walker, managing editor of the  
Washington (D. C.) Tribune; Miss  
Virginia Wing, of the Cleveland (O.)  
Health Council representing the Na-  
tional Clean-up and Paint-up Bu-  
reau; and Monroe N. Work, Director  
of the Department of Records and  
Research, Tuskegee Institute.

Three silver loving cups are award-  
ed annually by the National Clean-up  
and Paint-up Campaign Bureau of  
New York City to the cities rated  
first, second and third respectively in  
raising the level of Negro health con-  
ditions during the campaign. Cin-  
cinnati took first honors in 1926 with  
Atlanta, second, and Baltimore, third.

All cities entering the contest are  
requested to send in their reports not  
later than July 15, to Dr. Robert R.  
Moton, president of the National Ne-  
gro Business League, Tuskegee Insti-  
tute, Alaba, under whose auspices the  
campaign is conducted. The awards  
will be presented to the representa-  
tives of the winning cities at the 28th  
annual meeting of the League in St.  
Louis, August 10-12.

Reports received to date indicate  
wide observance of health week and  
reveal an increasing interest on the  
part of the community in the wel-  
fare of the Negro.

White and colored social agencies  
and state and federal public health  
bureaus have co-operated generously  
in making the observance of National  
Negro Health Week effective in se-  
curing better Negro health.

## TO HEALTHY CITIES

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Announcement was made here this  
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(D. C.) Tribune; Miss Virginia Wing,  
of the Cleveland (O.) Health Council  
representing the National Clean-up and  
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better Negro health.

General



## General Program Suggested Health Week Observance

(Continued from Page 1)  
all health agencies, including medical societies and nurses' organizations, also representatives of the schools, the churches, the members of commerce, Rotary, Kiwanis, Lions and other business men's groups, women's clubs, fraternal orders, and all interested organizations. The central committee should be organized. Officers should be selected. Committees appointed and definite plans decided upon for an effective participation in Health Week during April and for the development of a program of health work to continue throughout the year.

It will be well if the central committee can arrange to health survey of the community to determine what diseases and defects are most responsible for the community's ill health. While a thorough, systematic study may not be possible on short notice and without assistance from State or national organizations, it will usually be practicable for the central committee to conduct a brief, though careful, study of the local situation, to determine what diseases should be given first consideration in the week's campaign. In some rural districts it may be hookworm disease, in other communities it may be tuberculosis, and in still others the venereal diseases. These special problems, whatever they be, should be given special consideration. But, in addition, plans should be made for a vigorous attack upon all the disease enemies of the community.

Probably two kinds of committees should be appointed. First, there should be a committee for each of the eight days of the Health Week program—Mobilization Day Committee, Home Hygiene Day Committee, a Community Sanitation Day Committee, a Children's Health Day Committee, Adults' Health Day Committee, Special Campaign Day Committee, General Clean-Up Day Committee and Report and Follow-Up Day Committee. In addition, there may well be an education committee to see that pamphlets, lantern slides exhibits, and other materials are available for all the various kinds of meetings held on each one of these days; a committee of sanitary measures to offer expert advice in regard to the cleaning up of homes, the destroying of flies and mosquitoes, and similar sanitary measures, as well as to offer assistance to the committees having charge of the various daily programs; and a committee on medical measures to offer expert advice on the establishment of clinics and the development of other medical measures.

The central committee itself, or a special subcommittee, may arrange various special functions, such as a mass meeting at the beginning and another at the end of Health Week, a health play, or a health show. In addition, there may be prizes for essays by school children, prizes for the healthiest boy and girl in the community, prizes for the cleanest dairy, and prizes for the most effective work in community sanitation. No one at a distance can determine just what kind of an organization each community will need. Some central committees may wish to adopt the above suggestions in full; probably a great many will wish to adopt them only in part.

### The Program

The events for each of the various days of Health Week should be in charge of a separate committee, and each committee should be appointed early, so it may have plenty of time to make its plans and arrange a successful program of work.

#### Sunday, April Third, Mobilization Day

This is a day of meetings. Sermons should be preached in the morning by the various local ministers. In the afternoon there should be one or more mass meetings—one being adequate for rural community, town or small city, and several sectional mass meetings being desirable in large cities.

#### Monday, April Fourth—Home Hygiene Day

At various places where people assemble, both adults and children, talks should be given for the purpose of enlisting all homes in observance of Home Hygiene Day.

Heads of families should be urged to carry out all measures suggested for the establishment of a sanitary home. Suitable pamphlets should be distributed by various agencies. Talks in the sanitary homes should be given to the children in the schools, and circulars should be handed to them to take to their parents.

#### Tuesday, April Fifth—Community Sanitation Day

Talks, as upon Monday, should be given at business men's clubs, women's clubs, and in the schools to urge the people to assist in the special work of the day.

Committees or teams of men should make a systematic attack upon all marshes, swamps and other places where water may collect and become stagnant for the purpose of draining such places and preventing the breeding of mosquitoes. Committees may obtain pamphlets with directions for carrying on this work most effectively by writing to the State Department of Health.

At meetings on Community and Sanitation Day, April 5, some part of the exercises may be properly devoted to

a commemoration of the birthday of Booker T. Washington. The Founder of National Negro Health Week.

#### Wednesday, April Sixth Children's Health Day

Talks for children in the schools should be given special attention on this day, and at various meetings of adults, parents should be urged to co-operate with schools. Clinics should be established in every school for the examination of children; both those who have entered school and those of pre-school age. Such examinations will reveal defects which may cause great sufferings in later years if they are not remedied. All children should be vaccinated against small-pox and toxin; anti-toxing as a preventive of diphtheria (when indicated) should be applied as a matter of regular procedure. Teeth should be examined and defects remedied. Enlarged or diseased tonsils and adenoids should be removed when in the opinion of the physician they are a source of danger.

#### Thursday, April Seventh Adults' Health Day

Talks should be given before all organizations of business men, women's clubs and civic agencies which hold regular or special meetings on this day.

The special aim of these talks should be to interest all adults in the health examination. It should be pointed out that many adults, as well as children, have conditions which, while they may not be apparent, constitute a menace to the individual's health and tend to shorten his life.

#### Friday, April Eighth—Special Campaign Day

A survey under the general direction of the community's central committee, even though it be hurried and superficial, will probably reveal the existence of some special disease menace in every community. In some cities and towns it may be malaria, in others it may be tuberculosis or hookworm disease, in still others it may be the venereal diseases.

On this day an opportunity should be afforded for the inauguration of a program of measures directed especially against the particular disease which appears most dangerous to the community.

Talks should be given before various organizations of adults, at business houses, and in schools and colleges regarding the control of this special disease.

#### Saturday, April Ninth—General Clean-Up Day

This is a day for general cleaning up. Homes, school houses, halls, other public buildings and their surroundings should be thoroughly cleaned. On this day, gather and burn all rubbish and trash. Rubbish that is not burned should be placed in garbage cans to be collected by street cleaners.

It would be helpful to give talks on the value of keeping homes, yards, public buildings and communities clean all the year. Make plans for special cleaning at stated times during the year. The co-operation of local health boards and city authorities should be solicited to help in this movement.

#### Sunday, April Tenth—Report and Follow-up Day

The central committee should hold its final meeting of the week on Sunday noon or other hours to plan ways and means by which the results of the week's work may be conserved and to complete plans for a mass meeting to be held Sunday night.

The purpose of the mass meeting is to win the support of the citizens of the community in the development of a more adequate program of health measures through the year.

Tuskegee Institute will welcome suggestions for making the campaign a success, and will be glad to co-operate with individuals or groups in making their plans for the week.

Address:

R. R. Moton, Principal,  
Tuskegee Institute, Alabama.

## General Program Suggested For Thirteenth Observance Annual Negro Health Week

**TUSKEGEE INSTITUTE ISSUES HELPFUL LITERATURE  
ON THE CELEBRATION**

## Observance April 3 To May 10

**Health Week Bulletin May Be Obtained From Tuskegee Or  
From U. S. Public Health Service At Washington,  
D. C.—Events For Each Day's Activities**

Tuskegee, Ala., Mar. 14—In accordance with the resolutions of the National Negro Business League, and in co-operation with the Annual Tuskegee Negro Conference and other influential organizations, this invitation is extended to the following agencies and organizations to unite in the observance of the Thirteenth Annual National Negro Health Week, from April 3, through April 10.

The United States Public Health Service, The National Health Council, The National Medical Association, The National Tuberculosis Association, The National Association of Graduate Nurses, The National Organization for Public Health Nursing, The American Red Cross, The American Social Hygiene Association, The National Child Welfare Association, The American Child Health Association, The National Health Circle for Colored People, The National Clean-up and Paint-up Bureau, The National Federation of Colored Women's Clubs.



The National League on Urban Conditions. The Commission on Interracial Co-operation. The Young Men's and Young Women's Christian Association of Teachers in Colored Schools. The Associated Negro Press. The National Negro Press Association. The State Boards of Health. City Boards of Health. State Medical Associations. Annual Church Conferences and Associations. Fraternal Organizations. Insurance Companies. Farmers Conferences. Local Schools and Churches.

The Twelfth Annual National Negro Health Week was more widely observed than any preceding Health Week, and secured a more general interest in, and understanding of Health problems and health education among Negroes than ever they be, should be given special any preceding Health Week observance. Greater results are expected from the Thirteenth Annual Negro Health Week.

The United States Public Health Service has again prepared the Health Week Bulletin. It is ready for distribution and copies of the same may be secured by application to the program—Mobilization Day Committee, United States Public Health Service, Washington, D. C., or to Tuskegee Institute, Alabama.

Suggestions for a sermon on Health Week have been prepared. Copies of the same may be secured by application to Tuskegee Institute.

It has been decided to stress this year as last year the building of sanitary toilets.

#### How a Community May Get Ready For Health Week

The civic agency, or the church, or the individual man or woman desirous of bringing about the observance of Negro Health Week to the cleaning up of homes, the destruction of flies and mosquitoes, and all public-spirited agencies in the community. If there is an official health department in the county or city, the executive officer of that health agency should be consulted first. He is the logical person to assume the leadership and to call together representatives of all other agencies.

If there is no official health agency in the community, the medical society, or a civic organization, or possibly a church may issue a call for a conference.

To this preliminary meeting, there should be invited representatives of all health agencies, including medical societies and nurses' organizations, also representatives of the community, prizes for the cleanest schools, the churches, the chambers of commerce, Rotary, Kiwanis, Lions and other business men's groups, women's clubs, fraternal orders, and all interested organizations. A central committee should be organized, officers should be elected, committees appointed and definite plans decided upon for an effective participation in Health Week during April and for the development of a program of health work to continue throughout the year.

It will be well if the central committee can arrange to have health survey of the community to determine what diseases and defects are most responsible for the community's ill health. While a thorough, systematic study may not be possible on short notice and without assistance from State or national organizations, it will usually be practicable for the central committee to conduct a brief, though careful, study of the local situation, to determine what diseases should be given first consideration in the week's campaign.

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The purpose of the mass meeting is to win the support of the citizens of the community in the development of a more adequate program of health measures through the year.

Tuskegee Institute will welcome suggestions for making the campaign a success, and will be glad to co-operate with individuals or groups in making their plans for the week.

#### Address:

R. R. Moton, Principal,  
Tuskegee Institute, Alabama.



Health Week - 1927

Georgia

A FITTING CLIMAX successful Savannah has seen being adopted before it will be That the final observance of but all of those who subscribed brought down to any apprecia- Negro Health Week should cen-have not properly fulfilled theirble extent.

ter around a mass meeting atpledges and now the institution Ignorance is playing an im- the new Charity Hospital build-is handicapped for further fundsportant part in this shockingly ing is a fitting climax to thisbecause of this non-payment ofhigh death rate. Conjuring, seven day effort to better oursubscriptions. To cease workhoodooism and quackism are health conditions. The meetingon this project will be one oframpant among a large propor- Sunday afternoon should be at-the greatest drawbacks the Ne-tion of our people and standing tended by a record crowd whcgoes of Savannah have receivedin the way of scientific medical will not only have the privilegein many a day and yet that istreatment. They are claiming of listening to a splendid pro-just what is going to happenthousands of victims every year, gram bearing on health but willunless the pledges which werea very large portion of whom have the opportunity of seeingmade are scrupulously fulfilledcould be saved by proper medi- the progress which has beenA city of fifty thousand Negroescal treatment.

made in the erection of thiswhose commonwealth is looked The dissemination of health splendid hospital building which,upon as one of the fairest and literature among the ignorant when completed will be amonu-most prosperous in the countrywill help the situation a lot, but S. W. Boynton, county agent." Negligence Proves Costly one house is being painted. Five Clarke County—"The real worth wells have been cleaned and a of good sanitation can not be es- shelter put over one, and two have

4-7-27 The object of the meetingoutstanding accomplishment ofcation against disease andquack- Sunday afternoon is two-foldthe past decade or more andism. A movement to keep up throughout the year the good epidemic known to be 'small pox The address of Bishop Flipper be- visited one of the most outstand-fore a large and appreciative body in charge of the funds for thestake and we must make good.imperative, for unless this ising communities in the county re-of white and black was funda- recently and upon investigation the mental and peerless. Never be- fore in the history of the A. M. E. health officials found that thefore in the history of the A. M. E. cause was to a great extent due Church at this place has there

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tation, resulted in this disaster Other communities have profited by the mistake of the above men- haid in the Dunbar Theatre, Satur- tioned community, in that they have gotten busy at cleaning out all open ditches, disposal of all mittees were appointed to arrangetrash, garbage and rubbish. In meetings, demonstrations and toeach of eight organized communi- work in the interest of Healthties the 'Health Week' program Week. Seven meetings were heldhas been put over. The results in the following communities:have been as follows: 206 homes Sandfly, Montieth, Gordon, Rosemade more sanitary by repairing Dhu, Miller's Station, Fort Argileand cleaning, 75 of these homes and Flowersville. Five hundredhad quick or slack lime scattered circular letters were sent out rela- under them; 35 wells were cleaned tive to Health Week; 300 peopleout; 14 toilets repaired; nine poul- were reached directly through thesetry houses white-washed; 26 home meetings; 4 schools visited, 5,000grounds beautified.

4-14-27 The major part of this work was people reached in 1,000 The major part of this work was copies of literature were distributedaccomplished by young people and to individuals. Thirteen homes re-I feel that the future hope of this ported cleaned and furniture re-work rests in our ability to keep arranged; two homes white-wash-its importance before them." Ware County—"Through the ed; four sanitary toilets construct- operation of teachers of the county ten, and one distributed 50 dif- and communities, one new club was ferent papers. organized in the Fort Mudge com- munity; two school houses were work in the county; B. S. Adams, white-washed; two church houses

4-14-27 We are going to see this build. The program calls for a week's ing completed some day—there'sobservance, a fine idea as a be- no question about that—butginner, but the general condi- the urgent need is for more im- tion of our health is such that mediate funds in order that thea seven day campaign hardly work of erection may not stop scratches the surface. A look and that the construction mayat the vital statistics of our peo- go forward with all possibleple presents a most alarming pic- speed. The campaign for sub- ture, one which shows that we are dieing at a rate which calls for constant. heroic measures

county agent; Mrs. M. H. Jones, were white-washed; one commu- nity cemetery was cleaned and

Monroe and Lamar Counties—fence repaired, graves worked over 'Monroe and Lamar Counties join- and trees all white-washed around ed hands in making this one ofand in the cemetery. Every hen the busiest weeks in the history ofhouse in the county has been clean- National Negro Health Week. Ined and roost poles have been each rural school, the teachers car-cleaned and lime spread in and ried out daily health programs foraround the place. One hundred and the children and in each organizedfifty hogs have been treated for community special meetings werecholera, lice and worms and a gen- held where talks and demonstra-eral clean-up around the hog, cow tions on health were given by localand horse lots have been carried physicians or nurses. One featureon this week. Ten toilets have been of the week's work was the clean- repaired and made very sanitary out-well day, which was Friday.or put in a good sanitary condi-

Over 100 wells were cleaned outtion, although all of them have as a result of this day's work—not been flyproof, two houses on S. W. Boynton, county agent." the farm have been screened and Negligence Proves Costly one house is being painted. Five Clarke County—"The real worth wells have been cleaned and a of good sanitation can not be es- shelter put over one, and two have

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4-14-27

NEGRO HEALTH WEEK WAYCROSS, Ga., March 18.—In preparation for the National Negro Health Week which is to be celebrated here April 3-11, the city health commissioner, Dr. E. T. Atwood, is working to have every negro child between the ages of six months and ten years immunized against diphtheria before that time. Last year a feature of the celebration was that every negro school child had been vaccinated against typhoid fever.



APR 2 1927  
NATIONAL NEGRO  
HEALTH WEEK  
TO BE OBSERVED

National Negro Health Week will be observed from April 3 to April 10 this year, during which time an effort will be made by the steering committee of this city to reach our people in every walk of life to arouse them to the importance of preserving their health. Speakers will be sent to the churches, schools, factories, and lodges to bring to our people the need and the means of keeping health.

Programs will be published each day outlining the work, and we ask every one to give earnest attention and active support to make this effort a success in every sense of the word.

Pauline Hall and Pattie Lofton are the president and secretary, respectively, of the steering committee and there are special day, supplies, co-operation, speakers and publicity committees headed by some of the prominent people of the race.

A. C. HOLMES,  
Chairman.

Waveross, Ga. Journal Herald

MAR 1 1927  
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APR 5 1927  
FULL PROGRAM FOR  
NEGRO HEALTH WEEK

Mass Meeting Sunday at  
Charity Hospital

National Negro Health Week opened in Savannah and Chatham county Saturday by a clean-up campaign among the negroes. Sunday health remarks or special sermons were delivered in most of the negro pulpits of the city and county. Rev. N. A. Holmes and Rev. J. S. Braithwaite carried the urgency of the work to every pastor in the city unions of negro pastors.

The week's program is:

Today—Baby Day; Better Babies.  
Wednesday—City nurses in the schools with health stories.

Thursday—Tuberculosis and social diseases.

Friday—Sex, personal and public hygiene.

Saturday—Clean up, white wash, paint.

Sunday—Sum up, recapitulate.

On Friday evening, 8 o'clock, the annual health pageant will be given at the Star Theater on West Broad street. Children of the two colored high schools, under the direction of Prof. W. G. Dixon, head of the sci-

MAR 31 1927  
Negro Health Week.

The week of April 3 to 10 is to be observed in many sections of the country as health improvement week for the colored people. It appears to be a move of considerable importance, and it is entitled to the cooperation of every citizen.

The negroes, composing a large per cent of our population, have many handicaps in their progress toward better general health conditions. These obstacles are obvious to those who know the negro. Leaders there are among them who know the facts. They know that as a class no group stands so

acutely in need of improvement in the matter of health. The week ought to be one of great good in arousing intelligent interest in the possible things to make health better among the negroes as a class.

The official health organizations, the inter-racial associations, leaders sympathetic and understanding among the white people will co-operate; the negroes themselves are leading the work. The health statistics for the South generally make a poor showing largely because of the conditions among the colored people of the urban and rural communities. Those conditions can be improved.

This health week plan ought to be generally observed.

ence department at Cuyler, will act the main lessons of the week's campaign. An elementary group led by L. J. Hubert and M. G. Robertson will feature the evening's program also. The pageant will be followed by a specially-selected moving picture to bring home the values of outdoor life and wholesome exercise.

On next Sunday a mass meeting is to be held in front of the new Charity Hospital at Thirty-sixth and Florence streets at 3:30 o'clock under joint auspices of the Better Health Association and the Negro Ministers Unions. At this time Dr. M. L. Bryan, chief of staff of the United States Marines Hospital, will make the principal address. Special music will be heard from negro church choirs.

Dr. H. M. Collier, the president, and Principal J. W. Hubert, the secretary of the Savannah Negro Better Health Association, when approached yesterday expressed much satisfaction at the way the observance was beginning here and the highly efficient manner in which the various citizen committees are functioning. They believe much good will be accomplished for Savannah and for Savannah's Zone of influence by intensive house work, and the wide publicity campaign directed through the public press.

NEGRO BUSINESS  
LEAGUE BOOSTS  
CLEAN-UP DRIVE

By PRESTON C. PHILLIPS,  
Secretary.

The Negro people of the United States are to be congratulated on the fact that during the period from 1910 to 1920 the death rate in at least some Southern states decreased among Negroes more rapidly than among the white population. Notwithstanding, however, the rate remains higher among the colored. Throughout most of the South the infant mortality rate also is higher among the colored people and in most cases a slow death has been attracted from unsanitary conditions. In order that the Atlanta colored sections might be thoroughly cleansed, the clean-up campaign of Atlanta has been extended throughout April.

No set of men should be more interested in the national clean-up campaign than the colored men. It adds dignity to a man and gives prestige to business. Those engaged in business depend entirely upon the public for the support of their enterprises, and it is only reasonable to expect business men

to be intensely interested in everything that makes men, women and children more efficient physically and otherwise.

What can the business men do to aid in this health campaign? First, they can make their own places of business so clean that their patrons will be impressed to the extent that they will do likewise in their own homes where such is not true already. A number of those in business deal in the necessities of life—things that go into our bodies. It would mean much if every one of these merchants would move every piece of his stock, dust it off, clean his shelves, walls, floors, lights, show cases, windows, etc., and put a little paint here and there. Think of the impression that would be created among the patrons of the enterprises that would follow that suggestion. And, second, see that all surroundings are inviting and inducing to better business.

CHILD HEALTH SUNDAY.

The Georgia May day committee, cooperating with the Georgia state board of health and the American Child Health association, is planning Child Health Sunday, also for the featuring of child health work in all Sunday school exercises.

Mrs. C. A. Ver Nooy, of Athens, is chairman, and is earnestly and vigorously striving to make this May day one of real constructive helpfulness in this most appealing endeavor.

On this page today we publish the words of the "Hymn of Child Health," which will be sung in churches Sunday, not only in Georgia but throughout the nation. Every churchgoer who will participate in May day exercises should have these words handy and ready for the singing on Sunday. It is an inspirational hymn and impels one to think deeply and earnestly about the human obligation to provide for the health and happiness and future usefulness of children. Conservation of childhood is a sacred duty.

The state committee has announced the following objectives of the May day program:

Each community to have an active May day committee representing organizations interested in health, education and welfare.

Each baby on reaching six months of age to be given toxin-antitoxin to prevent diphtheria.

Each child to present birth, medical, dental and vaccination certificates on entering school.

Each county, either singly or in combination with other counties, to have a commissioner of health, public health nurse as provided by the Ellis health law and a demonstration agent.

Each citizen to know of reduced rates on railroads, and hospital treatment for indigent children. Arrangements to be made through the state board of health, Atlanta.

Each citizen to know that but 3 cents per capita is appropriated by the legislature for health activities for all citizens of Georgia.

A progressive program of health conservation calls for a more adequate appropriation.

We must appreciate that absence from school, because of preventable illness or physical defect, is a large item of waste in school administration, and that health for the entire state is to be had through a reasonable expenditure of money. Full enjoyment of good roads, good schools, good churches depends upon good health.

It is the most outstanding of economic problems—public health.

The Constitution heartily commends the activities of the May day committee and urges general citizen cooperation.



Health Week — 1927

# Plans Being Made For Health Week

## Committee In Charge to Meet Again At Cuyler Next Week

The health committee, of which Dr. M. M. Collier is the president, held its first meeting Monday afternoon at the Cuyler Junior High. Through community meetings, lectures and visits, the health conditions among Negroes and their improvement, will be placed before the colored people of this city as they have never been before. While not largely attended, the meeting was very interesting, and considerable headway was made as to the carrying out of the program health week which has assumed national proportions. Dr. Bassett, health officer, gave the committee many valuable suggestions and pointed out that Negroes, though they have many disadvantages against which they must fight, have many advantages they ought to use and make capital of.

It was brought out that venereal diseases and tuberculosis are playing havoc among Negroes in this city much of which can be prevented.

The committee was glad to hear of the kind and amount of work the city is doing in the way of treating diseases among Negroes, and appreciated the health officer's offer to help, wherever and in whatever way he can, in bettering health conditions among Negroes. The committee will begin at once to start a campaign of health education by instituting a clean up campaign to run until Health Week.

Many worthwhile suggestions were made at the meeting, which the committee hopes to incorporate into its program. The committee is trying to pitch its plans and work upon a broader lines than it has ever done, and solicits the assistance of persons who have at heart the health of the Negroes of Savannah and Chatham county. The next meeting will be held next Monday at 5 o'clock, at Cuyler street school.

Savannah, Ga., Courier-Extra

## MAR 28 1927 NEGRO HEALTH WEEK

Waycross, Ga., March 23.—(AP)—In preparation for the National Negro Health Week which is to be observed here April 3-11, the city commissioner, Dr. G. E. Atwood is working to have every negro child between the ages of six months and ten years immunized against diphtheria before that time.

A feature of the observance was that every negro school child had been vaccinated against typhoid fever.

SAVANNAH, GA., MARCH 28 1927

## MAR 28 1927 ANNUAL PLAY FOR NEGRO HEALTH WEEK

Will Be Given at Star Theater On April 8.

The "Fourth Annual Health Play" and program by the members of the Science and Dramatic Club of Cuyler High School will be given this year at the Star Theater Friday, April 8, at 8 o'clock, followed by a feature picture entitled "Birds of Prey."

The program is varied and novel, consisting of two short plays on health, physical exercises and stunt girls, athletic drill and music by individuals and choruses.

Jennie B. Horne is supervising the music. Wellington G. Dixon, head of science and latin at Cuyler, is directing the plays.

Characters in health play are: Christola Williams, Mary Lou; Talulah King, Fairie Fresh Air; Annie Stiles, Oatmeal; Beantine Hubert and Wilsie Myers, Strawberry and Orange; Ruth Harrison, Dame Sleep; Louise Butler, Happiness; Essie Mae Simmons, Toothbrush; Dorothy Brown, Washcloth; Mary Flood, Nurse; Wilbur Haver, Billy; Columbus Hall, Daddy Exercise; Leon Wheeler and Marion Johnson, Knights; Doro Lawson, Louise Champion, Estherline Phillips, Alice Fields; Ruth Campbell, Mack; Lula Ryals, Ida Cooper, M. Erwin, Tara Wiley, Willester Johnson, Fannie Stokes, Williams Sangers and Arthur Pope, Vegetables and Fruits.

Play, "Where Is My Toothbrush?" Cast: Mrs. Reynolds, Emma Brooks; Nellie Reynolds, Berneta Greene; Alice Drake, Mattie C. Blackshear; Sweet Chocolate, Lillie Scarborough; Ice Cream, Rosalie Williams; Rheumatism, Alma Reed; Candy, Eli Davis; Decayed Tooth, Willie Johnson; Dr. Collier, Orell Webb; Toothbrush, Mildred Polote.

SAVANNAH, GA.

Georgia.

## MAR 27 1927 NEGRO HEALTH WEEK BEGINS NEXT SUNDAY

### Local Committee Makes Final Preparations

The Thirteenth Annual Observance of Negro Health Week in America will take place next week, commencing April 3 and extending through April 10. Final preparations have been made by local committees under auspices of the Better Health Association, for an effective observance here. The local programs will be similar to the national programs, in many respects. Beginning next Sunday sermons on some phase of negro health will be emphasized by the pastors of the various churches in Savannah. During the following week regular health demonstrations and meetings will be held at different places with concentrated effort to reach every colored family in and near Savannah and give them wholesome information as to the proper way to live, prevent diseases and care for their bodies.

Among the outstanding features of negro health week observance will be the fourth annual health play and program at the Star Theater, Friday evening, April 8, by the public school children, and the big mass meeting at the Charity Hospital, Sunday, 3 P. M., April 10, at which time Dr. William M. Bryan of the U. S. Marine Hospital will deliver the principal address to nearly two thousand people.

The Savannah Electric Company has agreed to display placards on its cars calling attention to Health Week. Also, some of the theaters will run slides, showing and teaching health lessons. Dr. H. M. Collier is president of the Better Health Association.

COLUMBUS, GA., MARCH 25 1927

## MAR 25 1927 WAYCROSS TO OBSERVE NEGRO HEALTH WEEK

Waycross, Ga., March 25.—(AP)—In preparation for the National Negro Health Week which is to be observed here April 3-11, the commissioner, G. E. Atwood is working to have every negro child between the ages of six months and ten years immunized against diphtheria before that time.

A feature of the observance was that every negro school child had been vaccinated against typhoid fever.

SAVANNAH, GA., MARCH 28 1927

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK

One of the most important periods for educational and organizational activity is the week of April 3 to 10, to be systematically and generally observed in Savannah, devoted to consideration and planning for improvement of health condition among the colored people. Frankly, the negroes as a class, a 40 per cent proportion of the population here,

have many handicaps in their progress toward better general health conditions. These obstacles are obvious to those who know the negro. Leaders there are among them who know the facts. They know that as a class no group stands so acutely in need of improvement in the matter of health. The week brought to be one of great good in arousing intelligent interest in the possible things to make health better among the negroes as a class. The official health organizations, the inter-racial associations, leaders sympathetic and understanding among the white people will co-operate; the negroes themselves are leading the work. The health statistics for the South generally make a poor showing largely because of the conditions among the colored people of the urban and rural communities. Those conditions can be improved; the special effort in educative activity will go a long way in the improvement.

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK OBSERVANCE BEGINS

### Annual Play at Star Theater on Friday

The thirteenth annual "Negro Health Week" celebration in the United States opened yesterday. Throughout the country ministers spoke to their congregations on health conditions and how to improve them. Signs, posters, health propaganda and placards are being used to awaken and arouse in the mind of every public-spirited and broad-minded person the importance of keeping the body in good normal health and prevent the spreading of diseases, by keeping one's self and his surroundings clean, thereby prolonging life and being of greatest service to self and country.

This week, this message of better health will be further extended by talks, distribution of pamphlets, literature and public meetings through the country.

The Savannah organization that is known as the "Better Health Association for Negroes," is co-operating with the city health department, health agencies, civic and business clubs to make an effective impression on the 40,000 negroes in and near Savannah.

ON FRIDAY NIGHT at 8 o'clock at the Star Theater the annual health play and program will be given by the public school children, directed by Prof. Wellington G. Dixon, assisted by others. Over 1,000 youths and grown-ups will be reached at this time.

The complete program to be presented follows:

Health songs, Cuyler chorus; essay on Health, Marigold McIver; vocal solo, Florine Solomon; Ashbrook, elementary children; selections, Jubilee and Cuyler's quartet; health pageant, "Where's My Toothbrush?" Music: play, "Good Health Fairies;" athletic drill and stunts by girl athletes; announcements, photoplay, "Birds of Prey," starring Priscilla Dean and Hugh Allan.

SAVANNAH, GA., MARCH 28 1927

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK OPENS ON SUNDAY

### Mass Meeting at Charity Hospital on April 10

Sunday will open the thirteenth annual "Health Week" for colored people in the United States.

The local committee, under auspices of the Better Health Association, has been most active during the last three weeks, making final arrangements for an effective observance here.

Among other things, the committee has planned a big mass meeting at the Charity Hospital Sunday afternoon, April 10, 3 o'clock, at which time, Dr. William M. Bryan, director of the United States Marine Hospital, will address nearly 3,000 colored people.

In addition, the annual health play and musical program, by the public school children, directed by Prof. Wellington G. Dixon, head of science and Latin departments of the Cuyler High School, assisted by J. B. Horne, supervisor of music, and others, will be held at the Star Theater, Friday night, April 8, at 8 o'clock. A special photoplay, "Birds of Prey" will also be shown in connection with the program.

Placards are being displayed in all public places and on street cars, calling attention to health requisites, clean-up campaigns, removal of waste.

Tomorrow, sermons in all of the negro churches, will be preached on health among colored people, particularly, Monday will be "Home Hygiene Day;" Tuesday, "Community Sanitation Day;" Wednesday, "Children's Health Day;" Thursday, "Adults Health Day;" Friday, "Campaign and Program Day;" Saturday, "General Clean-up Day;" Sunday, April 10, "Report and Mass Meeting Day."



## NEGRO BETTER HEALTH MEETING HELD TODAY

At the Cuyler School at 5 o'clock this afternoon the various committees appointed to function in and around Negro National Better Health Week, April 3-10, will have a joint meeting to perfect plans. It is expected that the following leaders will bring in their six associate workers: On public schools, P. L. Smith; private schools, Ophelia Lee; churches, Rev. N. A. Holmes; publicity, Prof. R. W. Gadsden; public meetings, Dr. H. W. Smith and Prof. W. G. Dixon; street stunts, Victoria B. Roberts; clean-up activities, Nurse Warren; prizes and awards, Prof. J. S. Bryant and President J. C. Lawrence.

Dr. H. M. Collier, the president, announces the engagement of several experts to speak and demonstrate during the week's program, whose names will appear later.

Week's program by days follows: Saturday (April 2)—Pre-clean-up day.

Sunday (April 3)—Sermons on health in all negro churches.

Monday—Preventable diseases.

Tuesday—Baby day; better babies.

Wednesday—In the schools.

Thursday—Tuberculosis day and social diseases.

Friday—Sex hygiene, personal hygiene; public meetings.

Saturday—Clean-up day; white-wash, paint.

Sunday—Sum-up day; recapitulation.

The city program will be worked jointly with the county program, and state-wide program issuing from the state college. Dr. Collier anticipates hearty co-operation of all agencies, social and civic, in Savannah territory, in fact, wherever the Savannah newspapers circulate and are read by the negro public.

SAVANNAH, GA.

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK BEGINS ON APRIL 3

### Organization Here to Have Excellent Program

The week of April 3 to 10 has been set aside for the thirteenth observance of "National Negro Health Week." State and municipal health departments, voluntary health organizations, and numerous other agencies interested in race welfare and advancement are co-operating with the United States Public Health Service in a determined effort to improve and make better health and living conditions among all people—the colored people particularly.

In keeping with national plans for better health and living conditions among all people, the colored people, most particularly, the "Better Health Association," under the direct leadership of Dr. H. M. Collier, assisted by physicians, school principals and teachers, ministers, nurses, heads of clubs and lodges,

business organizations, together with Health Commissioner Dr. V. H. Bassett, have met and fully outlined plans whereby "Health Week" will be most effectively observed in Savannah and Chatham county this year.

It is the plan of the committee in charge to set aside each day of "Negro Health Week" for special observance, of some phase of health work which will be beneficial to both the old and young alike. Sunday, April 3, will be mobilization day; Monday, April 4, home hygiene day; Tuesday, April 5, community sanitation day; Wednesday, April 6, children health day; Thursday, April 7, adult's health day; Friday, April 8, special campaign day; Saturday, April 9, general clean-up day; Sunday, April 10, report and follow-up day.

As a climax of the local celebration of Negro Health Week, a health play and program will be given at the Star Theater, one night, by the Cuyler students, demonstrating proper foods, sleep, exercise and the general care of the body.

### OBSERVE HEALTH WEEK.

WAYCROSS, Ga., April 6.—The

negroes of Waycross this week, under the leadership of the Negro

Business League, are celebrating

National Better Health Week.

The list of speakers includes: Dr.

H. C. Scarlett, Dr. W. W. Wright,

Dr. J. J. Creagh, Dr. A. A. Hopps,

Dr. S. A. Reddick, J. C. Clark and

W. S. Lester

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK

Sermons In Churches Sunday Will

Open Occasion

Sunday ushers in the thirteenth annual Health Week for colored people in the United States America.

The local committee, under the auspices of the Better Health Association, has been most active during the past three weeks, making final arrangements. Among other things, the committee has planned a mass meeting at the Charity Hospital Sunday afternoon, April 10, at 3 o'clock, at which time Dr. William M. Bryan, director of the U. S. Marine Hospital, will address nearly 3,000 colored people.

In addition, the annual "health play" and musical program by the public school children, directed by Prof. Wellington G. Dixon, head of science and Latin of the Cuyler High School, assisted by J. B. Horne, supervisor of music, and others, will occur at the Star Theater Friday night, April 8, at 8 o'clock. A special photoplay, "Birds of a Feather," will also be shown in connection with the program.

Sunday morning sermons in all of the negro churches will be preached on health. Monday will be Home Hygiene Day; Tuesday, Community Sanitation Day; Wednesday, Children's Health Day; Thursday, Adults' Health Day; Friday, Campaign and Program Day; Saturday, General Clean-Up Day; and Sunday, April 10, Report and Mass Meeting Day.

Sandersville, Ga., Progress

APR 6 1927

NATIONAL NEGRO CLEAN UP

WEEK APRIL 3RD-10TH, 1927

The United States department of agriculture co-operating with the National board of health. The Georgia state board of health, The Georgia State College of Agriculture, Athens, Ga., through its colored department, Georgia State Industrial College, Savannah, Ga., are requesting all local forms of government: Cities, county and municipalities to co-operate in this movement. This work in Washington county will be carried out by the Colored County Agents. Cards have been mailed to all of the colored ministers of this county so that they may preach a clean-up sermon during the month of April. You will find appropriate text to be found as following: Gen. 43:28, Jeremiah 30:17, Jeremiah 33:6; Psalms 42:11. The Colored ministers are to make health Sunday effective. It is suggested that if a sermon is to be preached on health, then the church should be a shining example of sanitation. The most of Colored churches and schools are not ventilated properly. We have been to some schools and churches recently in Washington county where the windows were all nailed down to keep out the fresh air. The colored agents would be glad to co-operate with the county health officer. The city board of health, the County superintendent of schools. The principals of all colored schools, the heads of white and colored ministers as association, Red Cross, the anti-Tuberculosis committees and any local councilmen of Washington county.

We urge that every colored school teacher appoint the following committees: Whitewash, School and church clean; Sanitary toilet building, yard cleaning and etc., as may be necessary. We would that every tenant house in Washington county could be whitewashed. We as County agents wish and long to remain in Washington county just long enough to see a continued white way.

Throughout the county on every public school children, and the big mass meeting at the Charity Hospital, Sunday, 3 P. M., April 10, at which time Dr. William M. Bryan of the U. S. Marine Hospital will deliver the principal address to nearly two thousand people.

The Savannah Electric Company has agreed to display placards on its cars calling attention to Health Week. Also, some of the theaters will run slides, showing and teaching health lessons. Dr. H. M. Collier is president of the Better Health Association.

We are taking this opportunity to ask all councilmen of the various cities and municipalities of Washington County to co-operate with us by having all trash, tin cans and rubbish removed from all colored localities during the month of April. This alone will no doubt save many doctors bills and possibly a few lives and a great deal of

trouble and worry. Keep down vermin, Hygiene Day; Tuesday, Community Sanitation Day; Wednesday, Children's Health Day; Thursday, Adults' Health Day; Friday, Campaign and Program Day; Saturday, General Clean-Up Day; and Sunday, April 10, Report and Mass Meeting Day.

Clean house, scald and treat for bed bugs, sweep down cob webs, paint up and whitewash. Clean out stables, spread manure on land. Clean out cow stables, hen houses,

hog pens, manure and compost heaps. Burn old rags, accumulated filth, old straw, dead and diseased fruit tree limbs, chips and trash. Haul off old tin cans, broken glass jars and bottles and tin buckets. Put in shape, top of wells, flower beds, back and front yards, poultry house, and build a sanitary toilet.

Program: Sunday Mobilization day. Monday Home Hygiene day, Tuesday Community sanitation day. Wednesday children's health day. Thursday. Adult day. Friday Special Campaign day; get a record of everything that has been done in each home, school and church and report same to Colored County Agents or Superintendent of the schools. Saturday: Final planning day. We hope that Washington County will come into the front ranks with this movement.

CORRIE B. BROWN

THOS. W. BROWN

Colored County Agents.

Washington County, Ga.

MAR 27 1927

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK BEGINS NEXT SUNDAY

### Local Committee Makes Final Preparations

The Thirteenth Annual Observance of Negro Health Week in America will take place next week, commencing April 3 and extending through April 10. Final preparations have been made by local committees under auspices of the Better Health Association, for an effective observance here. The local programs will be similar to the national programs, in many respects. Beginning next Sunday sermons on some phase of negro health will be emphasized by the pastors of the various churches in Savannah. During the following week regular health demonstrations and meetings will be held at different places with concentrated effort to reach every colored family in and near Savannah and give them wholesome information as to the proper way to live, prevent diseases and care for their bodies.

Among the outstanding features of the health week observance will be the fourth annual health play and program at the Star Theater, Friday evening, April 8, by the public school children, and the big mass meeting at the Charity Hospital, Sunday, 3 P. M., April 10, at which time Dr. William M. Bryan of the U. S. Marine Hospital will deliver the principal address to nearly two thousand people.

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# Observance Health Week Begins Mon.

## Citizens Requested To Give Some Time To Attending Health Meetings

The Better Health Association has perfected its plans for the observance of Negro Health Week which begins April 3rd and ends on April 10th. Beginning on Saturday, the citizens are expected to be turning up their premises so as to have the week begin with everything in readiness for the observance of the week which will be devoted to the discussion of matters pertaining to health and sanitation.

On Sunday the churches will give some suitable notice of these conditions, and suggest remedial measures and spiritual values of good health.

On Monday the moving picture houses will begin showing slides, calling attention to some common practices that are conducive to good health. On other days during the week there will be lectures given in the schools and churches, setting forth the virtues of good bodily health and clean mental health. The city nurses have volunteered their services, as have also many other citizens.

Placards have been distributed throughout the city. These are calling attention to the importance of cleaning up in and around houses and yards.

The association earnestly hopes to get a wider reaction to the observance of health week than it has ever been able to secure. One of the evidences will be a noticeable cleaner appearance in and around the city. The citizens are asked to throw out stagnant water which may be in old cans, tubs, bottles and in any thing that holds water. The schools will prepare sand tables and posters to show health situations and prizes will be awarded to the rooms which make the best showing.

On Friday night, a health play will be given by the association at the Star Theater. The play will portray health conditions and some of the simple ways of getting and keeping good health. The climax will come on Sunday when the association and the ministers of the city will hold a mass meeting at the Charity Hospital as a fitting end of the week's activities. At this meeting a program of speeches and music will be rendered, an address by Dr. W. H. Bryan of the Marine Hospital being the feature.

In the interest of Negro health in this city, all citizens are begged to give some time to attending all of the meetings, and to aid wherever they can in spreading the gospel of cleanliness.

No opportunity of more vital importance can be offered to the people of this community to render a real service, than is offered by the observance of Health Week.



Health Week - 1927

Georgia

DOSTA, GA. 11  
APR 6 1927  
**NATIONAL NEGRO HEALTH  
WEEK TO BE OBSERVED**

It is interesting to note that "National Negro Health Week," under the auspices of the annual Tuskegee Negro conference, will be observed from April the 3rd to the 10th.

Included in the "Health Week" campaign is the clean-up and paint-up work advocated, which work, we hope will be done to a finish by both white and black in this city.

HEALTH WEEK CELEBRATED

WAYCROSS, Ga., April 6.—The negroes of Waycross this week, under the leadership of the Negro Business League, are celebrating Negro National Better Health Week. The celebration opened Monday morning with a union meeting at the Negro High School and each morning of the week speakers are addressing the Center High School, Hazard Hill School, Reidsville School, Northside School and Pritchardville School. The list of speakers includes Dr. H. C. Scarlett, Dr. W. H. Wright, Dr. J. J. Creagh, Dr. A. A. Hopps, Dr. S. A. Reddick, J. C. Clark and W. S. Lester.

Waycross, Ga., Journal Herald

APR 3 1927  
**NEGRO HEALTH WEEK**

WOODBINE, Ga.—(Special).—The Negro Agricultural Agent for Camden County, M. A. Harris, is making preparations for an extensive and impressive celebration of Negro National Better Health week from April 3 to April 10. Several organizations will join in the celebration.

MAR 13 1927  
**NEGRO HEALTH WEEK  
BEGINS ON APRIL 3**

**Organization Here to Have  
Excellent Program**

The week of April 3 to 10 has been set aside for the thirteenth observance of "National Negro Health Week." State and municipal health departments, voluntary health organizations, and numerous other agencies interested in race welfare and advancement are co-operating with the United States Public Health Service in a determined effort to improve and make better health and living conditions among all people—the colored people particularly.

In keeping with national plans for better health and living conditions among all people, the colored people, most particularly, the "Better Health Association," under the direct leadership of Dr. H. M. Collier, assisted by physicians, school principals and teachers, ministers, nurses, heads of clubs and lodges, business organizations, together with Health Commissioner Dr. V. H. Bassett, have met and fully outlined plans whereby "Health Week" will be most effectively observed in Savannah and Chatham county this year.

It is the plan of the committee in charge to set aside each day of "Negro Health Week" for special observance, of some phase of health work which will be beneficial to both the old and young alike. Sunday, April 3, will be mobilization day; Monday, April 4, home hygiene day; Tuesday, April 5, community sanitation day; Wednesday, April 6, children health day; Thursday, April 7, adult's health day; Friday, April 8, special campaign day; Saturday, April 9, general clean-up day; Sunday, April 10, report and follow-up day.

As a climax of the local celebration of Negro Health Week, a health play and program will be given at the Star Theater, one night, by the Cuyler students, demonstrating proper foods, sleep, exercise and the general care of the body.

**"MILK FOR HEALTH" WEEK.**

A vigorous milk for health campaign will be conducted in Atlanta from May 9 to 14, inclusive. It is a worthy movement and deserves the hearty cooperation of everyone. It is to be conducted at the request of the state and local health officers, state and county officials. It will be actively supported by the Georgia State College of Agriculture, which institution has already sent dairy, nutrition and home economic specialists here to assist Dr. J. P. Kennedy and his executive committee.

A survey of the local situation shows that the per capita consumption of milk is about one-half pint per person. Studies made by the U. S. department of agriculture as a result of over 60 similar campaigns indicate that the standard for the best development of health is one quart per day.

The dairymen of this immediate section are in position to furnish an abundant supply of wholesome milk at the going market prices. Climate and soil conditions in this section of Georgia are admirably suited to the further expansion of dairying.

There is no need to hold back on the consumption of milk for fear of lack of supply as the farmers can produce many times the quantity needed even though the industrial development of the cities and towns should double or treble in the next decade.

The government has shown that in the 60 campaigns already conducted in other cities and counties an average of 12 per cent reduction in the number of undernourished school children has been made. These campaigns have increased the consumption from 10% to 30%.

The question of the use of milk is not solely one of ability to buy milk, as very often undernourished children are found in families of ample means. In many instances a rearrangement of the diet will enable housewives to give their families an adequate supply without in any way increasing the cost of foods.

**MILK-FOR-HEALTH  
PROGRAM PLANS  
NEAR COMPLETION**

J. Phil Campbell, director of the Georgia State College of Agriculture, was in Atlanta Wednesday to confer with local officials concerning the milk-for-health educational campaign to be observed May 9-14.

One of the features of the campaign will be a speaking program in all public and private schools in Atlanta, Deatur and Marietta, as well as those of the rural sections of Fulton, Cobb and DeKalb counties.

More than 50 economic experts and milk specialists, who are to deliver talks in various rural schools, are being mobilized this week at headquarters of the campaign, in the Fulton county courthouse, where Professor Willis A. Sutton, superintendent of

Atlanta schools, has agreed to put the message before pupils under his supervision, it was announced.

In addition to the speaking campaign among school pupils of the city and surrounding communities, officials in charge are planning to enlist the support of grocers and tradesmen who have direct contact with the consumer and can put the health week aims before the public in a convincing light, it was said. Exhibits illustrating the subject will be on display in many show windows throughout Atlanta and the surrounding districts.

MACON, GA. News

MAR 8 1927  
**PLAN "NEGRO  
HEALTH WEEK"**

The week beginning April 3 has been designated by the United States public health service as national negro health week. It is the 13th annual observance scheduled by the government department, the Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute of Alabama aiding largely in carrying out the program in southern states.

The city-county health department here will co-operate in observance of the week, according to Dr. J. D. Applewhite, health officer, and a program has already been planned in part. This includes a large amount of work in the clinic for negro infants and pre-school children that was recently established on Cotton avenue, and maternity work.

In accord with the resolutions of the National Negro Business League, and in co-operation with the annual Tuskegee negro conference and other influential organizations, this invitation is extended to the following agencies and organizations to unite in the observance of the thirteenth annual national negro health week, from April 3, through April 10.

The United States Public Health Service, the National Health Council, the National Medical Association, the National Tuberculosis Association, the National Association of Graduate Nurses, the National Organization for Public Health Nursing, the American Red Cross, the American Social Hygiene Association, the National Child Welfare Association, the American Child Health Association, the National Health Circle for Colored People, the National Clean-up and Paint-up Bureau, the National Federation of Colored Women's clubs, the National League of Urban Conditions, the Commission on Inter-racial Co-operation, the Young Men's and Young Women's Christian Association, the National Association of Teachers in Colored Schools, the Associated Negro Press, the National Negro Press

Association, the State Boards of Health, City Boards of Health, State Medical Associations, Annual Church Conferences and Associations, Fraternal Organizations, Insurance Companies, Farmers Conferences, Local Schools and Churches.

The Twelfth Annual National Negro Health Week was more widely observed than any preceding Health Week and secured a more general interest in, and understanding of health problems and health education among negroes than any preceding health week observance. Greater results are expected from the Thirteenth Annual Negro Health Week.

The United States Public Health Service has again prepared the Health Week Bulletin. It is ready for distribution and copies of the same may be secured by application to the United States Public Health Service, Washington, D. C., or to Tuskegee Institute, Alabama.

Suggestions for a sermon on health has been prepared. Copies of the same may be secured by application to Tuskegee Institute.

It has been decided to stress this year as last year the building of sanitary toilets.

Waycross, Ga., Journal Herald

APR 6 1927  
**NEGRO HEALTH  
WEEK PROGRAM**

**Atwood Principal Speaker At  
Center City High School  
Rally.**

The negroes of Waycross this week, under the leadership of the Negro Business League, are celebrating Negro National Better Health week.

The celebration opened Monday morning with a Union meeting at the Negro High school and each morning of the week speakers are addressing the Center High school, Hazard Hill school, Reidsville school, Northside school, and Pritchardville school.

The list of speakers includes Dr. H. C. Scarlett, Dr. W. H. Wright, Dr. J. J. Creagh, Dr. A. A. Hopps, Dr. S. A. Reddick, J. C. Clark, and W. S. Lester.

The following program was given at the Center City High school Monday morning:

Song; America.

Prayer; Pres. Negro Business League.

Song; Selected.

Nature of Meeting; Dr. Abe A. Hopps.



Introduction of Speaker; Dr. W. H. Wright.

Speaker of Day: Dr. George E. Atwood.

Solo; Miss Mary Lee Hall.

Closing Remarks; Prof. W. S. Lester.

Dismissal; 12 o'clock.

J. C. Clark, master of Ceremony

The following program was arranged for the week's activities in the various negro schools:

#### Center High School

Monday; Dr. S. C. Scarlett.

Tuesday; Dr. W. H. Wright.

Wednesday; Dr. J. J. Creagh.

ATLANTA, GA. NEWS

FEB 26 1927

## NEGRO HEALTH

### WEEK IN APRIL

#### Meeting at Cuyler School on Monday

Dr. H. M. Collier, president of Better Health Association for Negroes, announces the coming of National Negro Health Week, April 3-10, and in this connection the carrying out of the usual local program in Savannah and Chatham county.

The negro civic and social organizations and churches are requested to be represented at a health meeting at Cuyler School at 5 o'clock Monday afternoon.

Arrangements are also under way for a public program by the schools and a health play closing the activities of the week. It is hoped to reach in a more effective way, by health propaganda and otherwise Savannah and Savannah's territory in continuously improved health conditions among some 300,000 living in and near Savannah.

## HOW HEALTH WEEK

### WILL BE OBSERVED HERE

The thirteenth annual observance of health week, April 3 to 10, under the auspices of the Annual Tuskegee Negro Conference, the National Negro Business League in Co-operation with the United States Public Health Departments, County City and other health organizations, is outlined as follows:

The campaign in Chatham county will be conducted under the auspices of the United States Dept. of Agriculture and County Board of Health and County Colored Nurse through the cooperation of the Georgia State College and Colored Home and Farm Demonstration Agents.

The campaign will be stressed from the following angles: Personal; Church; Homes; Schools.

Since every car owner has a desire to keep his machine fit for service, he, therefore, exercises great care in operating it. He not only wants good roads, but he loathes to subject it to severe strains or rough treatment. The gigantic locomotive after every trip is rolled into the shop for inspection

and necessary adjustments before it is assigned another run. The human body is the most important of all machinery, and has the most intricate parts, still it is the most abused and neglected, yet the most endurable.

At the end of every year we pull up to the first day of January expecting to make another year's run. Would it be wise to go in for inspection, repairs and readjustments? This can only be done by yearly physical examinations. This should not only be done annually, but as often as conditions warrant it. Such examinations are the surest way of detecting diseases in the early and curable stage.

Some of the agencies for keeping the body in a healthy condition are fresh air; sunshine; clean homes and surroundings; wholesome food; pure water; sweet milk (especially for children); play; rest and a cheerful mind. "Cleanliness is next to godliness". Give the church special consideration during clean up week. Clean homes inside out. We can not expect good health with out clean homes and surroundings. Destroy the breeding places of flies and mosquitoes by gathering up all rubbish, tin cans etc. Clean the hog pens, chicken coops and horse and cow stables. Use plenty of lime and let that be your sign for clean up week.

The Negro Year Book states that there are 45,000 Negroes seriously ill in the South all the time. The annual cost of doctors' bill is \$75,000,000, and that 275,000 colored people die each year. 50 per cent of these deaths could be prevented by better sanitary conditions.

Clean up, have better health, live longer and thereby make a more prosperous race and country.

(Mrs.) Mary H. Jones, Home D. Agt.  
Benj. F. Adams, County Dem. Agt.

(Mrs.) Anna Warren, County Nurse

Atlanta, Ga. Secretary

AUG 1 1927

## Atlanta Ranks Third In Health Campaign

With Cincinnati first and Louisville second, Atlanta is in third place in the nation in a negro health week campaign conducted recently, it was announced. This health week movement, which has been an annual affair for a long time, was begun by Booker T. Washington, and is now conducted by R. R. Moton, head of Tuskegee Institute.

ATLANTA, GA. COMMERCIAL

AUG 1 1927

## ATLANTA THIRD BEST IN NEGRO HEALTH

Trailing Cincinnati, and running Louisville a close race, Atlanta has been named the nation's third best city in a negro health week campaign, according to announcement Sunday by R. R. Moton, principal of the Tuskegee Institute and president of the National Negro Business League.

The negro health week movement was organized by the late Booker T. Washington and, under the leadership of Dr. Moton, the work has gone forward until today the annual campaign is widely regarded as of great worth in bettering hygiene and health conditions among the negro population of America.

JOURNAL  
ATLANTA, GA.

AUG 1 1927

## Atlanta Awarded Prize In Negro Health Contest

Atlanta has been awarded the third prize and a silver trophy cup in the national negro health week contest, according to an announcement received from Dr. R. R. Moton, principal of Tuskegee institute and president of the National Negro Business League. The first prize went to Cincinnati, O., and the second prize to Louisville, Ky.

The Atlanta campaign was under the supervision of an executive committee, with A. M. Carter, of the Standard Life Insurance company, as chairman.

Atlanta, Ga. JOURNAL

AUG 1 1927

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Health Week - 1927

# Youngsters Declares War On Junk



*Bee* 4-9-27 Chicago, Ill. —K. D. Ganaway Photo  
April 5th marks the beginning of "Negro Health Week." Youngsters all over the city have declared war on rubbish-laden vacant lots, such as this, which menace health and destroy the beauty of the neighborhood. Their clean-up drive will continue practically all the month of April, for on April 18th children of Chicago public schools will begin their annual clean-up campaign, which will last one week. Last year the youngsters killed 93,010 rats, planted 122,812 vegetable gardens, emptied 170,471 junk-laden ash cans and sold \$51,606 worth of junk and waste paper.

## MEDIC TALKS ON 'HEALTH WEEK'

Before a large-sized audience at the Grace Lyceum Sunday, Dr. Jasper Tappan Phillips gave an interesting and instructive address on health and the real value of the annual Health Week program which has been observed now for several years. He paid tribute to the founder, the late Booker T. Washington. He urged everyone to take constant care of their bodies and guard against venereal diseases, cancer and tuberculosis. The importance of fresh air

was stressed, proper diet and periodic examination and urged his hearers to live in accordance to the laws of hygiene and sanitation. The meeting was held under the auspices of the National Medical Association, with Dr. Carl G. Roberts presiding. In addition, Dr. William Giles rendered a piano solo. Dr. H. H. Clay gave a vocal solo.

SPRINGFIELD

ILLINOIS

## 400 ATTEND COLORED HEALTH WEEK MEET

Four hundred persons attended a mass meeting of the Springfield Urban league last night at Palmer school in connection with Colored

Illinois

SPRINGFIELD

ILLINOIS

## BOOKER WASHINGTON SERVICE TO BE HELD

The local committee in charge of National Colored Health week, April 3 to 10, of which Dr. E. C. Howard is chairman, plans to carry on the work of the campaign through mass meetings, moving pictures, health exhibits and posters. Final arrangements for the entire campaign will be made this week.

Memorial services are being planned for April 5, the birthday anniversary of Booker T. Washington, in commemoration of his contribution to the progress of colored people. He founded the health movement over ten years ago.

REGISTER  
SPRINGFIELD, ILL.

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK WILL BE OBSERVED HERE

MANY ORGANIZATIONS COOPERATE FOR IMPROVEMENT OF HEALTH AMONG NEGROES

Negro communities throughout the United States will observe the thirteenth annual Negro Health Week from April 3 to 10. This period has been set aside by the leading negro organizations of the country, including the Tuskegee Negro conference and the National Negro Business league, the former cooperating with the National Medical association. Aiding these organizations are the United States Public Health service, the state and local health departments, and other health associations. Efforts to prevent communicable diseases and improve sanitary conditions among the negroes will be made during the week and a program for each day has been outlined. Sunday, April 3, has been designated as Mobilization day, when health sermons will be given by ministers and doctors. Monday will be Home Hygiene day and talks will be made by nurses, doctors and social workers with reference to social hygiene education. Health films, slides and exhibits will be used.

Tuesday will be known as Community Sanitation day. Wednesday as Children's Health day. Thursday as Adults' Health day. Friday as Special Campaign day. Saturday as General Clean-up day, and Sunday as

report and Follow-up day.

In Springfield efforts will be made by the local Urban league to educate the people in a campaign for better health.

SPRINGFIELD

ILLINOIS

## MEETINGS TO BETTER COLORED HEALTH END

The last of a series of meetings in connection with colored health week was held last night at St. Paul's A. M. E. church under auspices of the Springfield Urban league.

Doctor Heath spoke on the importance of anti-toxins in checking the spread of communicable diseases. Health films were shown.

REGISTER  
SPRINGFIELD, ILL.

APR 6 1927

## OBSERVING COLORED HEALTH WEEK NOW

Ideals of Booker T. Washington were compared with those of the campaign for Colored Health week, now being observed by Charles Gibbs at a meeting of the Urban league last night at Feitshans school.

Moving pictures showing the spread of germs and benefits of fresh air were shown. Dr. E. C. Howard, chairman of the local committee presided. Another meeting will be held at 8 o'clock tonight at the Grace M. E. colored church

SPRINGFIELD

ILLINOIS

## MOVIES FOR COLORED HEALTH WEEK SHOWN

Moving pictures will be shown tonight at St. Paul's A. M. E. church in the interest of Colored Health Week, and members of the state department of health will speak. A large crowd viewed the pictures last night at Grace M. E. church, colored. Five hundred health pamphlets were distributed yesterday and those who desire pamphlets on the subject of health are requested to call for them at 1610 East Jackson street.

The meeting Sunday at the Culture club will close the campaign. The Pekin theatre, under the management of Amos Duncan, is co-operating with the Springfield Urban league by showing a health picture at all shows this week.



SPRINGFIELD

ILLINOIS

## HEALTH WEEK

APR 1 1927

### COLORED HEALTH HINTS EMPHASIZED

Personal hygiene and the prevention of disease were emphasized yesterday afternoon by Dr. S. A. Ware at the final meeting in the interest of Colored Health Week at the Springfield Culture club. Cleanliness, pure food, fresh air and exercise were stressed by the speaker.

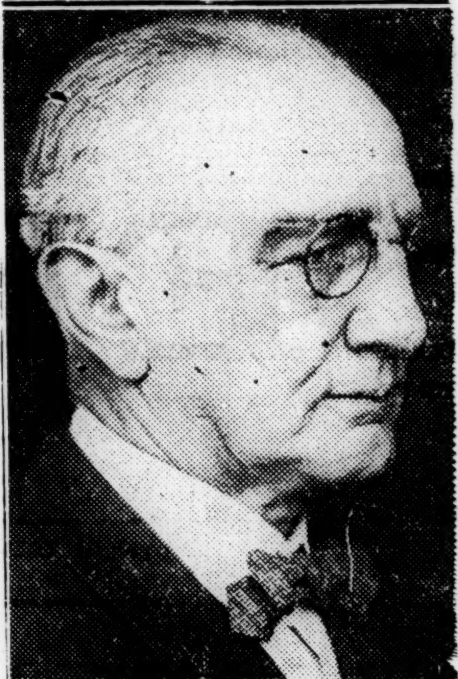
S. B. Danley, executive secretary of the Springfield Urban league, spoke of the success of the campaign and urged everyone to practice the health hints they had learned, not for just one week, but throughout the year. He announced that plans are being considered to make the committee that handled the campaign a permanent organization.

CHICAGO TRIBUNE  
SATURDAY, APRIL 1, 1927.

### Cups for Cities Doing Best Health Week Work

Tuskegee, Ala., April 1.—Organizations sponsoring the observance of the fifteenth annual National Health week, April 3-10, in the various cities and communities are urged by the national committee to keep careful record of their programs and achievements during the week so that an adequate report may be made of the health week activities and entered in the contest for the cups which the national clean-up and paint-up campaign bureau of New York City offers annually to the cities rated as having conducted the most effective campaign.

Cups are awarded to the cities ranking first, second and third, respectively. The cups will be presented to representatives of the winning cities at the annual meeting of National Business league, August 17-19, in St. Louis, Mo.



Dr. Miller

We are now in the midst of a very important mass movement for Public Health, from April 18 to May 1. There will be a comprehensive campaign in which a war is to be waged against dirt and disease. This movement originates with the Public Health Association, a national organization for the promotion of health. Other organizations altruistic in their purpose toward the Public Welfare are also cooperating with the movement.

The State Board of Health and the Health Department of the City of Chicago are directing and aiding the campaign. The public schools, the Boy Scouts, and the girls Junior Red Cross are enlisting in that part of the work to be known as "Clean Up Week."

The basements of dwellings, the alleys and all places which have been the receptacles of dirt and refuse during the winter months are to be cleaned up, because such accumulations are incubators and breeders of disease germs.

The medical profession is taking an active part in the Health Campaign, giving health talks in schools, churches, lodges, and all places of public assembly. The physicians of our group, the Cook County Medical Associations are sending a doctor to each of our churches to give 10-minute talks on health at one of the Sabbath services. Much good can and will be accomplished by this crusade against the twin evils, dirt and disease.

Nothing could be more worthy of the work done in this crusade to promote health for health is a state of happiness and efficiency. special aptitude for the study of of human suffering, economic loss and unhappiness. Therefore, it should cause each individual to take notice of it to consider its importance, and help the movement, whenever, and wherever, the opportunity presents itself. We can see that our premises and places of business are cleaned up, that all refuse of whatever nature is destroyed, we can buy Red Cross seals to aid in the fight on tuberculosis, we can do many things to assist in promoting public health.



Health Week - 1927

Indiana.

Wayne Ind. Journal-Gazette

Sunday, April 3, 1927

## MAKE PLANS FOR NEGRO HEALTH WEEK APRIL 3

The health committee of Wheatley Social Center, headed by Dr. H. J. Wilson, Dr. William Conner, and Dr. L. H. Anderson, announce plans to observe National Negro Health week as outlined by Tuskegee Institute.

This health campaign is observed throughout the country April 3 to 10, and this year bulletins from Tuskegee point out an especial need for health education on baby care and tuberculosis.

Sunday, April 3, sermons will be preached in the churches of the group; Monday, April 4, the better baby bureau will hold baby examination from 2 to 4 p. m. at the center for children under 6; Tuesday, April 5, a free dental examination will be given children under 12 years of age between the hours of 5 and 6:30 at Wheatley center, and Wednesday evening an adult mass meeting will be held at which time illustrated lectures on various health topics will be given.

Dr. William Conner will address this meeting on tuberculosis, Dr. H. J. Wilson will speak on child care and Dr. L. H. Anderson will give an illustrated talk on care of the teeth. Saturday, April 9, the Boy Scout troop of Wheatley Center will co-operate in a general cleanup day.



Health Week - 1927

# PI CHAPTER OBSERVES HEALTH WEEK

Samuel Huston College, Austin, Texas. The 9th Annual Negro Health Week in Texas was observed by the members of the Pi Chapter of the Phi Beta Sigma Fraternity of Samuel Huston College.

in practically every progressive community in America where any number of colored citizens reside. The diffusion of health knowledge has helped to lower the high death rate heretofore existing among the colored race. The following program is here by announced:

Speakers—Dr. J. L. Johnson Chairman; Dr. I. A. Pierson, Dr. E. B. Godfrey, Dr. C. M. Baker, Rev. B. J. Jones, Rev. L. M. C. Rawlston, Rev. B. W. Lee, Rev. W. Booker, Mr. Beck, Mr. Strickland. Co-operation — Mrs. Georgie Rhone, Chairlady, Mrs. M. A. Atkerson, Mrs. Mary McCoy, Mrs. Martha Martin, Mrs. Futch, Mrs. Brown, Mrs. Hill, Miss Allen, Johnson, Rogers, Warren and Hodge.

Publicity—Rev. B. J. Jones Chairman, Rev. A. G. Thompson, Deacon Burson, Rev. Lee, Mr. Gus Baker, Mr. Elis Montgomery, Mr. A. W. West, Mrs. Ed Bailey, Mr. Hicks, Mr. Bessie Malley and Deacon S. W. Jones.

Clean-Up—Mrs. Delilah Abney Chairlady, members of this Committee will be announced later.

A very effective program was rendered during the week. Interesting and instructive lectures were given by Prof. J. M. Brewer, Mr. George H. Craze, Field Secretary of the Texas Public Health Association, Dr. J. H. Stevens, Dr. V. T. Hammonds, Dr. J. L. Farmer, Dr. C. H. Christian, and Mr. E. B. Johnson.

The members of the Music Department of Samuel Huston College furnished very appropriate music for the occasion.

WICHITA KS. BEACON  
APRIL 6, 1927

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK

Observance of the thirteenth annual National Negro Health Week is now under way, sponsored by the annual Tuskegee Negro Conference and the National Negro Business League. The dates are April 3-10. Active co-operation is also given by the United States Public Health Service and states and local organizations which participate. A bulletin prepared especially for this observance may be obtained from the Public Health Service at Washington or from the Tuskegee Institute in Alabama. The Red Cross is doing its part to foster the purposes of this health week, the program of which emphasizes health practices and principles.

APRIL 31, 1927

## NATIONAL NEGRO HEALTH WEEK TO BE OBSERVED DURING NEXT WEEK

### Various Committees For Health Week Are Announced Here by Officials

Plans for the local observance of National Negro Health Week are being made by Prof. J. L. Jones, principal of Webster Parish Training School. The week will be observed April 3-10 with a separate program for each day. The ministers of the city will preach special health sermons and several physicians and leading laymen will give health talks during the week. Health week was founded several years ago by the late Dr. Booker T. Washington, who realized the great economic loss that black race and the social order suffer resulting from preventable diseases. The movement has become nationwide and is observed

KANSAS.



Health Week - 1927  
**MAKE EVERY WEEK  
HEALTH WEEK**

By **ALGERNON B. JACKSON, M. D.**  
Director, Department of Public Health,  
Howard University,  
Washington, D. C.  
(For The Associated Negro Press)

The week of April 3-10 has been set apart as National Negro Health Week. This period includes the birthday—April 5—of the immortal Booker H. Washington, who originated and made practical the ideal which is becoming of greater importance and value to the Negro and America each year. Should there be a doubt in the mind of any citizen of any city as to the importance of stressing the importance of this week in your city, call upon the local board of health or ask your physician to do so for you and learn the difference last year between the death rates of Whites and Colored there.

Throughout the United States the difference between the death rates of white and Colored people is so constant that the matter of error in statistics is reduced to the minimum. It is not very pleasant to have the fact of our unhealthfulness and untimely deaths dangled before us constantly, but the condition does exist and if ever there is to be any improvement, we must each and all regard it our especial and particular business to correct it. What we must do is to develop the health consciousness and make health getting an keeping the most fashionable pastime in which our race can possibly engage. Also we must come to realize that health, positive health is the base upon which we as a race must build in order to gain that social, economic and political emancipation for which we are all hoping.

Liberty to the Negro in America can come only as the result of continually fighting for it. A sick people weighed down by untimely death is neither aggressive nor progressive. Give us a people who are aflame with that virility, stamina, and urge which come from good health and its consequent long life and we shall have liberty in spite of all anyone

can do to prevent us enjoying all that America has to offer us. With out health there can be no liberty.

While in a great measure the colored citizens are themselves to blame for their poor health and high death rate, the entire fault is not theirs. However active or interested our leaders are (and they never over work themselves) in attempting a

campaign of education and sanitation toward bringing relief to our great untutored masses, they stand almost helpless in the face of municipal inactivity and indifference. The ideal Health—which theoretically at least includes the health of our Colored citizens is the business of the municipality and the officials chosen to carry out its edicts. Up to this moment the Colored citizens of this and other cities throughout our nation usually get the by-products of municipal machinery, and the sick and death rate among our people most certainly must be charged up—at least partially—to a measure of indifference and inefficiency on the part of the local health bureau.

The lack of proper hospitalization for Tuberculosis and other contagious diseases, unsanitary living conditions immune from investigation and correction, together with the general tendency to neglect Colored neighborhoods surely are weak spots in the local health code which demand a more human attitude scientifically applied. Without a doubt this must be done if we ever hope to bring our high mortality among this neglected group on a par with the whites.

Any and all movements to get better health among Negroes must be started by Negroes themselves and pushed with a vigor which gets action from the municipality, or the whole program breaks down. However, any attempt to make National Negro Health Week effectual in your city should not be regarded as merely a racial measure, but one of deep civic significance and importance to our whole population. The movement should awake the civic patriotism of every citizen in this city, if not from a humanitarian standpoint, certainly from man's most elemental emotion—fear and self preservation. For no city in America is big enough

to comfortably and safely house sick Negroes and healthy whites without terrific cost to both, in that the germs of disease except in the rarest instances play no favorites.

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK

The National Negro Health Week observance under the auspices of the Health Council of the Community Chest and the Inter-racial Commission, will close with a mammoth mass meeting April 10, 3 p. m., at Quinn Chapel, when the following program will be rendered.

Song by Quinn Chapel Choir; Invocation, Rev. R. C. Henderson; Selection by Quinn Chapel Junior Choir; Address, Representative State Board of Health; Solo, Mrs. J. H. Walls; Address, C. H. Harris, M. D., City Health Officer; Address, Summary of Negro Health Week, 1927, A. C. McIntyre, M. D.; Solo, Mrs. Anna B. Mahan; Address, "Chemico-Biological Aspects of the Health Problem," Prof. T. W. Talley, A. M., Member American Chemical Society, Professor of Chemistry at Fisk University, Nashville, Tenn.

W. H. Perry Jr., will introduce Prof. Talley. Committee on arrangements: Doctors J. H. Walls, Chairman; J. F. Laine and Professor H. C. Russell, Dr. James Bond, Chairman, Dr. J. A. C. Lattimore, Vice Chairman, Miss Mary Hicks, Secretary. Prof. T. W. Talley, A. M., member American Chemical Society and Professor of Chemistry at Fisk University, Nashville, Tenn., will deliver the principal address, "Chemico-Biological Aspects of the Health Problem." Prof. Talley is a speaker of force and eloquence and is favorably known throughout the country.

Kentucky.

Winchester, Ky.  
Sun

MAR 18 1927  
**NEGRO HEALTH  
WEEK IN APRIL**

Seventy-five Counties in Kentucky to Participate in Observance, April 3-10.

Seventy-five counties in Kentucky will participate actively in the observance of National Negro Health Week, April 3-10, according to the statement of Dr. James Bond, director of Inter-racial activities in the state and secretary of colored work for the State Young Men's Christian Association. The State Board of Health and practically all other agencies of public welfare in Kentucky, including schools, churches and women's clubs, will cooperate heartily with the interracial committees, which are operating in a large proportion of the counties of the State to make the health week of 1927 the biggest event of its kind in the history of the movement.

Negro Health Week is a product of the interracial movement in the South which was inaugurated soon after the close of the World War and is credited with being a strong factor in the solution of problems relating to the races. The "health week" program throughout the country is both educational and active. Cleanliness and practical principles of right living from the viewpoint of both the moral and physical are to be preached in the churches and schools, and "actual cleaning up" of premises and vacant lots is accomplished in many communities.

## LOUISVILLE, KY

APR 4 1927  
**HEALTH WEEK  
HELD BY NEGROES**

Committee Calls Attention to Mortality Rate Here, Addresses Delivered.

PROGRAMME GIVEN

Observance of National Negro Health Week was begun Sunday in Louisville with health talks in forty-three negro churches by negro physicians, and two special lectures. The programme for Monday is as follows:

Noon, health talk by Dr. John Nurse at the Campbell Tobacco Factory, 114 Liberty Street; 2 o'clock in the afternoon, pre-natal clinic at the out-patient dispensary at the City Hospital; 6:15 o'clock in the evening, Miss Bessie W. McDonald, superintendent of the Public Health Nursing Association, a Community Chest member agency, talks on "Child Health" before the City Federation of Colored Women's Club at the Phyllis Wheatley Branch of the Y. W. C. A.

The physicians' committee of Negro Health Week is composed of Dr. J. H. Walls, chairman; Dr. John Catalan, Dr. J. F. Laine, Dr. E. C. McIntyre and Dr. J. H. Williams. They called attention to the fact that the negro death rate in Louisville exceeds the birth rate.

The committee also called attention to the high infant mortality rate among negroes during the last seven years, showing that negro babies die at more than twice the rate of white babies.

High infant death rates among negroes can be lowered by increased pre-natal supervision and increased welfare stations, as well as home hygiene and home nursing courses for mothers, the committee said. One of the purposes of Negro Health Week, which is being held April 3 to 10, under auspices of the Health Council of the Community Chest and the Inter-racial Commission, is to call attention to the causes of the high mortality rate among negroes, it was said, and to help provide facilities for reducing it.

## PADUCAH, KY. News - Democrat

**HEALTH MEET TODAY**  
The McCracken County Public Health League will hold a health conference for all negro children of pre-school age in the city of Paducah this afternoon at the Lincoln high school. The conference will be held in connection with National Negro Health Week. The teachers of the Garfield school will assist the faculty of Lincoln high school in conducting the conference. There will be talks on health problems and a social meeting will follow.



LOUISVILLE, KY. POST

MAR 20 1927

# NATIONAL NEGRO HEALTH WEEK IS SET FOR APRIL

The health council of the Community Chest will promote National Negro Health Week, April 3-10, through the negro health committee. Definite action was taken at a meeting of the negro health committee at the headquarters of the health council. Dr. James Bond, director of interracial commission and State Y. M. C. A. secretary for colored work, was appointed chairman of the health week committee; Dr. J. A. C. Lattimore, vice chairman, and Miss Mary Hick, executive secretary of the health council, secretary. Many of the organizations participating in the Community Chest will assist in the health week campaign, including Boy Scouts, colored division, Eleanor Tarrant Little Foundation, Family Service Organization, Interracial Commission, Louisville Tuberculosis Association, Plymouth Settlement House, Presbyterian Colored Mission, Public Health Nursing Association, Urban League, Y. M. and Y. W. C. A., Sunshine and Booker T. Washington Centers, the State and City Boards of Health, Falls City and Inter-collegiate Medical Associations, Parent Teacher Association, Waverly Hill Tuberculosis Sanitarium, Colored Day Nurseries will also co-operate. It is hoped that the University of Louisville and County Boards of Education and County Board of Health will co-operate.

It was announced that the United States Public Health Service is publishing posters and bulletins on the health week. Kentucky State Board of Health is furnished a supply for free distribution.

Various committees were appointed and plans adopted looking to the most intensive health campaign ever held in Louisville and Jefferson county. W. A. Fisher, public secretary for the Community Chest; I. Willis Cole, editor Louisville Leader; Wm. Warley, editor of Louisville News; W. T. Berry, editor of Kentucky Reporter; W. H. Steward, editor of American Baptist, were appointed committee on publicity. A committee, consisting of Drs. J. F. Laine and J. H. Walls and H. C. Russell, was appointed to make arrangements and secure a speaker for the great follow-up mass-meeting Sunday afternoon, April 10, and it was announced that including Louisville and Jefferson county the health week campaign would be observed in seventy-five counties throughout the State of Kentucky. The Rev. G. G. Walker was asked to be chairman of a committee of colored ministers who would have in hand the health message to the colored churches.

## National Negro Health April 3 to 10, 1927

The week of April 3 to April 10, 1927, has been set aside for the thirteenth observance of National Negro Health Week. State and municipal health department voluntary health organizations, and numerous other agencies interested in race welfare and advancement are cooperating with the U. S. Public Health Service in a determined effort to improve health and living conditions.

It is the plan of the campaign to set aside each day of the week for special observance of some phase of health work.

Sunday, April 3, will be Mobilization Day; Monday, April 4, Home Hygiene Day; Tuesday, April 5, Community Sanitation Day; Wednesday, April 6, Children's Health Day; April 7, Audlt's Health Day; Friday, April 8, Special Campaign Day; Saturday, April 9, General Clean-up Day; Sunday, April 10, Report and Follow-up Day.

Health officials, race leaders, and others interested in the successful promotion of this observance can secure copies of the Bulletin or additional information as to the proposed plan of the Health Week by writing the U. S. Public Health Service, Washington, D. C., or to the Headquarters of the National Negro Health Week Committee, Tuskegee, Alabama.

## HEALTH LECTURES, FREE CLINIC GIVEN FOR NEGROES HERE

Four health talks and a free tuberculosis clinic were among Negro Health Week activities today, it was announced by Miss Mary L. Hicks, secretary of the Health Council of the Community Chest. The negro health week committee of the council, of which Dr. James Bond is chairman, is in charge of the observance.

Dr. J. M. Hammons spoke on health at Central High School at 11 o'clock, while Dr. J. H. Walls addressed the student body of Simmons University at the same time. Dr. Richard W. Oliver spoke at the R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company, Swan and Kentucky Streets, at 11:15 o'clock, and Dr. N. M. Turpin at 12 o'clock before another department of the company.

A tuberculosis clinic was arranged from 1 to 3 o'clock this afternoon at the Sunshine Center, 1023 West Madison Street, where negro men, women and children were offered thorough examination by the negro physicians in charge. This is a permanent clinic, meeting on Tuesdays and Thursdays each week.

The negro physicians' committee pointed out that the average negro birth rate from 1920 to 1925, inclusive, was 15.6 for each 1,000 population, while the average negro death rate for the same period was 22. The excess of deaths for 1,000 population during this time averaged 6.4. The special census of December, 1925, recorded 46,800 negroes in Louisville, the committee said, and, computing the loss in negro population on this census, the average loss for the past six years has been 300 individuals each year.

National Negro Health Week is being observed throughout Kentucky under the auspices of the State Board of Health and committees of the Kentucky Inter-Racial Commission.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Courier  
APR 7 1927

## NEGRO DOCTORS TO TALK TODAY

Will Visit Eighteen Schools  
Here In Observance of  
Health Week.

CLINIC IS SCHEDULED

Health talks by Negro physicians at eighteen Negro schools will feature the fifth day's observance of Negro Health Week, which is being held in Louisville, April 3 to 10, under auspices of the Negro Health Week Committee of the Health Council of the Community Chest. These talks will be held at 11 o'clock Thursday morning at all the schools. The schedule follows:

Phyllis Wheatley School, Dr. J. Nurse; Western Colored, Dr. S. C. Clowney; Simmons University, Dr. W. H. Witherspoon; Lincoln Colored, Dr. P. M. Flack; Central High School, Dr. J. A. C. Lattimore; Frederick Douglas, Dr. W. T. Merchant; Paul Lawrence Dunbar, Dr. Richard Oliver; Benjamin Bannecker, Dr. R. V. Rice; Booker T. Washington, Dr. John Catalan; Mary B. Talbert, Dr. W. H. Pickett; Virginia Avenue, Dr. C. W. Snyder; Highland Park,

Dr. William H. Smith; Wilson Street, Dr. G. H. Reid; Charles Young, Dr. A. C. McIntyre; Parkland Colored, Dr. Shipp; S. Coleridge Taylor, Dr. J. H. Williams; Georgia G. Moore, Dr. W. D. Locke, and Twenty-ninth Street School, Dr. Robert Oliver.

At noon Dr. R. E. Smith will address Negro employees of the Liggett & Meyers Tobacco Company, Twenty-fourth and Main Streets. A tuberculosis conducted by Negro physicians will be held at Sunshine Center, 1023 West Madison Street, where men, women and children may come for examination and advice, from 1 to 3 o'clock in the afternoon. From 2 to 4 o'clock in the afternoon a preschool conference will be held at the Lincoln Colored School, Morgan and Bland Streets, and the West End Colored Library, Tenth and Chestnut Streets. This conference, to which mothers may bring their babies for examination and advice will be held by the Public Health Nursing Association in co-operation with the City Health Department.

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Health talks by Negro physicians at eighteen Negro schools will feature the fifth day's observance of Negro Health Week, which is being held in Louisville, April 3 to 10, under auspices of the Negro Health Week Committee of the Health Council of the Community Chest. These talks will be held at 11 o'clock Thursday morning at all the schools. The schedule follows:

Phyllis Wheatley School, Dr. J. Nurse; Western Colored, Dr. S. C. Clowney; Simmons University, Dr. W. H. Witherspoon; Lincoln Colored, Dr. P. M. Flack; Central High School, Dr. J. A. C. Lattimore; Frederick Douglas, Dr. W. T. Merchant; Paul Lawrence Dunbar, Dr. Richard Oliver; Benjamin Bannecker, Dr. R. V. Rice; Booker T. Washington, Dr. John Catalan; Mary B. Talbert, Dr. W. H. Pickett; Virginia Avenue, Dr. C. W. Snyder; Highland Park, Dr. William H. Smith; Wilson Street, Dr. G. H. Reid; Charles Young, Dr. A. C. McIntyre; Parkland Colored, Dr. Shipp; S. Coleridge Taylor, Dr. J. H. Williams; Georgia G. Moore, Dr. W. D. Locke, and Twenty-ninth Street School, Dr. Robert Oliver.

At noon Dr. R. E. Smith will address Negro employees of the Liggett & Meyers Tobacco Company, Twenty-fourth and Main Streets. A tuberculosis conducted by Negro physicians will be held at Sunshine Center, 1023 West Madison Street, where men, women and children may come for examination and advice, from 1 to 3 o'clock in the afternoon. From

2 to 4 o'clock in the afternoon a preschool conference will be held at the Lincoln Colored School, Morgan and Bland Streets, and the West End Colored Library, Tenth and Chestnut Streets. This conference, to which mothers may bring their babies for examination and advice will be held by the Public Health Nursing Association in co-operation with the City Health Department.

APR 7 1927



Health Week - 1927

Pineville Ky

APR 7 - 1927

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK

Negro health week, which was established years ago by Booker T. Washington, will be observed in Bell County the week of April 8, according to Mrs. Faby Settle Farley, public health nurse. Health talks on the care of the teeth and the body will be given by Dr. J. H. Brooks and Dr. J. G. Foley. Other features of the health week will be tooth brush drills, weighing and measuring of all children under school age and the instructing of the mothers in the care of children. Mrs. Farley said.

## HEALTH PROGRAM

Tn interesting Health Program was rendered at the Oaklan Baptis Church, and great interest was demonstrated by those in attendance. The following subjects were discussed: "Community Co-operation for Health," Mrs. Andrew Reedy "Care of the Home," Mrs. Samuel Smith and Henry Boyd; "Care of Children," Mrs. Albert Green; "Scientific Meal Planning," Mrs. Jas. Sawyer. Many other good thoughts were brought out by others present in a general discussion. Dr. Smith gave instructive talks on "General Health and Tuberculosis. Mrs. E. C. Davis, state missionary, responded to the talk on "General Health."

Committee: Rev. T. Trigg, Chr., Mrs. Jas. A. Sawyer, Mrs. Samuel Smith, Mrs. Henry Boyd, Mrs. Andrew Reedy.

GREENUP CO. HEALTH WEEK

## NATIONAL NEGRO HEALTH WEEK IS APRIL 3 to 10

The week of April 3 to April 10, 1927, has been set aside for the thirteenth observance of National Negro Week. State and municipal health departments, voluntary health organizations, and numerous other agencies interested in race welfare and advancement are co-operating with the U. S. Public Health Service in a determined effort to improve health and living conditions.

As a first step in this widespread campaign, the Public Health Service announces the preparation and issuance of the annual National Negro Health Week Bulletin. This publication outlines effective methods of instituting and successfully carrying out the program of the Health Week. A National Negro Health Week poster is also being issued in a very limited edition for free distinction. Single copies or quantities of the poster or bulletin may be purchased at nominal cost from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C.

It is the plan of the campaign to set aside each day of the week for special observance of some phase of health work.

Sunday, April 3, will be Mobilization Day; Monday, April 4, Home Hygiene Day; Tuesday, April 5, Community Sanitation Day; Wednesday, April 6, Children's Health Day; Thursday, April 7, Adult's Health Day; Friday, April 8, Special Campaign Day; Saturday, April 9, General Clean-up Day; Sunday, April 10, Report and Follow-up Day.

Health officials, race leaders, and others interested in the successful promotion of this observance can secure copies of the Bulletin or additional information of proposed plans of the Health Week by writing the U. S. Public Health Service, Washington, D. C., or to the Headquarters of the National Negro Health Week Committee, Tuskegee, Alabama.

LOUISVILLE, KY

## Negroes to Hold Health Meeting

Fisk University Teacher to Be Chief Speaker Here Sunday Afternoon.

A mass meeting of Negro citizens at Quinn Chapel, 912 West Chestnut Street, Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, will mark the final activity of Negro Health Week, April 3 to 10, under auspices of the Negro Health Week Committee of the Health Council of the Community Chest. The programme for the afternoon has been arranged by a committee composed of Dr. J. H. Walls, chairman; Prof. H. C. Russell and Dr. J. F. Laine.

Kentucky.

The principal speaker will be Prof. South, which was inaugurated soon after the close of the World war, and the American Chemical Society and professor of chemistry at Fisk University in the solution of problems relating to the races. The "health week" program throughout the country is both educational and active. Cleanliness and practical principles of right living from the viewpoint of both the moral and physical, are to be preached in the churches and schools, and "actual cleaning up" of premises and vacant lots is accomplished in many communities.

PARIS (KY) KENTUCKIAN-CITIZEN MARCH 30, 1927

## National Negro Health

April 3 to 10, 1927

COVINGTON, KY. TIMES STAR APRIL 6, 1927

## NEGRO HEALTH WORK

Beginning with last Sunday, with negro physicians speaking in the churches and the dedication of the Shoemaker Health and Welfare Center, "National Negro Health Week," an idea of Booker T. Washington, was set in full swing in Cincinnati. Members of the West End Health Club and their families, co-operating with the Anti-Tuberculosis League, submitted themselves Wednesday for physical examinations. Also there was a demonstration of medical inspection at Stowe School, conducted by Dr. E. W. Schlemmer and Miss Amelia Johnson. At the Shoemaker Center there were exhibits of the household management classes. Jas. H. Calwell, representing the Social Hygiene Society, gave a lecture at the Shoemaker Center on "Social Hygiene."

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## HERALD-POST

LOUISVILLE, KY.

MAR 15 1927

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK' ANNOUNCED FOR APRIL 3-10

Seventy-five counties in Kentucky will participate actively in the observance of national negro health week, April 3-10, according to the statement of Dr. James Bond, director of inter-racial activities in the State, and secretary of colored work for the State Young Men's Christian Association.

The State Board of Health and practically all other agencies of public welfare in Kentucky, including schools, churches and women's clubs will co-operate heartily with the inter-racial committees, which are operating in a large proportion of the counties of the State to make the health week of 1927 the biggest event of its kind in the history of the movement. "Negro Health Week" is a product of the inter-racial movement in the

APR 13 1927

## Health Week

## Program at Western Colored School

Plans were laid at the Colored Western School, Thursday and Friday of the last week in March for a full observance of the thirteenth National Negro Health Week, April 3rd. On Monday, April 4, at 11:30 Rev. Spillman, pastor of the A. M. E. Church, addressed the school upon the subject, "Home Hygiene," Tuesday, April 5th, Dr. Allen on "Community Sanitation," Special exercises were also held April 5th, in memory of the late Booker T. Washington. Wednesday, April 6th, Dr. James H. Sebree lectured upon the subject, "Children's Health," and on Thursday, Dr. Samuel DeRamus on "Adults' Health." Each of the above speakers developed many excellent points along health lines.

Friday, April 8th, each grade of the school was represented in a Health Play, which consisted of health poems (original), health drills and songs. The program was interesting throughout the week, and many patrons and friends were present each day, the largest number being present on Friday to witness the excellent health play by the students of the school.

Before the pupils were dismissed Friday afternoon, they were lined up to carry out "General Clean Up Day."



CLIP  
AUG 2 1927  
Louisville Courier-Journal

## Negroes Here Win National Trophy

**Are Awarded Second Place  
In Health Week Contest  
and Will Receive Cup.**

Louisville has been awarded second prize in the National Negro Health Week Contest, according to an announcement received from Dr. R. R. Moton, Negro principal of Tuskegee Institute, Tuskegee, Ala., and president of the National Negro Business League. First prize went to Cincinnati, Ohio, and third to Atlanta, Ga.

The late Booker T. Washington popularized and nationalized the Negro Health Week movement, which is now under Dr. Moton's leadership. For the last ten years the National Clean-Up and Paint-Up Bureau, New York, has given three silver cups to the prize-winners of this contest. The trophies this year will be presented during a convention of the National Negro Business League in St. Louis August 10 to 12.

The Louisville campaign was under the supervision of a committee of Negroes with Dr. James Bond, Negro, general chairman; Dr. J. A. C. Lattimore, Negro, vice chairman, and Miss Mary L. Hicks, secretary.

**LOUISVILLE, KY.**

*Courier*

AUG 2 1927

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Health Week - 1927

**ITEM**  
NEW ORLEANS, LA.

MAR 27 1927

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK PLANS LAID

The Tuberculosis and Public Health Association of Louisiana announces April 3 to 10 as "Negro Health Week". This week is observed nationally each year, and its purpose is to improve the health and living conditions among colored people and to acquaint them with the benefits of community and personal hygiene.

According to the association, some idea of the progress of this work can be gained from the fact that in Ouachita parish alone 13 schools are engaged in modern health crusade work and approximately 2500 children are enrolled in the crusade.

**TIMES-PICAYUNE**  
NEW ORLEANS, LA.

APR 3 1927

## NEGROES TO MARK HEALTH WEEK HERE

### Meetings Will Be Held to Explain Necessary Pre- cautions

Negroes of Louisiana will celebrate Health Week beginning Sunday.

Speakers will be heard at various meetings being arranged for New Orleans, and other sections of the state at which greater interest in health problems will be urged upon negroes.

Dr. A. W. Brasier is chairman of a committee preparing for several public meetings here. One of importance to be held will be that for negro men at the Wesley Methodist church for negroes on South Liberty street at 11 a. m. next Wednesday. A meeting also will be held for the general public Thursday at an hour to be announced.

**TRIBUNE**  
NEW ORLEANS, LA.

APR 4 1927

## NEGROES PREPARE FOR HEALTH WEEK

New Orleans negroes prepared Sunday for the active opening of Negro Health Week Monday. The 1927 event will be the 13th observance of the national negro health week under the auspices of the United States Public Health Service. The Louisiana campaign is being conducted by the Tuberculosis and Public Health Association of Louisiana.

Sunday was mobilization day. Monday will be home hygiene day, Tuesday community sanitation day, Wednesday children's health day,

Thursday adult's health day, Friday special campaign day, Saturday general clean-up day, and Sunday report and follow-up day.

**TRIBUNE**  
NEW ORLEANS, LA.

APR 9 1927

## COLORED SCHOOLS LEARN OF HEALTH

Ten colored doctors spoke on "Health" in every colored school in New Orleans, reaching more than 12,000 pupils. The talks were made in behalf of "National Negro Health Week."

Negro doctors speaking were: P. P. Creuzot, C. C. Haydel, L. B. Landry, J. H. Murray, G. W. Lucas, A. W. Brazier, C. H. Bowers, T. D. Hayes, J. A. Barnes and W. A. Willis.

Louisiana.



Health Week - 1927  
**"AFRO" MEDAL  
FOR THE HEALTH  
WEEK MARATHON**

**Regent, Royal, Marse Calla  
way Also Offer Runners  
Prizes**

**JOHN CARROLL IS TO  
RUN FOR VOCATIONAL  
Ten Inch Silver Cup To  
Anyone Who Beats Last  
Year's Record**

The victors in the Balti-  
more Health Week Mara-  
thon to be held thru the  
city streets on Saturday,  
April 23, will receive cups  
offered by the Regent and  
Royal Theatres, a gold  
medal from the AFRO-  
AMERICAN and a silver  
trophy by Marse Callaway  
according to the announce-  
ments of the committee this  
week. 4-2 27

The cup offered last year by the  
Regent Theatre to the winning team  
is again up for the local organiza-  
tions to shoot at. It is a traveling  
trophy and must be won by a team  
three times before it can become the  
permanent possession of the organi-  
zation. The Grace Boys' Club has  
one leg on this trophy. The Regent  
Theatre is also offering a bronze  
medal to each of the three members  
of the winning team.

**AFRO Medal**  
The first man to cross the tape  
after the long journey from the east-  
side will have his name inscribed on  
the Royal Theatre trophy below that  
of John Carroll, the winner of last  
year's grind. As a personal prize  
the winner will receive a gold med-  
al, the gift of the AFRO-AMERI-  
CAN. If in winning the race the  
time made by John Carroll last year  
of twenty minutes, fifteen and three  
fifths seconds is better, the record

breaker will receive the Marse S  
Callaway cup, a ten inch silver  
trophy.

**Other Prizes**  
The second man to finish will be  
rewarded with a silver medal by the  
Kay Jewelry Co., and made on the  
same die as the first prize gold med-  
al. The third and fourth men will  
also receive medals, the latter to be  
in bronze and on the same die as  
the first prize. Other prizes of val-  
ue will be given to the next six men  
to finish.

The prizes for this year's race total  
in value more than \$150, and it is  
anticipated that the competition for  
them will be exceptionally keen.  
Much speculation centers around the  
team prize. Last year the first three  
men to finish were all members of  
the same team, and captured the  
Regent prizes with ease, making the  
lowest possible team score of six  
points.

**Carroll To Run**  
This year John Carroll, winner of  
the two previous races, will compete  
under the colors of the Vocational  
School. The main cog in the Grace  
Boys' Club's machine has thus been  
removed. Storer College which en-  
tered a team in the Baltimore Mara-  
thon last week has been invited to  
compete in the Health Week Mara-  
thon. Should the little West Vir-  
ginia school decide to send its team  
of seashore runners, the local lads  
will be compelled to step along  
at a lively gate to keep the prizes at  
home.

Entry blanks were mailed this  
week to all of last year's competitors.  
Blanks may be obtained at the office  
of the secretary of the Marathon  
Committee, R. Maurice Moss, 521  
McKim Street.

**DUNBAR JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL**  
Caroline and Jefferson Streets  
William Anderson, Prin.

National Negro Health Week was  
fittingly observed by unusually im-  
mense programs arranged by the  
departments of physical education,  
and hygiene. Stress was placed  
on personal cleanliness, fitness,  
home and school surroundings, cor-  
rect posture, exercise, fresh air and  
foods. An outstanding feature of  
the week was a demonstration of just  
how the teeth should be washed, how  
the nose, and mouth can be kept  
clean and how the hands and face  
should be washed. This demon-  
stration was by Miss Gertrude Fisher,  
who went through the actual per-  
formances in the presence of the en-  
tire school.

**Negro Health Week**  
(W-A-A-M, New Jersey)  
The most proficient Ragtime Choir in  
America will broadcast a program of  
Negro Spirituals from W-A-A-M,  
Wednesday, April 6, under the direc-  
tion of Wilson Lamb.  
The program which starts at 8:30  
p. m., and lasts for one hour in  
conjunction with the National Ne-  
gro Health Week in Essex County

Maryland.  
**Campaign Closes  
At Gibbons Institute  
After 2 Months of Work**

Ridge, Md.—The health cam-  
paign of the Cardinal Gibbons In-  
stitute, in connection with the  
National Negro Health Week, be-  
gan on February first and will  
close on April 10, the official clos-  
ing of "Health Week."

A few weeks residence on the  
Western Shore of Maryland made  
plain the futility of attempting to  
do health work in widely separat-  
ed localities over bad roads, in a  
week. *New York*

Two full months are needed in  
such thinly settled districts.  
This year all of the vital points  
necessary for healthy farm life  
has been included. The territory  
covered reaches from Washington  
to the Chesapeake Bay.

29 communities taking part were  
located in Prince Georges, Charles,  
St. Mary's, Kent and Montgomery  
counties.

During February and March the  
Institute conducted meetings in 12  
centrally located communities in  
Charles and St. Marys Counties  
besides meetings held at the Insti-  
tute. Attendance was good.  
The Bushwood meeting had the  
largest attendance, with over one  
hundred and fifty persons present.  
Approximately seven hundred farm  
people have been reached through  
these meetings and the total num-  
ber of families actually working  
for improved conditions this year  
will exceed one thousand.

The final meeting to which all  
workers are invited will be held  
at the Institute April 10 at 2 p. m.  
Among the speakers are to be  
Dr. W. P. Dickerson of Newport  
News, Va.; John C. Hawkins,  
financial secretary of the A. M. E.  
Church, Washington, the Rev.  
John LaFarge, New York City;  
Dr. Marie B. Lucas, Washington.

**DENTISTS TO HOLD  
MODERN OFFICE  
HEALTH WEEK**

At the dental exhibit to be held  
under the auspices of the Maryland  
Dental Society at the Frederick Doug-  
lass High School, April 5, 6, and 7,  
the chief features will be a modern  
dental office with gas and x-ray  
equipment, together with an exten-  
sive display of the various types of  
restorations used in dentistry.

This exhibit which will be held  
during National Negro Health Week  
was planned for the purpose of tell-  
ing how to care for the mouth and  
teeth, to show the relation of the  
teeth to the health, and explain the  
differences between the various types  
of restorations and show how they  
are used. An educational film, "Good  
Teeth-Good Health," will be shown  
also.

The exhibit will be held April 5  
and 7, from 10 a. m., until 5 p. m.  
Dr. J. Ben Robinson, dean, School  
of Dentistry, University of Maryland  
will be the principal speaker and the  
Post Office Glee Club will render mu-  
sical selections at the mass meeting,  
which will be held April 7, at 8 p. m.  
Admission to the exhibit and mass  
meeting will be free.

**HEALTH WEEK MARATHON**  
TO BE RUN ON APRIL 23  
The Baltimore Health Week Mar-  
athon will be run on April 23, over  
the same course as was last year.  
The distance is three and one-half  
miles. John Carroll was the winner  
last year and the year before. Silver  
trophies for the winners next month  
will be donated by the Royal and  
Regent theatres.

**AMERICAN  
BALTIMORE, MD.**  
APR 4 1927  
**Negro Health Week  
Has Dental Clinic**  
The second annual dental exhibi-  
tion of the Maryland Dental Society  
will open in the Frederick Douglass  
Hospital tomorrow in connection

with observance of Negro Health  
Week. It will continue three days.  
Clinics will be held each day at  
10 A. M. and 5 P. M. Dr. J. Ben  
Robinson of the School of Dentistry  
University of Maryland, will speak  
on the closing day.

**INDEPENDENT**  
MAR 26 1927  
**NEGRO HEALTH WEEK**  
Announcement is made by Dr. John  
S. Fulton, Director of the State De-  
partment of Health, that Maryland  
will unite with other Southern states  
in the celebration of the thirteenth  
annual Negro Health Week, April 3  
to 10. In connection with the celebra-  
tion, public meetings, clinics and  
health conferences will be held in var-  
ious parts of the state.

The nation-wide celebration of Negro  
Health Week is held under the auspices  
of the U. S. Public Health Service,  
state and municipal health depart-  
ments and of voluntary health organi-  
zations.

In announcing the plans for the  
Health Week, Dr. Fulton said that the  
colored population constitutes approx-  
imately one-sixth of the total popula-  
tion of the state, the figures for 1926  
being as follows:

Maryland, total population, 1,530,739;  
white, 1,277,640; colored, 253,099.  
Counties, total population, 744,042;  
white, 612,681; colored, 131,361.  
Baltimore City, total population,  
786,697; white, 664,959; colored, 121,  
738.

Tuberculosis, Dr. Fulton said, causes  
one out of every ten deaths among the  
colored people and is the leading cause  
of death in the colored population. The  
same death causes one out of every  
sixteen deaths among the white popu-  
lation and has fifth place in the causes  
of death in the white population. The  
death rate among the colored babies  
is also much higher than that of the  
white babies, in some counties being  
twice or even three times as great  
among the colored babies. For reasons  
of this sort, he said, emphasis is  
placed in all health programs on the  
importance of constructive health  
work and on the establishment of



health habits among the colored people.

The program outlined by the U. S. Public Health Service for the Health Week recommends that each day of the week be devoted to some specific health activity, as follows:

- Sunday, April 3, Mobilization Day.
- Monday, April 4, Home Hygiene Day.
- Tuesday, April 5, Community Sanitation Day.
- Wednesday, April 6, Children's Health Day.
- Thursday, April 7, Grown-Ups' Health Day.
- Friday, April 8, Special Campaign Day.
- Saturday, April 9, General Clean Up Day.
- Sunday, April 10, Report Day and Follow Up Day.

A copy of the program may be obtained by writing to the U. S. Public Health Service, Washington, D. C., or to Dr. John S. Fulton, Director of the State Department of Health, 16 West Saratoga Street, Baltimore, Md.

## Conducted Health Week



Dr. O. W. H. McNeil and Dr. Ralph Young, who led Dentists in putting



over Health Week Program which closed with banquet Tuesday night. Photos by Penn St.

## Health Campaign Meeting At Gibbons' Institute

Ridge, Md.—The colored people in Southern Maryland mean to get ahead.

The most dubious of "doubting Thomases" must have been impressed at the sight of two hundred and fifty colored farmers, wedged into the dining room temporarily used as the assembly hall of the institute, many more standing on chairs and tables in the kitchen adjoining, and one hundred and fifty others unable to gain entrance at all—to hear the message of good health, brought by helpers and well wishers from Washington and Virginia.

John R. Hawkins, financial secretary of the A. M. E. Church, brought a most inspiring story of his own rise from a country boy to his present position, in which he handles for the A. M. E. Church over half a million dollars yearly, much of which goes to the education of the youth of his race.

Dr. W. P. Dickerson, of Newport News, Virginia, made a practical talk on the more common illnesses of the people in this section of the country, stressing their prevention and control.

The last speaker of the day, Dr. Lucas of Washington, came to the Institute to represent his mother, Dr. Marie B. Lucas of Washington, D. C., young Doctor Lucas paid a brief tribute to the perseverance and pluck which have made his mother one of Washington's leading colored physicians and gave a most effective talk on the care of children. He is in charge of the Children's Clinic at Freedmen's Hospital.

A group of Institute girls closed the meeting with a symposium on intelligent modern homekeeping.

Lunch was served by the girls of the Domestic Science Department.

The third annual Children's Day of the Gibbons' Institute will be held on May 12, 1927, from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

## INDEPENDENT

MAY 5 1927

### Health Nurse Report

During national Negro health week a special program was put on for the colored people, which was carried out in most of the schools. At Ridgely, a free movie on child health was given in one of the colored churches, a baby clinic was also held there for colored children where 19 children were examined. At Federalsburg a colored clinic was held on the 29th where 34 children were examined. On the same day 18 white children were examined.

The regular clinic for tuberculosis was held at Denton on the 12th, 16 cases being examined, 5 of whom were referred for sanatorium care.

A colored girl was taken to the University hospital where she was admitted as a charity case.

Seven schools were visited and a total of 305 children were inspected. Several applications have been sent in for children needing institutional care. Twenty-five births were reported this month and a total of 79 visits were made.

At the meeting of the Public Health committee on Tuesday, Miss Jackson was given permission to have the car used in health work, thoroughly overhauled, it having been decided to postpone the purchase of a new car for some time.

Publicity Committee



Health Week - 1927

Minnesota.

# HEALTH WEEK PROGRAM ARRANGED BY MILL CITY

## NATIONAL NEGRO HEALTH WEEK TO BE OBSERVED

Tuesday.

Tuesday, April 5, from 3 to 5 p. m.  
at the Y. W. C. A. Branch, 598 W.

On Sunday April 3rd at 3 p. m. a mass meeting will be held at St. Peter's church, Minneapolis. Dr. L. L. Allen of the Milwaukee County hospital, Milwaukee, Wis. will be the principal speaker. The St. Paul and Minneapolis Urban Leagues are planning to observe the Industrial Matrons and the Modern Priscilla Clubs, Miss Ethel Webster's church, Minneapolis. Dr. L. L. Allen of the Milwaukee County hospital, Milwaukee, Wis. will be the principal speaker. Co-operate with the Urban Leagues willen and Girls. Mrs. Alice Gooden

On Thursday, April 17th a demonstration of child care will be given at Phyllis Wheatley House from 1-5 p. m. Sunday, April 10, 3 p. m. two meetings will be held. At a special meeting for men and boys at Elks Hall, Dr. W. M. O'Brien, Pathology Department, University of Minnesota, will be the principal speaker. At the same hour and day a meeting for women and girls will be held at Phyllis Wheatley House. Dr. Eleanor Hill will be the principal speaker. Music and slides at all meetings. Program has been arranged by the chairman of Twin Cities Urban League, colored social workers, clergymen and fraternal leaders.

On Sunday, April 3, will be the beginning of the observance of National Negro Health Week by all of the Urban League organizations in the United States. Through the kindness of the Y. W. C. A. Branch, the following meetings will be held during the week: Ella Shepard, Mrs. Anna Foster, Mrs. R. F. Wilson, Mrs. Jeanette Kelly, Mrs. Lulu Edwards, Mrs. Carrie Lindsay, Mrs. Julia Caldwell, Mrs. Mattie Rhodes and F. D. McCracken

On Monday night, March 14, 1927, at the colored branch of the Y. W. C. A., the Mesdames Nash, Chapman, A. Foster, R. F. Wilson, Birdie High, C. A. Branch, the following meetings will be held during the week: Ella Shepard, Mrs. Anna Foster, Mrs. R. F. Wilson, Mrs. Jeanette Kelly, Mrs. Lulu Edwards, Mrs. Carrie Lindsay, Mrs. Julia Caldwell, Mrs. Mattie Rhodes and F. D. McCracken

### TENTATIVE PROGRAM FOR HEALTH WEEK OUTLINED

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## National Negro Health Week To Be Observed

Saturday.

Saturday, April 9, from 2 to 5 p. m., there will be a Demonstration Clinic for colored mothers at the Y. W. C. A. Branch, 598 W. Central Ave., under the auspices of the Club and Lodge Women of the city. Speakers will be Dr. W. H. Stumpf, Miss Lattice of the Baby Welfare Association and Dr. M. L. Stiffler of the Child Guidance Clinic. All mothers are urgently requested to come and bring their babies. Tea will be served during the afternoon.

Committee Named.

This Health Program was arranged by a committee composed of the following:

Mrs. Alice Gooden, Mrs. M. D. Chapman, Mrs. Beatrice Nash, Mrs. Ella Shepard, Mrs. Anna Foster, Mrs. R. F. Wilson, Mrs. Jeanette Kelly, Mrs. Lulu Edwards, Mrs. Carrie Lindsay, Mrs. Julia Caldwell, Mrs. Mattie Rhodes and F. D. McCracken

Monday.

Monday evening at "Little Pilgrim," Grotto and Central, at 8:30 p. m., under the auspices of the Men's Clubs of St. James A. M. E. and Pilgrim Baptist Churches, Dr. Davis Stern of the Division of Venereal Diseases, State Health Department, will deliver an illustrated speech on "General Health," to Men and Boys.

TRIBUNE  
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN

APR 1 1927  
Negro Health Week Set.

Minneapolis will begin the observance of National Negro Health week Sunday. Dr. L. L. Allen, Milwaukee, tuberculosis specialist, will be the principal speaker at a mass meeting Sunday afternoon at St. Peters M. E. church.



Health Week - 1927  
DEMOCRAT

NEGRO HEALTH  
WEEK WILL BE  
OBSERVED HERE

The 13th annual Negro Health Week, to be observed April 3-10 will have as its slogan 'More Negro Health Work.' The local colored ministers met at Zion Chapel A. M. E. Church last Friday and mapped out a program for the observance of Negro Health Week through the city and section. The meeting was addressed by Dr. A. W. Dumas, who stressed the importance of the observance of this week, and urged that each minister preach a sermon or deliver a lecture on some phase of public health.

He said it is far more economical to prevent illness than to cure it, and that in time it will be regarded as a badge of disgrace to be sick.

All societies and federated women's clubs are urged to observe this week. This movement was inaugurated by the late Booker T. Washington, who observed that the death rate and the number of sick was entirely too large for the good of the race and the communities. That many of the diseases were the result of ignorance and unclean habits, and that they were preventable by education through the medium of health lectures and campaigns.

VICKSBURG, MISS.

HERALD

FEB 24 1927

National Negro Health Week  
To Be Observed April 3 to 10

The week of April 3 to April 10, 1927, has been set aside for the thirteenth observance of National Negro Health Week. State and municipal health departments, voluntary health organizations, and numerous other agencies interested in race welfare and advancement are co-operating with the U. S. Public

Health Service in a determined effort to improve health and living conditions.

As a first step in this widespread campaign, the Public Health Service announces the preparation and issuance of the annual National Negro Health Week Bulletin. This publication outlines effective methods of instituting and successfully carrying out the program of the Health Week. It is designed primarily for churches, schools, fraternal organizations, welfare societies and other groups interested in community progress and race betterment, and contains, in addition to methods for organizing the programs for Health Week, information and sources of materials of value for Health Week work.

It is the plan of the campaign to set aside each day of the week for special observance of some phase of health work. Sunday, April 3, will be Mobilization Day; Monday, April 4, Home Hygiene Day; Tuesday, April 5, Community Sanitation Day; Wednesday, April 6, Children's Health Day; Thursday, April 7, Adult's Health Day; Friday, April 8, Special Campaign Day; Saturday, April 9, General Clean-up Day; Sunday, April 10, Report and Follow-up Day.

POST  
VICKSBURG, MISS.

APR 22 1927

NEGRO HEALTH WEEK.

The United States Public Health Service has just finished, April 3 to 10, the celebration of National Negro Health Week, and so much that was said and done is of interest to everybody that a few things are quotable. The United States Public Health Service issued a pamphlet, and in it were given rules which white people may easily take to themselves and be benefited thereby.

Under the title of "A Daily Dozen," the following twelve rules were given and if observed by all people, would result in immense good. As they are not the exclusive property of the Public Health Service, and by giving them due credit, we quote as follows:

1. Fresh Air and Sunlight—Live, work, play, rest, sleep in fresh air. Let a lot of sunlight and air into your home.
2. Water—Use water freely: Drink six glasses daily. Bathe often. Keep your home and premises clean.
3. Food—Watch your diet: More milk, greens and fresh fruits; less sweets, meats and eggs. Chew thoroughly.
4. Habits—The system must dispose of its waste matter. Eat proper food; exercise. Don't

Mississippi.

use physics.

5. Exercise—Work, walk, and play in open air, when possible. Sit, stand, walk erect. Exercise will help you.

6. Rest and Sleep—Health is wealth: Rest is your savings account. Adults, sleep 8 hours, children, 10 to 12 hours.

7. Clothes—You can be comfortable and look all right too. Dress wisely for weather, work and play—that's all.

8. Coughs and Other Ills—Watch that "bark"; it might bite. See to it now! A little ill might cause a big spill. Don't delay.

9. Self-Doctoring and Drugging—Use first aid only, and only when it is necessary. Don't take chances. Beware "self-treatment."

10. Your Medical Doctor—See your physician at least once a year (the birthday is a good time); oftener, if necessary.

11. Your Dental Doctor—Clean teeth and wash mouth night and morning. Visit your dentist once or twice each year.

12. Three C's, Three S's, and Life—Be clean, be careful, be cheerful; work 8 hours, recreate 8 hours, sleep 8 hours—and enjoy a long, useful, and happy life.

That there is some good reason for a negro health week, we further learn that the death rate for whites for all causes, per 100,000, is 1,193, and for negroes, 11,764. This is an enormous difference and justifies special work being done upon their behalf. Coming to infectious diseases, we learn that while the white death rate is 185, the negro death rate is 447, another bad showing. The death rate among the whites for tuberculosis, is 82, and 227 for negroes. In cancer the negroes beat us, losing only 56 to our 122, but in respiratory diseases the white death rate is 122 for whites, and 212 for negroes. In that class, called "ill-defined diseases," which is, no doubt, intelligible to doctors, we find the white death rate to be 9, and the colored 89, so, with few exceptions the negro death rate is vastly in excess of that of whites living under the same conditions of climate, water and other factors.

It is the purpose of the U. S. Public Health Service to try to save the lives lost uselessly, and to bring to normal a ratio which, if kept up, will eventually mean the extinction of the negro as an inhabitant of the United States. The program for the week was, no doubt, productive of great good, although many of the fine things suggested were not practicable, in view of the absence of large amounts of money for such purposes. It is the duty of the white people to see that their negro neighbors are as healthy as it is possible to make them, and keep them so, for, by keeping them healthy, we keep down the tax rate for hospitals, poorhouses and charities of all kinds. It is thus seen that it is the wisest form of self protection to assist in a negro health promotion week, for the white people derive great gains in the long run from such a week, almost as much as the original beneficiaries.



Health Week - 1927  
**"HEALTH WEEK"  
OPENS SUNDAY**

**All Progressive Negro Organizations Expected  
To Co-operate**

TUSKEGEE, Ala., Mar. 30—Thirteenth Annual National Negro Health Week will be observed from next Sunday, April 3, through the following Sunday April 10. Every progressive race organization is expected to take part in the program and aid to make it successful.

The following program has been outlined for the week at the national headquarters here:

Sunday, April 3—Mobilization Day.  
Monday, April 4—Home Hygiene Day.  
Tuesday, April 5—Community Sanitation Day.  
Wednesday, April 6—Children's Health Day.  
Thursday, April 7—Adult's Health Day.  
Friday, April 8—Special Campaign Day.  
Saturday, April 9—General Clean Up Day.  
Sunday, April 10—Report and Follow Up Day.

**KANSAS CITY**

**MISSOURI**

**MAR 3 1927**

**NEGROES TO OBSERVE**

**ANNUAL HEALTH WEEK**

More Negro Health Work is the slogan which has been adopted for the nation-wide thirteenth annual Negro health week to be observed from April 3 to 10.

Observance of the week will be sponsored by the National Negro Business league, in cooperation with the annual Tuskegee Negro conference at Tuskegee institute.

Exercises commemorating the birthday of the late Booker T. Washington, founder of National Negro Health week, will be held in schools and churches April 5.

**DEMOCRAT**

**MAR 3 1927**

**NATIONAL HEALTH  
WEEK FOR NEGROES**

Next week will be National Health Week for the negroes of the Nation, and a program has been outlined to be observed in this city. Thursday morning of that week there will be a tuberculosis demonstration at the Lincoln school, followed by talks by Dr. Turner, of the public health unit, Miss Fannie Tittsworth, public health nurse, Miss Eloise Sanders, tuberculosis nurse, Miss Granneman, Metropolitan nurse, and Miss Caroline Oliver, superintendent of the Negro hospital.

Friday afternoon a baby clinic will be conducted at the school and Sunday afternoon there will be a talk on the Health Unit by Dr. Turner and on Community Sanitarium, by Dr. Joseph Mountain, of Jefferson City.

**ST. LOUIS, MO., ARCADE  
APRIL 1, 1927**

**"HEALTH WEEK"  
OPENS SUNDAY**

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Saturday, April 9—General Clean Up Day.  
Sunday, April 10—Report and Follow Up Day.

**Missouri**

**RENEW STATE  
HEALTH DRIVE**

**May Day Will Open Spring  
Offensive For Healthier  
Children**

JEFFERSON CITY, April 20—Renewing its annual spring offensive for healthier children, the Missouri state board of health, cooperating with civic organizations over the state, is urging on "May Day, Child Health Day." The inventory contemplated will be a check on eyes, ears, teeth, throat, weight and posture. Children meeting requirements fixed by the state board of health in these divisions will be known as "six-point" children, and each will receive a "six-point button" and certificate from the examining officer.

"A careful analysis of the records of physical examinations of 60,000 children in Missouri last year showed 85 per cent of the defects were under the headings of malnutrition, defective vision, impaired hearing, enlarged tonsils and bad teeth," Dr. Brown Krause, director of child hygiene for the state board of health and director of the May day campaign declared. "These defects if not corrected may seriously hamper the child's health in school life and may produce a harmful effect later in life" he added.

Immunization against preventable diseases is emphasized by the health board for its May day activities.

It was pointed out that the health work started on May day will continue throughout the summer ending with the beginning of school next fall if possible.



Nebraska.

Health Week - 1927  
NEWS  
OMAHA, NEB.

MAR 12 1927  
**HEALTH WEEK  
FOR NEGROES**

The 13th annual "Negro Health Week," will be observed in Omaha and over the entire country April 3 to 10. The move is sponsored by the National Negro Business league and the Annual Tuskegee negro conference conference of Alabama.

Prominent health speakers from Omaha and other cities will talk here to the negroes of this city, during the week. Talks will be given in the clubs, the schools, at the churches and in the homes on better sanitation for the home and body.



Health Week - 1927  
**OBSERVER**  
HOBOKEN, N. J.

**JOURNAL**

New Jersey

APR 2 1927

**NEGRO HEALTH WEEK  
WILL OPEN TOMORROW**

APR 7 1927

**NATIONAL NEGRO HEALTH WEEK**

Tomorrow will be Negro Health Sunday in the various colored churches throughout the county. Every pastor has been invited to co-operate in the observance of National Negro Health Week by either preaching a health sermon or making appropriate remarks from the pulpit. The observance of Negro Health Week in Jersey City and the rest of the County is under the direction of the following persons: Mrs. Lula Edwards, president of the People's Charitable League; Dr. Francis Johnson, medical director; Dr. Lena E. Edwards, Dr. L. K. Madison, Miss Green of the Y. W. C. A., 31 Ege avenue, and P. A. Mariette, executive secretary, Hudson County Tuberculosis League. In order to make the week successful this committee has spent considerable time in preparing a fitting program and has distributed one thousand invitations. There is no charge for any of the sessions and the public is invited.

**GAZETTE**

APR 7 1927

**NATIONAL NEGRO HEALTH WEEK.**

The 13th annual observance of National Negro Health Week commenced Sunday and will continue until next Sunday, under the auspices of the Tuskegee Negro Conference and the National Negro Business League, with the assistance of Federal, State, county and municipal health authorities and various civic organizations. In New Jersey, National Negro Health Week is being conducted by the New Jersey Tuberculosis League, Inc., and under the direction of Mrs. Elizabeth W. Tyler, R. N., executive secretary, Negro Advisory Committee of the League.

The Negro people of the United States are to be congratulated on the fact that during the period from 1910 to 1920, the death rate in at least some Southern States decreased among Negroes more rapidly than among the white population. Notwithstanding, however, the tuberculosis death rate is about four times that of the whites.

As part of the National program arrangements have been made for health talks in most of the negro churches of the State. Special exhibits will be shown and there will be a radio talk over Station WAAM by Dr. W. G. Alexander, chairman, Negro Advisory Committee of the New Jersey Tuberculosis League.

The thirteenth annual observance of National Negro Health Week will commence April 3, 1927, and continue until April 10th, under the auspices of the Tuskegee Negro Conference and the National Negro Business League, with the assistance of Federal, State, county and municipal health authorities and various civic organizations. In New Jersey, National Negro Health Week is being conducted by the N. J. Tuberculosis League, Inc., and under the direction of Mrs. Elizabeth W. Tyler, R. N., executive secretary, Negro Advisory Committee of the league. The negro people of the United States are to be congratulated on the fact that during the period from 1910 to 1920, the death rate in at least some southern states decreased among negroes more rapidly than among the white population. Notwithstanding, however, the tuberculosis death rate is about four times that of the whites.

**ENTERPRISE**

APR 7 1927

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among Negroes more rapidly than among the white population. Notwithstanding, however, the tuberculosis death rate is about four times that of the whites.

Julius Roehrs Company won two first prizes for a splendid collection of French hydrangeas at the New York flower show. Edward Roehrs won first prize for a choice collection of orchids splendidly set up, and also received a special prize for a group of orchids, an attractive feature was two immense Dutch wooden shoes filled with lady slipper orchids.

**OBSERVER**

HOBOKEN N. J.

APR 5 1927

**URGE COLORED PEOPLE  
TO KEEP HEALTHY**

Negroes in Jersey City last night were exhorted to keep themselves healthy at a rally held in St. Mark's A. M. E. Zion Church on Communipaw avenue. The rally was held in connection with the observance of Negro Health Week, and it was largely attended.

Speeches were made by Robert Hartgrove, Dr. H. Borshaw and Rev. J. M. Hoggard. The People's Charitable League, which arranged the program, included several pleasing musical numbers. Mrs. Lula Edwards is directing the campaign in Jersey City.



Health Week - 1927

## National Negro Health Week

The National Negro Health Week in Essex County, under the auspices of the New Jersey Tuberculosis League, will be held at the various churches and community centers April 3rd to 10th. The features of this campaign will be a radio program, health exhibits in Newark, Montclair and Orange, a Baby Contest in Silver Lake, health meetings, health sermons, health plays and an indoor track meet.

JERSEY CITY JOURNAL

APR 6 1927

## Adults' Day for Negro Health Week Here

"Adults Day" will be observed this evening at 8:30 in the Ideal Hall, 492 Jackson Avenue. There will be a health play by ten Girl Reserves. Motion pictures will be shown and Mr. P. A. Mariette of the Tuberculosis League will speak in connection with Negro Health Week.

NEWS  
NEWARK, N. J.

MAR 30 1927

## Negro Health Week To Be Marked Here

Nation-Wide Observance to Be Directed Locally by Tuberculosis League

Programs to Be Presented

National Negro Health Week, a movement initiated by Booker T. Washington, will be observed in Newark in connection with the country as a whole next week. According to life insurance tables, the life expectancy of whites is fifty-four years and that of Negroes only forty-six. It was in the hope of finding the explanation for this discrepancy, and if possible to offer a

remedy, that National Negro Health Week was started.

In Newark the program for the week will be under auspices of the New Jersey Tuberculosis League, Inc. The Bethany Baptist Church, Bank street, will be the scene of most of the activities, and numerous services commemorating the origin of the week will be held.

April 6 at 8:30 P. M. there will be broadcast from station WAAM a program of music, rendered by what is known as "the most proficient Negro chorus in America." This chorus will be directed by Wilson Lamb of East Orange, barytone soloist. As a feature Dr. W. G. Alexander will present a lecture on health.

The band, glee clubs and quartet of Monticello Manual Training School, consisting of fifty-seven instrumentalists and singers, will hold their ninth annual concert at Central High School in city. April 8. This group is well

TIMES  
TRENTON, N. J.

APR 2 1927

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK OBSERVANCE OUTLINE

"More Negro Health Work" has been the slogan adopted for the 13th annual Negro Health Week, to be observed nationally from April 3 to 10. Local committees are arranging programs for the Trenton observance and are planning exercises for Tuesday, April 5, designated as Community Sanitation Day.

Negro Health Week was inaugurated by Booker T. Washington, whose birthday falls on Tuesday. Activities for the health week are as follows:

Sunday, April 3, Mobilization Day; Monday, Home Hygiene Day; Tuesday, Community Sanitation Day; Wednesday, Children's Health Day; Thursday, Adults' Health Day; Friday, Special Campaign Day; Saturday, General Clean-up Day, and Sunday, Report Day.

JOURNAL  
JERSEY CITY, N. J.

APR 5 1927

## Children's Day in Negro Health Week

Today is Children's Day at the Y. W. C. A., 31 Ege Avenue, in conjunction with the observance of National Negro Health Week in Hudson County. The arrangements for this meeting have been made by Mr. P. A. Mariette, executive secretary of the Hudson County Tuberculosis League. Each child will be weighed and measured, receive a tag showing what the weight is and what he should weigh

St. Joseph's and the Vikings also turned in triple wins, their victories being the Young Men's Assn. and Monte clubs.

In the Industrial National League the Southern Cotton won three from the Carbo Oxygen and the Borax two from the Best Foods.

ENTERPRISE  
BURLINGTON, N. J.

MAR 31 1927

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK

Commences April 3 and Continues Until April 10; Under Auspices Of Health Authorities

The thirteenth annual observance of National Negro Health Week will commence April 3, 1927 and continue until April 10, under the auspices of the Tuskegee Negro Conference and the National Negro Business League, with the assistance of federal, state county and municipal health authorities and various civic organizations.

In New Jersey, National Negro Health Week is being conducted by the State Tuberculosis League, Inc., and under the direction of Mrs. Elizabeth W. Tyler, R. N., executive secretary, negro advisory committee of the League.

NEWS  
NEWARK, N. J.

APR 2 1927

## Negro Health Week Picks April for Annual Drive

"More Negro Health Work" has been picked by those in charge of the thirteenth annual negro health week for their slogan this year. The campaign will be observed from April 3 to 10 under the guidance of the National Negro Business League in cooperation with the annual Negro Tuskegee Conference the United States Public Health Service and many other national organizations.

Instructions have been broadcast through the nation for the organization of community health week work and the days of the campaign have been named mobilization day, community sanitation day, children's health day, adults' health day, general clean-up day and report and follow up day.

NEWS  
RAYONNE, N. J.

APR 1 1927

## Observe Negro Health Week in Hudson County

The thirteenth annual Negro Health Week will be observed this year from April 3 to April 8 with appropriate meetings for the colored people of the entire county under the auspices of the Peoples Charitable League, 492 Jackson avenue, Jersey City. The committee in charge of this program is as follows: Mrs. Lula Edwards, president of the Charitable League; Dr. J. Frances Johnson, director of medical work; Dr. Lena F. Edwards, Dr. L. K. Madison, Miss Green of the Y. W. C. A., 31 Ege avenue and P. A. Mariette of the Hudson County Tuberculosis League, 706 Bergen avenue, Jersey City.

Sunday, April 3, is Negro Health Sunday. The various pastors are co-operating by making special reference to health in their sermons. On Monday, April 4, there will be a Health Rally in the St. Mark's M. E. Church, 679 Communipaw avenue at 8.30 p. m. Dr. H. Borshaw and Robert D. Hartgrove will speak. There will be special music.

Tuesday, April 5 is Children's Day at the Y. W. C. A., 31 Ege avenue, Jersey City. Motion pictures will be shown and Dr. Lena F. Edwards will talk to the children. There will be a contest to see which children are up to normal weight for height. Every one will be weighed by Miss Laura Woodruff of the Tuberculosis League.

On Wednesday there will be a meeting for adults in the Ideal Hall—492 Jackson avenue, Jersey City. P. A. Mariette will talk and show two motion pictures. The Girl Reserves from the Y. W. C. A. will present a health play.

Through the cooperation of Station WKBO there will be a radio program from 8 to 8.30 with music by the colored Elks Glee Club, Wylie R. Ewell, Loraine S. Clark, Ernest L. Mabrey and John M. Washington are the members. Rev. Florence Randolph will speak and Mr. Moses Goodson, Jr., will entertain with vocal selections.

Florence Randolph will speak and Mr. Moses Goodson, Jr., will entertain with vocal selections.

The last meeting will be held Friday, April 8 in the Y. W. C. A., 31 Ege avenue at 8.30. Dr. Lena F. Edwards will talk and show motion pictures. Her talk will be on "Hygiene for Women." Every woman is urged to attend this meeting.

JOURNAL  
JERSEY CITY, N. J.

APR 1 1927

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK HERE

Opens Sunday for Colored People of County—Program of Lectures.

The thirteenth annual Negro Health Week will be observed this year from April 3 to April 8, with appropriate meetings for the colored people of the entire county under the auspices of the Peoples' Charitable League, 492 Jackson Avenue. The committee in charge of this program is as follows: Mrs. Lula Edwards, president of the Charitable League; Dr. J. Frances Johnson, director of medical work; Dr. Lena F. Edwards, Dr. L. K. Madison, Miss Green of the Y. W. C. A., 31 Ege Avenue, and Mr. P. A. Mariette, of the Hudson County Tuberculosis League, 706 Bergen Avenue, Jersey City.

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There will be a radio program from 8 to 8:30 with music by the Colored Elks' Glee Club—Wylie R. Ewell, Loraine S. Clark, Ernest L. Mabrey and John M. Washington are the members. Rev. Florence Randolph will speak and Mr. Moses Goodson, Jr., will entertain with vocal selections.

The last meeting will be held Friday, April 8, in the Y. W. C. A., 31 Ege Avenue, at 8:30. Dr. Lena F. Edwards will talk and show motion pictures on "Hygiene for Women."



JOURNAL  
JERSEY CITY, N. J.

APR 5 1927

## NEGROES HOLD HEALTH WEEK

Mass Meeting Conducted in  
St. Mark's A. M. E.  
Zion Church.

A mass meeting was held in St. Mark's A. M. E. Zion Church on Communipaw Avenue last night in the interest of Negro Health Week which started on Sunday.

Rev. J. M. Hoggard, the pastor; Dr. H. Barshaw, and Robert S. Hartgrove, president of the Jersey City Branch of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, were the speakers. All of the speeches had to do with problems of health and the solution thereof.

The Health Week observances are being held under the auspices of the Peoples' Charitable League of 492 Jackson Avenue. The latter is an organization which is doing welfare work among colored people.

JOURNAL  
JERSEY CITY, N. J.

APR 4 1927

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK OPENS

Meeting to be Held Tonight  
at St. Mark's M. E.  
Church.

Tonight in St. Mark's M. E. Church 679 Communipaw Avenue, at 8:30 p. m. a health rally will be held in conjunction with the National Negro Health Week observance in Hudson County under the auspices of the Peoples' Charitable League, 492 Jackson Avenue. Dr. H. Barshaw and Mr. Robert D. Hartgrove will speak about the "Health of the Negro." Special music will be provided.

"I am pleased," said Rev. Daniel J. Brown, pastor, Bethel A. M. E. Church, Oak Street, Jersey, in his sermon yesterday, "to co-operate with those who will observe Negro Health Week. The best asset to any community is found in the health of its citizens. Without health one may become a liability to the community or to his family."

The observance of Negro Health Week in Hudson County is under the auspices of the Peoples' Charitable League, Dr. J. Francis Johnson, medical director. Mention of Negro Health Week was made from the pulpits of the various colored churches in the county.

OBSERVER  
HOBOKEN, N. J.

APR 4 1927

## HEALTH WEEK BEGINS AMONG NEGROES

"Negro Health Week" was started in fitting ceremonies in all of the colored churches, irrespective of denomination, yesterday. Special sermons were delivered by the various pastors, all of whom stressed the value of good health and emphasized the use of precautionary measures to avoid tuberculosis and other diseases the year round.

Rev. Daniel J. Brown, pastor of the African Methodist Church, Oak Street, Jersey City, expressed his willingness to co-operate with those who will observe "Negro Health Week." In his sermon yesterday he said that "The best asset to any community is found in the health of its citizens," and added that "without health one may become a liability to the community or to his family."

Tonight in St. Mark's A. M. E. Church, 79 Communipaw Avenue, a healthy rally will be held under the auspices of the Peoples' Charitable League, 492 Jackson Avenue. Rev. J. M. Hoggard, Dr. H. Barshaw and Robert D. Hartgrove will be the speakers.

The observance of "Negro Health Week" is under the direction of Mrs. Lulu Edwards, president of the Peoples' Charitable League; Dr. J. Francis Johnson, medical director; Dr. Lena Edwards, Dr. L. K. Madison and P. A. Mariette.

*Somerville - 33*  
APR 7 1927

### NATIONAL NEGRO HEALTH WEEK

The 13th annual observance of National Negro Health Week commenced Sunday and will continue until next Sunday, under the auspices of the Tuskegee Negro Conference and the National Negro Business League, with the assistance of Federal, State, county and municipal health authorities and various civic organizations. In New Jersey, National Negro Health Week is being conducted by the New Jersey Tuberculosis League, Inc., and being conducted by the New Jersey Tuberculosis League, Inc., and under the direction of Mrs. Elizabeth W. Tyler, R. N., executive secretary of the Negro Advisory Committee of the League.

The Negro people of the United States are to be congratulated on the fact that during the period from 1910

to 1920, the death rate in at least some Southern States decreased among Negroes more rapidly than among the white population. Notwithstanding, however, the tuberculosis death rate is about four times that of the whites.

As part of the National program arrangements have been made for health talks in most of the negro churches of the State. Special exhibits will be shown and there will be a radio talk over Station WAAM by Dr. W. G. Alexander, chairman, Negro Advisory Committee of the New Jersey Tuberculosis League.

Passaic N. J. Herald

## National Negro Health Week to Open on April 3

The thirteenth annual observance of National Negro Health Week will commence April 3, 1927, and continue until April 10, under auspices of the Tuskegee Negro Conference and the National Negro Business League, with the assistance of Federal, State, county and municipal health authorities and various civic organizations.

In New Jersey, National Negro Health Week is being conducted by the N. J. Tuberculosis League, Inc., and under the direction of Mrs. Elizabeth W. Tyler, R. N., executive secretary, Negro Advisory Committee of the League.

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*Messenger*  
*Somerville - 33*  
APR 6 1927

### NATIONAL NEGRO HEALTH WEEK BEING OBSERVED

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The negro people of the United States are to be congratulated on the fact that during the period from 1910

to 1920, the death rate in at least some Southern States decreased among Negroes more rapidly than among the white population. Notwithstanding, however, the tuberculosis death rate is about four times that of the whites.

OBSERVER  
HOBOKEN, N. J.

APR 6 1927

## FURTHER NEGRO HEALTH WEEK

In conjunction with the observance of National Negro Health Week in Hudson County, "Children's Day" was held yesterday at the Y. W. C. A. branch at 31 Ege Avenue, in the Greenville section of Jersey City. A large number of colored children were present, and a motion picture was shown for their benefit. Dr. Lena F. Edwards spoke on the subject, "Health Habits."

Each child present was weighed and measured and given a tag showing what their weight should be, and was advised what to do to reach normal weight. The weighing was in charge of Miss Laura Woodruff, of the Tuberculosis League. The arrangements were made by P. A. Mariette, executive secretary to the Hudson County Tuberculosis League. "Adult Day" will be observed this evening at 8:30, in the Ideal Hall, 492 Jackson Avenue. There will be a health play by ten Girl Reserves. Motion pictures will be shown, and P. A. Mariette, of the Tuberculosis League, will speak.

Negro melodies will float through the air tomorrow night from 8 to 8:30 through the courtesy and cooperation of station WKBO, on 472.2 meters. This is part of the observance of Negro Health Week in Hudson County. The colored Elks' Glee Club—Wylie R. Ewell, bass; Loraine S. Clark, baritone; Ernest L. Mabrey, second tenor, and John M. Washington, first tenor, will compose the quartette.

They will sing "Roses Bring Dreams of You," "Brighten Up the Corner Where You Are" and "Steal Away." They will be accompanied by Richard S. Johnson.

Rev. Florence Randolph will speak in the interest of "Negro and His Health." As a fitting ending of this program, Moses Goodson, Jr., bass, will sing "Bells of the Sea," by Solomon, and "Face to Face," by Hubert Johnson. Miss Gladys Brown will be accompanist. Everyone is invited to enjoy this program by tuning in to station WKBO at 8 o'clock.

The national committee, headed by R. R. Moton, principal of Tuskegee Institute, has prepared a program specifying certain activities for each day of the week. It is as follows:

Sunday, April 3, Mobilization Day; Monday, April 4, Home Hygiene Day; Tuesday, April 5, Community Sanitation Day; Wednesday, April 6, Children's Health Day; Thursday, April 7, Adults' Health Day; Friday, April 8, Special Campaign Day; Saturday, April 9, General Clean-Up Day, and Sunday, April 10, Report and Follow-Up Day.

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK

The thirteenth annual Negro Health Talk, which was held in Jersey City from April 3 to the 10th, under the auspices of the Peoples' Charitable League of Jersey City, was a success from many angles. Health examinations at least once a year and better attention to infants and children were recommended. The following are the patrons: Dr. J. Francis Johnson, Med. Director; Mrs. Lulu Edwards, President; Dr. Lena A. Edwards, Dr. L. K. Madison.

TRENTON, N. J.

## TRENTON NEGROES WORK FOR HEALTH

Thought of Booker T.  
Washington, Now Na-  
tion-wide Activity

With the slogan, "More Negro Health Work," colored people of Trenton are planning to observe the 13th annual Negro Health Week, April 3 to 10. The observance, a nation-wide one is being arranged locally by a committee of physicians headed by Dr. William S. Hayling, of 110 Spring Street.

The colored churches and schools of the city will co-operate in the observance of the week. The high light of the week will be Tuesday, April 5, designated as Community Sanitation Day, when the birthday of Booker T. Washington, the founder of National Negro Health Week, will be commemorated with special exercises.

The national committee, headed by R. R. Moton, principal of Tuskegee Institute, has prepared a program specifying certain activities for each day of the week. It is as follows:

Sunday, April 3, Mobilization Day; Monday, April 4, Home Hygiene Day; Tuesday, April 5, Community Sanitation Day; Wednesday, April 6, Children's Health Day; Thursday, April 7, Adults' Health Day; Friday, April 8, Special Campaign Day; Saturday, April 9, General Clean-Up Day, and Sunday, April 10, Report and Follow-Up Day.



Health Week - 1927  
ROCHESTER N. Y. CHRON.  
SUNDAY, MARCH 20, 1927.

# ANNUAL NEGRO HEALTH WEEK TO BE OBSERVED FROM APRIL 3 TO 10

## Organizations Invited to Participate in Thirteenth Observance by League

same may be secured by application to Tuskegee Institute.

### Co-operation Needed

In accord with the resolutions of the National Negro Business League, and in co-operation with the Annual Tuskegee Negro Conference and other influential organizations, the observance of the thirteenth annual National Negro Health Week will be held from April 3d through April 10th.

Organizations invited to join in the observance are: The United States Public Health Service, The National Health Council, The National Medical Association, The National Association of Graduate Nurses, The National Organization for Public Health Nursing, The American Red Cross, The American Social Hygiene Association, The National Child Welfare Association, The American Child Health Association, The National Health Circle for Colored People, The National Clean-up and Paint-up Bureau, The National Federation of Colored Women's Clubs, The National League on Urban Conditions, The Commission on Inter-racial Co-operation, The Young Men's and Young Women's Christian Association, The National Association of Teachers in Colored Schools, The Associated Negro Press, The National Negro Press Association, The State Boards of Health, City Boards of Health, State Medical Associations, Annual Church Conferences and Associations, Fraternal Organizations, Insurance Companies, Farmers' Conferences, Local School Boards and Churches.

The twelfth annual National Negro Health Week was more widely observed than any preceding Health Week, and secured a more general interest in, and understanding of health problems and health education among negroes than any preceding Health Week observance. Greater results are expected from the thirteenth annual negro Health Week.

The United States Public Health Service has again prepared the Health Week Bulletin. It is ready for distribution and copies of the same may be secured by application to the United States Public Health Service, Washington, D. C., or to Tuskegee Institute, Alabama.

Suggestions for a sermon on health have been prepared. Copies of the

for a vigorous attack upon all the children in the schools, and disease enemies of the community. circulars should be handed to them.

"Probably two kinds of committees to take to their parents.

should be appointed. First, there should be a committee for each of the

eight days of the Health Week program—a Mobilization Day Committee,

Home Hygiene Day Committee, Community Sanitation Day Committee,

Children's Health Day Committee, Adults' Health Day Committee,

General Clean-Up Day Committee, and Report and Follow-Up Day

Committee. In addition, there may be an educational committee to

well be an educational committee to see that pamphlets, lantern slides, exhibits, and other materials are avail-

able for all the various kinds of meetings held on each one of these days; obtain pamphlets with directions for

committee of sanitary measures to offer expert advice in regard to their

cleaning up of homes, the destroying of flies and mosquitoes, and similar

of flies and mosquitoes, and similar measures, as well as to offer assistance to the committees having

charge of the various daily programs; and a committee on medical measures to offer expert advice on the establishment of clinics and the development

of other medical measures.

### Special Functions

"The central committee itself, or a special subcommittee, may arrange this day, and at various meetings of

various special functions, such as adults, parents should be urged to

mass meeting at the beginning and another at the end of Health Week, should be established in every school

a health play, or a health show. In addition, there may be prizes for

those who have entered school and prizes by school children, prizes for the healthiest boy and girl in the

community, prizes for the cleanest dairy, and prizes for the most effective

work in community sanitation.

"No one at a distance can determine just what kind of an organization

each community will need. Some central committees may wish to adopt

the above suggestions in full; probably a great many will wish to adopt

them only in part.

"The events for each of the various days of Health Week should be in

charge of a separate committee, and each committee should be appointed

early, so it may have plenty of time to make its plans and arrange a suc-

cessful program of work.

### Mobilization Day

"Sunday, April 3d, Mobilization Day, is a day of meetings. Sermons

should be preached in the morning by the various local ministers. In the

afternoon there should be one or more mass meetings—one being adequate

for rural community, town or small city, and several sectional mass meet-

ings being desirable in large cities.

"Monday, 4th, is Home Hygiene Day. At various places where people

assemble, both adults and children, talks should be given for the purpose

of enlisting all homes in observance of Home Hygiene Day.

"Heads of families should be urged to carry out all measures suggested

for the establishment of a sanitary home. Suitable pamphlets should be

distributed by various agencies. Talks on the sanitary homes should be given

### Community Sanitation Day

"Talks, as upon Monday, should be given at business men's clubs, women's clubs, and in the schools to urge the people to assist in the special

work of Tuesday, Community Sanitation Day.

"Committees or teams of men should make a systematic attack upon all

marshes, swamps and other places where water may collect and become

stagnant for the purpose of draining such places and preventing the breed-

ing of mosquitoes. Committees may carry on this work most effective-

ly by writing to the State Department of Health.

"At meetings on Community Sanitation Day, April 5th, some part of the exercises may be properly devoted

to a commemoration of the birthday of Booker T. Washington, the founder of National Negro Health Week.

### Children's Health Day

"On Wednesday, Children's Health Day, talks for children in the schools

should be given special attention on this day, and at various meetings of

adults, parents should be urged to co-operate with schools. Clinics

should be established in every school for the examination of children, both

for those who have entered school and those of pre-school age. Such exami-

nations will reveal defects which may cause great sufferings in later years

if they are not remedied.

All children should be vaccinated against smallpox and toxin; anti-

toxin as a preventive of diphtheria (when indicated) should be applied as

a matter of regular procedure. Teeth should be examined and defects remed-

ied. Enlarged or diseased tonsils and adenoids should be removed when in

the opinion of the physician they are a source of danger.

"On Thursday, April 7th, adults' Health Day, talks should be given before all organizations of business men,

women's clubs and civic agencies which hold regular or special meet-

ings on this day.

"The special aim of these talks should be to interest all adults in the health examination. It should be

pointed out that many adults, as well as children, have conditions which

while they may not be apparent, constitute a menace to the individual's

health and tend to shorten his life.

### Special Campaign Day

"A survey under the general direction of the community's central committee, even though it be hurried and

superficial, will probably reveal the existence of some special disease men-

ace in every community on Friday. In some cities and towns it may be ma-

laria, in others it may be tuberculosis or hookworm disease.

"On this day an opportunity should

be afforded for the inauguration of a program of measures directed especially against the particular disease which appears most dangerous to the community.

"Talks should be given before various organizations of adults, at business houses, and in schools and colleges regarding the control of this special disease.

### Clean-Up Day

"Saturday is a day for general cleaning up. Homes, school houses,

halls, other public buildings and their surroundings should be thoroughly

cleaned. On this day, gather and burn all rubbish and trash. Rubbish that

is not burned should be placed in garbage cans to be collected by street

cleaners.

"It would be helpful to give talks on the value of keeping homes, yards,

public buildings, and communities clean all the year. Make plans for

special cleaning at stated times during the year. The co-operation of

local health boards and city authorities should be solicited to help in this

movement.

"The central committee should hold its final meeting of the week on Sunday noon or other hours to plan ways

and means by which the result of the week's work may be conserved

and to complete plans for a mass meeting to be held, Sunday night.

"Tuskegee Institute will welcome suggestions for making the campaign

a success, and will be glad to co-operate with individuals or groups in

making their plans for the week.

"Address R. R. Moton, principal Tuskegee Institute, Alabama."



Health Week - 1927

DEMOCRAT-  
CHRONICLE  
ROCHESTER, N. Y.

MAR 20 1927

# ANNUAL NEGRO HEALTH WEEK TO BE OBSERVED FROM APRIL 3 TO 10

## Organizations Invited to Participate in Thirteenth Observance by League

In accord with the resolutions of Washington, D. C., or to Tuskegee the National Negro Business League, Institute, Alabama, and in co-operation with the Annual Tuskegee Negro Conference and other influential organizations, the observance of the thirteenth annual National Negro Health Week will be held from April 3d through April 10th.

Organizations invited to join in the observance are: The United States Public Health Service, The National Health Council, The National Medical Association, The National Association of Graduate Nurses, The National Organization for Public Health Nursing, The American Red Cross, The American Social Hygiene Association, The National Child Welfare Association, The American Child Health Association, The National Health Circle for Colored People, The National Clean-up and Paint-up Bureau, The National Federation of Colored Women's Clubs, The National League on Urban Conditions, The Commission on Inter-racial Co-operation, The Young Men's and Young Women's Christian Association, The National Association of Teachers in Colored Schools, The Associated Negro Press, The National Negro Press Association, The State Boards of Health, City Boards of Health, State Medical Associations, Annual Church Conferences and Associations, Fraternal Organizations, Insurance Companies, Farmers Conferences, Local Schools and Churches.

The twelfth annual National Negro Health Week was more widely observed than any preceding Health Week, and secured a more general interest in, and understanding of health problems and health education among negroes than any preceding Health Week observance. Greater results are expected from the thirteenth annual negro Health Week.

The United States Public Health Service has again prepared the Health Week Bulletin. It is ready for distribution and copies of the same may be secured by application to the United States Public Health Service,

### Co-operation Needed

"The civic agency, or the church, or the individual man or woman desirous of bringing about the effective observance of Negro Health Week, should endeavor to win the support of all public-spirited agencies in the community," says the League's announcement. "If there is an official health department in the county or city, the executive officer of that agency should be consulted first. He is the logical person to assume the leadership and to call together representatives of all other agencies. If there is no official health agency in the community, the medical society, or a civic organization, or possibly a church may issue a call for a conference.

"To this preliminary meeting, there should be invited representatives of all health agencies, including medical societies and nurses' organizations, also representatives of the schools, the churches, the chambers of commerce, Rotary, Kiwanis, Lions and other business men's groups, women's clubs, fraternal orders, and all interested organizations. A central committee should be organized, officers should be elected, committees appointed and definite plans decided upon for an effective participation in Health Week during April, and for the development of a program of health work to continue throughout the year.

"It will be well if the central committee can arrange a health survey of the community to determine what diseases and defects are most responsible for the community's ill health. While a thorough, systematic study may not be possible on short notice, and without assistance from state or national organizations, it will usually be practicable for the central committee to conduct a brief, though

careful, study of the local situation. "Monday, 4th, is Home Hygiene Day to determine what disease should be given first consideration in the week's campaign.

In some rural districts it may be hookworm disease, in other communities it may be tuberculosis. These special problems, whatever they be, should be given special consideration. But, in addition, plans should be made for a vigorous attack upon all disease enemies of the community. "Probably two kinds of committees should be appointed. First, there should be a committee for each of the eight days of the Health Week program—a Mobilization Day Committee, Home Hygiene Day Committee, a Community Sanitation Day Committee, a Children's Health Day Committee, Adults' Health Day Committee, General Clean-Up Day Committee and Report and Follow-Up Day Committee. In addition, there may well be an educational committee to see that pamphlets, lantern slides, exhibits, and other materials are available for all the various kinds of meetings held on each one of these days; a committee of sanitary measures to offer expert advice in regard to cleaning up of homes, the destroying of flies and mosquitoes, and similar sanitary measures, as well as to offer assistance to the committees having charge of the various daily programs; and a committee on medical measures to offer expert advice on the establishment of clinics and the development of other medical measures.

### Special Functions

"The central committee itself, or a special subcommittee, may arrange various special functions, such as a mass meeting at the beginning and another at the end of Health Week, a health play, or a health show. In addition, there may be prizes for the healthiest boy and girl in the community, prizes for the cleanest laundry, and prizes for the most effective work in community sanitation.

"No one at a distance can determine just what kind of an organization each community will need. Some central committees may wish to adopt the above suggestions in full; probably a great many will wish to adopt them only in part.

"The events for each of the various days of Health Week should be in charge of a separate committee, and each committee should be appointed early, so it may have plenty of time to make its plans and arrange a successful program of work.

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New York.

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### Special Campaign Day

"A survey under the general direction of the community's central committee, even though it be hurried and superficial, will probably reveal the existence of some special disease menace in every community on Friday. In some cities and towns it may be malaria, in others it may be tuberculosis or hookworm disease.

"On this day an opportunity should be afforded for the inauguration of a program of measures directed especially against the particular disease which appears most dangerous to the community.

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"It would be helpful to give talks on the value of keeping homes, yards, public buildings, and communities clean all the year. Make plans for special cleaning at stated times during the year. The co-operation of local health boards and city authorities should be solicited to help in this movement.

"The central committee should hold its final meeting of the week on Sunday noon or other hours to plan ways and means by which the results of the week's work may be conserved and to complete plans for a mass meeting to be held, Sunday night.

"Tuskegee Institute will welcome suggestions for making the campaign a success, and will be glad to co-operate with individuals or groups in making their plans for the week.

"Address R. R. Moton, principal, Tuskegee Institute, Alabama."

### Children's Health Day

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"The special aim of these talks should be to interest all adults in the health examination. It should be pointed out that many adults, as well as children, have conditions which, as children, have conditions which,



## Health Week Mass Meeting on Sunday

A health and welfare mass meeting will be held at Bethel A. M. E. Church, 52 West 132nd Street, Sunday, April 3, at 6 p. m. Speakers: Rev. Wm. P. Hayes and Dr. P. H. M. Savory, vice president of Victory Life Insurance Co; Miss Marion Pettiford, Dr. C. A. Butler, Rev. H. K. Spearman. Music by Bethel Choir, assisted by Mt. Olive B. Y. P. U. Choral.

Chas. C. Allison will preside. This program will usher Health Week in.

## Community Council Hold Health Meeting

The North Harlem Community Council held a public health meeting at Bethel Church, 52 West 132d street, Monday evening April 4, at 8.30 p. m.

Among the citizens who spoke on the health problems of Harlem and how to remedy them were: Cleveland G. Allen, Miss E. Henderson, Miss Lewis, Prof. S. R. Williams, the Rev. G. E. Carter, Dr. Butler, Dr. G. Henderson, Dr. R. C. Fraiser, Attorney C. G. French, and a representative of the Victory Life Insurance Company. Miss Wheeldon, Miss E. Wise and Miss D. Harrison, soloists; Mrs. C. Battless, reader.

On the committee were William Battle, chairman; Dr. Anna R. Cooper, chairman, committee on health and sanitation; E. Ramery, executive secretary of committee on health and sanitation.

## NEW YORK Journal of Commerce

### APR 8 1927 SEVENTH CLEAN-UP ON NEW YORK CITY RISKS

Starts April 18—Includes Negro Tenements

The Seventh Clean-up Campaign of the New York Board of Fire Underwriters is to start on April 18. Besides the usual factory district of the city it will include the negro tenement district. Chairman H. N. Kelsey, of the committee on surveys, in notifying the board members says:

"The committee on Fire Prevention Week of the National Fire Protection Association has taken over the sponsorship for a country-wide fire prevention clean-up campaign for the third week in April and is asking for the co-operation of fire insurance men in the initiation of the campaign. The board considered this an opportune time to carry forward the Seventh Clean-up Campaign and at

its last meeting promised its support to make the drive as fully successful as the other drives have been.

The suggestion was made that perhaps this drive might well take in the negro tenement house district in Harlem, where it is more or less well known that conditions of housekeeping are bad. This suggestion will receive due consideration by the committee at its forthcoming meeting. All members are asked to give their full support to the campaign and to advise Superintendent White of the Bureau of Surveys the extent to which they will be able to cooperate and indicate the names of the members of their staff whose services will be donated for the work."



Health Week - 1927

DURHAM, N. C., 1927

MAR 17 1927

## COLORED MASS MEETING IS TO BE HELD TONIGHT

### Negro Business League Is Backing Clean-Up Week.

Plans for clean-up week will be made at a mass meeting for colored people to be held this evening at 8 o'clock under the auspices of the Negro Business league at the Mount Vernon Baptist church. Plans will be outlined for co-operation with the Chamber of Commerce in making the week a success. Durham's negro citizens have already heartily endorsed the movement, and it only remains to work out details.

George W. Cox, president of the business league, will be the principal speaker this evening.

Durham, N. C., Herald

APR 3 1927

## NEGROES TO STAGE CLEAN-UP PROGRAM

### Colored Population To Co-operate in Civic Movement; National Health Week

The Durham branch of the National Negro Business league will mobilize its forces today for the general clean up and paint-up week and the national negro health week program. This afternoon a series of mass meetings will be held in the interest of better negro health and cleaner premises. Home hygiene, community sanitation, children and adult health are some of the things which will be discussed and the people will be urged to put these things into practice.

The speakers for the day and places of meetings, Sunday afternoon, are: Hillside park school, Dr. J. W. V. Cordice; East End school, Dr. J. N. Mills; East Durham school, G. W. Cox.

Through the interest of a local United States Public Health service negro insurance company, time will be placed at a number of places, Monday, for the benefit of the community: Lyon Park school, East End school, East Durham school, Hillside park school, Walltown school, Hickstown school, Pratt health day, adults' health day, special campaign day, general clean-up store on Fayetteville street; Rosa Wade's day and finally report and follow-up store on Carrington street; Evan's day. store on Glenn street.

## Health Week At A. and T. College

Greensboro, N. C., April 9.—Annual Health Week was observed at A. and T. College, beginning April 4. The entire plant was given its spring house-cleaning from cellar to garret. Classes were suspended two afternoons, and professors and students alike donned working clothes and chased dirt and cobwebs instead of the elusive formulas of chemistry and mathematics.

Dr. Sebastian, school physician provided a speaker for the chapel exercises each day. On Monday Dr. Hudson, city health officer, gave a talk on Hygiene of the Home. Mr. Young, from the city welfare office, talked about Community Welfare on Tuesday. Dr. Ravenell told us many things about Child Hygiene on Wednesday. Adult Hygiene was discussed by Dr. Tankersly on Thursday. On Friday Dr. Sebastian himself filled the pulpit and gave a summary of the week.

During the week we also had another interesting speaker from Haiti; a rating commission from the Federal Government inspected the institution; and the week closed with a presentation by the Kittrell players in the college auditorium of two plays: "Simon the Cyrenian" and "The Dream Rider."

Wilmington, N. C., N

MAR 27 1927

### Colored Schools To Observe Health Week

The 13th annual observance of negro health week begins April the 3rd, and will be observed by the schools and the public of the city.

The program as outlined by the United States Public Health service and sponsored by the annual Tuskegee conference and the National Negro Business league, is as follows: Beginning with Sunday, April 3, mobilization day, home hygiene day, community sanitation day, children's health day, adults' health day, special campaign day, general clean-up day, and finally report and follow-up day.

North Carolina.

An attractive bulletin giving full information for the observance of Negro Health week gives as the last of the "daily dozen" for your year-round health program, the three C's and three 8's of life, as follows: Be clean, be careful, be cheerful; work 8 hours, recreate 8 hours, sleep 8 hours—and enjoy a long, useful and happy life. A copy of this bulletin can be seen at the Wilmington colored library.

## Urges That Race Make Every Week Health Week



DR. ALGERNON B. JACKSON, director Department of Public Health, Howard University, Washington, D. C., whose article on Negro health appears on page eight.

## EDUCATION OF NEGRO MAKES BETTER STATE

### Dr. Newbold Tells Of North Carolina's Program

(Special to Journal and Guide)  
Raleigh, N. C., March 30.—North Carolina's program for Negro Education means not only advancement for

Negroes, but a happy and more progressive state. Dr. C. Newbold, director of the Division of Negro Education, State Department of Education, declared in speaking before the first quadrennial institute on Interracial Relations at the University of North Carolina last week.

Letters written by some of the outstanding citizens of the State in which they expressed hearty approval of what the State is doing in this field were read by Dr. Newbold.

The program, he said, consists of teacher training agencies, which include five state institutions, three of which are devoted entirely to the training of teachers in the elementary schools, two are standard normal schools, and one a four-year college. Another institution is to train high school teachers and offer liberal arts courses, and the other to train teachers for vocational subjects.

"The Negro people of the entire State have been encouraged and stimulated far beyond any previous period in our history," he said. "White people of the State have also come to feel that they are now beginning to do their duty and as a prominent citizen expressed it, understand the meaning of 'reflected glory' which comes to those who help another people."

Reports of what the State is doing have been seized upon by people outside the State from many sections of the country and the State thereby has been given credit for a high moral and spiritual quality."

WINSTON SALEM,

N. C. JOURNAL

APR 6 1927

Negro Health Week

### Is Observed Here

The negro schools of this city are observing National Negro Health Week and each school is staging its own program. The teachers and principals are mapping out the programs to fit the particular needs of each school.

Some of the things that are being done include short talks, applying a system of health grading to each class and chapel programs. Much interest is being shown in the work, it is said.

Durham, N. C., Herald

APR 1 1927

## NEGRO LEAGUE TO CONDUCT CAMPAIGN

Sunday Will Be Starting Time  
For Campaign in Negro  
Sections of the City

Under the auspices of the national negro health week program and the clean-up and paint-up week,

the Durham branch of the national negro business league will begin a campaign for better negro health and cleaner premises on Sunday, April 3.

Sunday will be known as mobilization day. The ministers of the various churches are requested to preach a sermon on health and cleanliness at their morning services. In the afternoon public mass meetings will be held throughout the city, covering each ward at three o'clock, with speakers for each district.

Home hygiene, community sanitation, children and adult health are some of the things which will be discussed and the people will be urged to put these things into practice.

The meeting places for Sunday are: Thaxton avenue Baptist church; Mt. Pleasant Baptist church; Lyon Park; East Durham school; Hillside Park school; and East End school.

Monday, April 4, time will be placed at the following places for the benefit of the community: Lyon Park school, East Durham school, East End school, Hillside Park school, Pratt store on Fayetteville street, Brown's store on Ferrell street, Walltown school, and Hickstown school.

WINSTON SALEM, N. C. JOURNAL

APR 6 1927

Negro Health Week

Throughout the country this week the health of the colored population is being given greater attention. It is known as Negro Health Week. Plans for its observance were formulated by the National Business League, in co-operation with the Federal Board of Public Health Service, various State and local health departments, the Commission on Interracial Co-operation, and other agencies interested in Negro welfare.

The idea of Negro Health Week was first put into form twelve years ago by the late Booker T. Washington and every year is carried out more widely and effectively than before. It has helped materially in effecting a substantial decline in Negro mortality during that period.

Negro Health Week is being observed quite generally in Winston-Salem. And it is well that it is. Those sponsoring it in this city are putting on an original program in the schools of the colored people. This includes inspection of class

rooms, grading of classes in health practices, etc. This will be followed by a special health program at the chapel period on Friday.



APR 5 1927

**NEGRO WELFARE.**

One April "week" The Observer overlooked is that of "Negro Health Week," which began Sunday and is being observed over the country under auspices of the National Business League in co-operation with the Federal Public Health Service. It is worthy of note that this movement was started by Booker Washington 12 years ago, and yet survives as one of his best endeavors in negro welfare. There are fixed features for each day. Sunday was mobilization day, featured by "health" sermons in all negro pulpits. Yesterday was home hygiene and family health day; today is devoted to community sanitation. Tomorrow is children's day, with health programs, addresses and clinics in the schools; Thursday, adults' day, with health talks before organizations of men and women; Friday, special campaigns adapted to conditions peculiar to each community; Saturday, general clean-up day; Sunday, reports of results and follow-up plans.

Salisbury, N. C. Post

**Nat. Negro Health Week Great Success**

National Negro Health Week, observed in Rowan last week, was a decided success. It was directed by J. D. Carlton, negro farm agent, who arranged meetings at a number of points throughout the county, all of which were attended by large numbers of negro farmers and their wives, as well as other negroes of the communities in which these meetings were held. The total number of people reached was 1,080.

Dr. C. W. Armstrong, county health officer, made talks on health and Agent Carlton spoke on the importance of home grown foods as far as possible. In addition to these talks health pictures were shown, these being supplied by the county health department.

Salisbury, N. C. Post

APR 3 1927

**National Negro Health Week Be Observed Rowan**

This is National Negro Health Week and is being observed in Rowan county, through the colored farm demonstration agency. J. D. Carlton, negro farm agent for Rowan, has arranged for a number of night meetings in various parts of the county. All of these will begin at 8 o'clock, health pictures will be shown and there will

be talks by Dr. C. W. Armstrong county health officer.

Monday night the meeting will be held at Sills Creek, Tuesday night at Cleveland, Wednesday night at Mt. Tabor and Thursday night at Piney Grove.

Agent Carlton urges all colored people in these communities to attend these meetings, and is endeavoring to get out a crowd at each place.

Asheville, N. C. Times

APR 3 1927

**Negro Health Week Program Here, Announced**

Beginning Sunday National Negro Health week will be observed in Asheville. An elaborate program, arranged by Dr. J. W. Holt, and other negro physicians in the city will be presented in an effort to better health conditions among the negroes. "Negro Health Our 1927 Challenge," had been adopted as a slogan.

The program arranged is as follows:

Sunday—Mobilization day, Dr. Forte, Y. M. C. A.

Monday—Home hygiene day, Dr. J. W. Walker, Stephens Lee high school

Tuesday—Community sanitation day, Dr. J. W. Holt, Buffalo school

Wednesday—Children's health day, Mattie Sears, R. N., Hill street school.

Thursday—Adult health day, Maggie McAdams, Mountain street school.

Friday—Special campaign day, Dr. Frank Evans, Livingstone St. school

Saturday—General clean up day Dr. R. L. Hendricks, Allen House.

Sunday—Report and follow-up day.



Health Week - 1927

POST  
CINCINNATI, O.

APR 15 1927

### THANKS FOR CO-OPERATION

Directors of the Negro Civic Welfare Association meeting at the Ninth Street Baptist Building, adopted resolutions Thursday thanking all agencies and persons who took part in Negro Health Week, which was concluded with a mass meeting Sunday at the Plum Street Temple.

POST  
CINCINNATI, O.

APR 8 1927  
CLINIC AT STOWE

Dentists Examine Teeth of 2300 Children During Health Week

A total of 2300 children at Stowe school have received dental examinations during Negro Health Week. Dr. E. H. Jones, supervisor of public school clinics, announced Friday. During the week as many as 10 dentists were at work at the school. Twelve hundred pupils under direction of Miss Jennie D. Porter, principal, marched to Roosevelt Theater Thursday afternoon, carrying Health Week banners and posters. Health films were exhibited by the Anti-Tuberculosis League and the Ohio Valley Unit of the National Dairy Council.

Despite the fact that Cincinnati has been awarded national prize twice for negro health work, James H. Robinson, executive secretary of Negro Civic Welfare Association, claimed more work is being done this year than ever before.

ENQUIRER  
CINCINNATI, O.

MAR 12 1927

### TO OBSERVE HEALTH WEEK.

Negro Civic Association Plans Celebration For April 3 To 10.

National Negro Health Week, an annual event fostered originally by Booker T. Washington, will be observed in Cincinnati this year April 3 to 10. This announcement came from the Negro Civic Welfare Association through its Executive Secretary, James H. Robinson. This group is to lead the movement this year with the help of other health and social agencies. A meeting to organize the campaign will be held at the Shoemaker Center Monday afternoon.

The announcement followed a monthly meeting of the Board of Directors at the Ninth Street Baptist building yesterday morning, at which Murray Shoemaker presided.

It also was announced that Ma-

Hirsch was elected new President of the organization for the year beginning June 1. Mrs. M. C. Slute was chosen Chairman of the Child Welfare Committee to succeed Mr. Ruth L. Workum, who resigned to pass the year abroad. The Child Welfare Committee is sponsoring a survey in the orphan asylum, Shelter Home and the Home For Colored Girls to improve the facilities for the care of colored children.

CINCINNATI, OHIO

AUG 1 1927  
**CINCINNATI WINS  
HEALTH CONTEST**

Will Get Silver Cup for Negro Work.

The first prize in the National Negro Health Week Contest again was won by Cincinnati, it was announced Monday in a message received from Dr. R. R. Moton, Principal of Tuskegee Institute and President of the National Negro Business League. The second prize went to Louisville, and the third prize to Atlanta.

The prize cups this year will be presented during the 28th session of the National Negro Business League, which meets in St. Louis August 10, 11 and 12.

The Cincinnati campaign was under the supervision of a committee of citizens consisting of Dr. Jerome Zeigler, chairman; C. M. Bookman, honorary chairman; Dr. W. L. Heiser, first vice chairman; Dr. W. T. Nelson, second vice chairman; James H. Robinson, secretary of the Negro Civic Welfare Association, secretary; and Miss Ethel Ideson, Miss M. Edith Campbell, Mrs. Ada Stokes, Mrs. Laura V. Cuni, Miss Anna Hope.

### CINCINNATI WINS CLEAN CITY PRIZE

TUSKEGEE, ALA., AUG. 10—Cincinnati was again awarded the first prize for the most successful cleanup and health work accomplished during the annual National Negro Health Week Campaign, according to a report made known here Tuesday. The second prize was extended to Louisville, Ky., and the third to Atlanta, Ga. Milwaukee and P.U. Prairie View, Texas, received honorable mention.

Ohio.

TIMES  
WASHINGTON, D. C.

AUG 9 1927

### Cincinnati Wins Cup In Clean-up Campaign

Having accomplished more than any other city in the recent national negro health week clean-up, Cincinnati will be awarded a silver loving cup at this week's session of the National Negro Business League, to be held in St. Louis, the judges announced today.

Louisville will receive the second prize, and Atlanta third, in this year's campaign conducted by the National Clean-up and Paint-up Bureau of New York.

POST  
WASHINGTON, D. C.

AUG 9 1927

### Cincinnati Wins Cup For Colored Clean-Up

Announcement that Cincinnati again had won first award for the most successful clean-up and paint-up accomplished during the national negro health week, was made last night by members of the board of judges, William O. Walker, Mrs. Alice Dunbar Nelson, John C. Dancy, jr., and Monroe N. Work, of the Tuskegee Institute department of research. Louisville was awarded second prize and Atlanta third.

The prizes, silver cups, will be presented this week at the St. Louis session of the National Negro Business League, Walker stated. They are given each year by the national clean-up and paint-up bureau of New York.

ENQUIRER  
CINCINNATI, O.

AUG 1 1927  
QUEEN CITY IS FIRST.

Prize To Be Awarded For Work During Negro Health Week.

Cincinnati again was awarded first prize in the National Negro Health Week Contest, according to an announcement received yesterday from Dr. R. R. Moton, Principal of Tuskegee Institute and President of the National Negro Business League, yesterday.

According to the dispatch, the second prize was awarded to Louisville, Ky., and the third to Atlanta, Ga.

The three trophies will be awarded at the National Convention of the National Negro Business League in St. Louis early this month.

The Cincinnati campaign was under the leadership of the following committee: Dr. Jerome Zeigler, Chairman; C. M. Bookman, Honorary Chairman; Dr. W. L. Heiser, First Vice Chairman; Dr. W. T. Nelson, Second Vice Chairman; James H. Robinson, Secretary of the Negro Civic Welfare Association, Secretary, and Miss Ethel Ideson, Miss M. Edith Campbell, Mrs. Ada Stokes, Mrs. Laura V. Cuni and Miss Anna Hope.



Health Week - 1927  
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Oklahoma.

*National Term News*  
APR 2 1927

## Negroes To Observe Annual Health Week From April 3 to 10

TUSKOGEE, OKLA.—The week of April 3 to 10 will be observed throughout the United States as the Thirteenth Annual Negro Health Week.

This special period has been set aside by the leading Negro organizations in the country, including the Tuskegee Negro Conference, cooperating with the National Medical Association, and the National Negro Business league.

The United States Public Health Service, the state and local health departments, and numerous national, state and local voluntary health associations throughout the nation also will cooperate.

National Negro Health Week for 1926 was distinguished by a larger cooperation from the health departments than ever before, but it is expected that this record achievement will be excelled this year.

During the period of 1910 to 1920 the death rate in at least some Southern States decreased among Negroes more rapidly than among the white population. The rate, however, still remains higher among the colored people, and throughout most of the South the infant mortality rate is higher among the negroes.

Cincinnati was awarded first, Atlanta second, and Baltimore third place, for excellence of results in the 1926 Health Week prizes donated by the National Clean-up and Paint-up Bureau. The prizes consisted of silver loving cups.



Health Week - 1927  
WASHINGTON, PA.

*Reporter*  
APR 5 1927

## National Negro Health Week Is Being Observed

The thirteenth annual observance of national negro health week, April 3 to 10, is under the auspices of the annual Tuskegee negro conference and the National Negro Business League. The U. S. Public Health service actively cooperates, and state and local organizations are taking part.

A Health Week Bulletin, prepared especially for this observance, can be had from the U. S. Public Health Service, Washington, or from the Tuskegee institute, Alabama. The Red Cross, among numerous national organizations, is doing its part to foster the purposes of this health week, whose program emphasizes approved health practices and principles.

WASHINGTON, PA.

*Reporter*

APR 5 1927

## National Negro Health Week Is Being Observed

The thirteenth annual observance of national negro health week, April 3 to 10, is under the auspices of the annual Tuskegee negro conference and the National Negro Business League. The U. S. Public Health service actively cooperates, and state and local organizations are taking part.

A Health Week Bulletin, prepared especially for this observance, can be had from the U. S. Public Health Service, Washington, or from the Tuskegee institute, Alabama. The Red Cross, among numerous national organizations, is doing its part to foster the purposes of this health week, whose program emphasizes approved health practices and principles.

Pennsylvania.



Health Week - 1927

## JUDGES SELECTED TO AWARD PRIZES TO HEALTHY CITIES

Tuskegee Institute, Ala., June 15.—Announcement was made here this week that the following persons have been invited to serve as judges to award prizes to the cities which have best observed the National Negro Health Week, April 3-10: Mrs. Alice Dunbar Nelson, public school teacher and journalist of Wilmington, Delaware; John C. Dancy, Jr., executive secretary of the Urban League, Detroit; Dr. Clyde Donnell, secretary of the National Medical Association, Durham, N. C.; George W. Lee, district manager of the Atlanta Life Insurance Company, Memphis; William O. Walker, managing editor of the Washington (D. C.) Tribune; Miss Virginia Wing, of the Cleveland (O.) Health Council representing the National Clean-up and Paint-up Bureau; and Monroe N. Work, Director of the Department of Records and Research, Tuskegee Institute.

Three silver loving cups are awarded annually by the National Clean-up and Paint-up Campaign Bureau of New York City to the cities rated first, second and third respectively in raising the level of Negro health conditions during the campaign. Cincinnati, took first honors in 1926 with Atlanta, second, and Baltimore third.

All cities entering the contest are requested to send in their reports not later than July 15, to Dr. Robert R. Moton, president of the National Negro Business League, Tuskegee Institute, Alabama, under whose auspices the campaign is conducted. The awards will be presented to the representatives of the winning cities at the 28th annual meeting of the League in St. Louis, August 10-12.

Reports received to date indicate wide observance of health week and reveal an increasing interest on the part of the community in the welfare of the Negro.

White and colored social agencies and state and federal public health

bureaus have cooperated generously in making the observance of National Negro Health Week effective in securing better Negro health.

## CINCINNATI AGAIN WINS HEALTH W'K CUP

Louisville Wins Second  
Place And Atlanta Third

### In National Contest

TUSKEGEE INST.—Cincinnati, O. was again awarded the first place for the most successful Clean-up and Health work accomplished during the National Negro Health Week Campaign of 1927, according to an announcement made here today.

The second prize went to Louisville, Ky., and the third prize to Atlanta, Ga.

The prizes which are silver trophy cups are given each year by the National Clean-up and Paint-up Bureau of New York City, and will be presented at the twenty-eighth annual session of the National Negro Business League which will be held in St. Louis, Mo.

The judges in the National Negro Health Week contest were: Mrs. Alice Dunbar Nelson, social worker and journalist, of Wilmington, Del.; John C. Dancy, Jr., executive secretary of the Urban League, Detroit; Dr. Clyde H. Donnell, secretary of the National Medical Association, Durham, N. C.; George W. Lee, district manager of the Atlanta Life Insurance Company, Memphis; William O. Walker, managing editor of the Washington (D. C.) Tribune; Miss Virginia R. Wing, of the Cleveland (Ohio) Health Council representing the National Clean-up and Paint-up Bureau; Monroe N. Work, director of the Department of Records and Research, Tuskegee Institute, Ala.

MEMPHIS, TENN. —  
JUN 25 1927

### NEGRO EDUCATORS NAMED.

George W. Lee, district manager of the Atlanta Life Insurance Company, 392 Beale Avenue, has been named by Dr. Robert R. Moton, president of the National Negro Business League, Tuskegee Institute, Ala., to serve as a judge to award prizes to the cities which have best observed National Negro Health Week, April 3-10, conducted annually under the auspices of the business league.

Silver loving cups are awarded annually by the National Clean-up and Paintup Campaign Bureau of New

Prizes—Judges.  
York to the cities rated first, second and third. The awards will be presented to representatives of the winning cities at the twenty-eighth annual meeting of the league in St. Louis Aug. 10-12. First place was won last year by Cincinnati with Atlanta and Baltimore second and third, respectively.

Other judges are Alice Dunbar Nelson, social service worker and journalist of Wilmington, Del.; John C. Dancy, executive secretary of the Detroit Urban League; William O. Walker, managing editor of the Washington (D. C.) Tribune; Dr. Clyde Donnell, secretary of the National Medical Association, Durham, N. C.; Virginia Wing of the Cleveland Health Council, representing the Cleanup and Paintup Campaign Bureau, and Monroe N. Work, director of the department of records and research, Tuskegee Institute.



Rhode Island.

Health Week - 1927  
**TRIBUNE**  
PROVIDENCE, R. I.

APR 11 1927  
Negro Health Week

As part of the program of Negro Health Week, which is being observed throughout the world, several talks were given last night by doctors at a meeting in Olney Street Baptist Church, held under the auspices of What Cheer Branch of the National Medical Association.

Dr. William Ingram of Providence taking as his subject "The Care of the Teeth," and Dr. Marcus F. Wheatland of Newport, whose topic was "Health in General," were the principal speakers. Brief addresses were also given by Drs. Andrew L. Jackson, Ulysses T. Carter and William H. Higgins, all of Providence. Rev. O. Paul Thompson, pastor of the church, presided.



Health Week - 1927

INDEPENDENT

Anderson S.C.

APR 13 1927

### SPLENDID COOPERATION GIVEN HERE DURING NEGRO HEALTH WEEK

City and county health authorities are well pleased with the co-operation given them by the negroes of Anderson and throughout the county during the National Negro Health Week which closed with the beginning of this week.

Leaders among the negroes, it was said, gave much assistance to the local officers in getting their people to observe this important week. The premises in the negro districts were cleaned thoroughly and are now in splendid condition, according to the health officers.

Spartanburg, S. C., Journal

APR 7 1927

### NEGRO HEALTH WEEK WILL BE OBSERVED LATE THIS MONTH

The last week in April has been set aside for observance of negro health week, and is to be conducted here under the auspices of the tuberculosis association with the cooperation of the colored branch of the local Red Cross chapter, according to an announcement yesterday.

During this week the tuberculosis association will probably have a "home hygiene day", a "children's health day", "adults health day," and a general "clean-up day," it was said. On the last day, prizes will be offered for the best cleaned school and home yard and grounds and for the largest pile of tin cans collected, it was said.

Darlington, S.C.

Press

APR 7 1927

### NATIONAL NEGRO HEALTH WEEK OBSERVED APRIL 3-10

The County Health Department, under the active management of Dr. A. B. Hooton, steadily maintains useful and highly beneficial activities. Especially should what is being done just at this time be recognized as work of the utmost importance, this being with reference to improving health and sanitary conditions generally among the negroes.

National Negro Health Week which to observe this important week. All was instituted thirteen years ago by premises in the negro districts were Dr. Booker T. Washington, president of Tuskegee Institute, is being observed in the colored schools and churches of Darlington County this week, April 3 to 10, with great enthusiasm. Mayo school, in Darlington, is having a special program to encourage better health for negroes, twice each day some phase of health work is taken up and a talk on disease prevention is given. The proper disposal of human excreta and the screening of homes has been stressed in order to prevent the spread of typhoid fever and other filth borne disease, a demonstration of screen window and door building will be given the boys of this school by one of the instructors.

A mass meeting has been arranged at the Darlington A. M. E. church on Coker street for Tuesday night at 7:30 o'clock to emphasize the importance of better health among negroes. At the Hartsville colored school each day during the week some subject relating to health preservation will be taken up and stressed by a speaker. Literature on sanitation and disease prevention will be distributed. In this school more especially for the benefit of the students coming from the rural districts and their parents, will be building and maintaining fly-proof sanitary privies be stressed.

On Monday afternoon at Galilee school a clinic was held for the examination of children below school age at which forty babies and young children were examined and mothers were advised as to the care of their children and where illness or physical defects were found they were referred to their family physicians for treatment. Another clinic of this kind has been arranged for Kelly Bell school on Tuesday at noon. A mass meeting has been arranged in Hartsville for Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock to encourage better negro health. Other lectures and demonstrations will be given at various schools and churches in the county. The colored death rate from pulmonary tuberculosis decreased from 403.1 deaths per 100,000 population in 1910 to 201.7 per 100,000 population in 1922, a decrease of 50 per cent in twelve years.

Anderson, S. C., INDEPENDENT

APR 13 1927

### SPLENDID COOPERATION GIVEN HERE DURING NEGRO HEALTH WEEK

City and county health authorities are well pleased with the co-operation given them by the negroes of Anderson and throughout the county during the National Negro Health Week which closed with the beginning of this week.

Leaders among the negroes, it was said, gave much assistance to the local officers in getting their people

South Carolina

SPARTANBURG, S. C., JOURNAL

### APR 30 1927 BELIEVE NEGRO HEALTH WEEK IS TO DO MUCH GOOD

Much Interest Displayed in Programs Carried Out.

### WORK MAY BE PERMANENT

The program for Negro Health Week in the city has been carried out with excellent fashion, in the opinion of officials of the County Tuberculosis association that sponsored the work.

With large attendances at all meetings, it is felt that lasting benefits will be derived from the information gained there by the negro folk of the city. Plans are now afoot that may result in the organization of a permanent committee that will continue the work throughout the year.

This committee will consist of members of the negro school faculties and negro ministers. Much work on the part of teachers and pupils in staging three health plays interestingly and without scenery and costumes must have been required at the Dean Street, Highland and Carrier Street schools, where the productions were given Wednesday, Thursday and yesterday afternoon.

The officials remarked. Drs. D. L. Smith, C. O. Bennett, Sam Orr Black and L. L. Williams assisted in the program by giving health talks while E. T. Ammons of the county health department worked the motion picture machine in presenting health films at a negro church last week.



Health Week - 1927

SPARTANBURG, S. C., JOURNAL

MAR 31 1927

## WILL OBSERVE NATIONAL NEGRO HEALTH WEEK

County and City Health  
Units Will Cooperate

FIRST WEEK IN  
APRIL IS TIME

Sermons on Health Will  
Be Preached Sunday

The city and county health units physicians and preachers in negro churches, will cooperate in National Negro Health Week in the city and county, which is to be held during the first week in April, beginning with sermons on health in the various negro churches Sunday, April 3 and continuing through that week.

The health units of the city and county will cooperate in making health examinations of the negro school children and will do necessary follow-up work that comes in their respective lines of duty.

The city health department will also assist in whatever way it can in the way of hauling trash in the general clean-up campaign, which is also to be conducted in connection with the health week program.

Sunday, April 3 will be Mobilization day and all negro preachers are asked to preach on health topics that day.

Monday, April 4 will be known as Home Hygiene day. Examination of school children at the Dunston Memorial school will be made by negro physicians of the city assisted by a nurse from State College and also assisted by nurses from the County health unit.

Tuesday, April 5 will be Community Sanitation Day. The county health unit, which consists of Dr. G. C. Bolen and Miss Donie Collier, county health nurse, and Miss Sadie Kendall, county tuberculosis nurse, will make an examination of colored children at the Great Branch school.

Wednesday, April 6 will be designated as Children's Health Day and the county health unit will make examinations of school pupils at the Branchville negro school.

Thursday, April 7, will be known as Adult's Health Day, on which the county health forces will

make an examination of the pupils of Rock Swamp school.

The health week program will be concluded Sunday, April 10 with reports and follow-up work and sermons again by the negro preachers of the county on this work.

Arrangements have been made with Superintendent of Education W. L. Glaze for schools to give a half holiday on the day that the school grounds and the home premises are cleaned up.

ANDERSON, S. C., INDEPENDENT

## NEGROES OBSERVE HEALTH WEEK SOON

Starting Monday, Anderson Negroes Will Join In National Negro Health Week and Devote Time To Cleaning Up and Improving Sanitary Condition

The week beginning Monday April 4 has been designated as "National Negro Health week", by local health authorities.

During this week, negro preachers and teachers will be asked to interest their congregations and schools in better health conditions and other negro leaders will be asked to assist the health authorities in their campaign against flies and mosquitos.

Negroes are urged to clean up their premises, collect all tin cans and bottles to prevent mosquitos breeding; clean stables, white wash out buildings; construct sanitary toilets as clean, cover and curb wells; screen the houses against flies and mosquitos.

By carrying out the above measures, much disease may be prevented. Among the diseases, which are spread by the fly, which breeds in refuse, decaying vegetation, garbage, stable manure etc. and carry disease germs from open toilets thereby infecting people by contaminating food supplies, are typhoid fever, dysentery, "summer complaint," etc.

Mosquitoes breed in stagnant water and spread Malaria from one infected person to another and are a source of annoyance to the welfare and comfort of people.

Drinking water should be pure and clean, wells should be curbed to prevent surface drainage. The floor and boxing should be tight that filth

will not be washed into the well from the top.

The movement which follows general clean-up-week, will be in charge of the Anderson county health department, and will receive the cooperation and assistance of the city health authorities and the Tuberculosis Association. Preachers in the negro churches will be asked to preach health sermons, and teachers in the negro schools will be asked to make health talks in the schools. It is hoped by the health authorities that with the cooperation of all concerned that a great deal of good work will be done toward the promotion of better health among the negroes during this week.

Health Clinic at

Voorhees Institute

Denmark, S. C.—At the Voorhees School, Denmark, S. C. on Thursday, March 1, Nurse K. E. Malone, assisted by Miss Rosa Boisfeulle, with Dr. O'Tell of Augusta, Ga., doing the actual operating, held a clinic for the removal of tonsils and adenoids. Nineteen patients were treated. Up to the present time, all appear to be doing very well. Miss Malone travels for the State of South Carolina, and Miss Boisfeulle is local nurse at the school. The successful treatment of these 19 patients means that other clinics will be held on the Voorhees School grounds. Through the Booker T. Washington Hospital, located at Voorhees.

## COMMITTEE FORMED FOR HEALTH WORK

Dr. Hooton Succeeds in Promoting 13th Annual Negro Health Work

Last Tuesday afternoon a meeting was held at the courthouse in Darlington, and a central committee formed for the purpose of organizing Darlington county for the thirteenth annual National Negro Health Week

South Carolina.

to be observed throughout the country during the week of April third to tenth.

The meeting was handled by Dr. Hooton, county health officer, and by his request several talks were made by representative members of the functioning organizations that have the interest of public welfare at heart.

H. W. Hennig, president of the Darlington Kiwanis club, made a brief talk on the subject as also Mrs. G. T. Patton, of the Red Cross chapter, Darlington, and Miss Lillian Petriway, of the tuberculosis association. In each brief talk was stressed the possible benefit to be derived from hearty and wide co-operation in making this National Health Week among the colored citizens of the county of material value to them in better health environments.

Plans were drawn up and adopted whereby all the teachers, preachers and public officials throughout the county would be acquainted with work to be done previous to and during the week of April 3rd to 10th.

The central committee elected at this meeting were, Prof. H. H. Butler, chairman; Mrs. J. L. Cain, secretary; Prof. D. T. Robinson, A. A. Prince, J. L. Cain, Miss Olive Franklin, Mrs. William Howard, Mr. C. E. Grice, Rev. William Howard and I. H. Dixon.

APR 1 1927

National Negro Health Week  
The National Negro Health Week will again be observed this year, the week of April 3rd to 10th, inclusive, having been selected this year and the public health nurse is co-operating in the movement. Literature on the subject has been sent to all the colored preachers and teachers in the county in the hope that they will assist in the movement. The warfare of the colored people against disease and general ill health has only begun. Continued efforts on a larger and more effective scale each year will bring new conquests and higher standards of health and efficiency. These health weeks are conducted in co-operation with the United States Public Health Service.

Spartanburg, S. C., Journal

APR 28 1927

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK SHOWING MUCH PROGRESS

Officials Pleased With Advances Made Toward Promotion.

DR. SMITH MAKES TALK

Negro health week in Spartanburg is proving very satisfactory, according to Miss Mary Ann Isbister, executive secretary of the Spartanburg chapter of the Red Cross, which is conducting the campaign together with the county tuberculosis association and the county health unit.

Miss Isbister says that those in charge of the programs being given as a part of the campaign are meeting with hearty co-operation from the colored people at all points, and that Spartanburg physicians particularly are proving a great aid in the work.

Dr. D. L. Smith gave a health talk at the Silver Hill Church last night, showing a number of lantern slides, and stressing child health and tuberculosis prevention. A special program was given yesterday afternoon at the Dean street school.

Health films will be shown and Dr. Sam Orr Black will give a health talk at the Macedonia church tonight. Tomorrow night a health play will be given at the Golding street church. Particularly valuable co-operation is being given the conduct of the work by the pastors of negro churches and the teachers in the schools.

SPARTANBURG S. C. JOURNAL  
APR 7 1927

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK WILL BE OBSERVED HERE

Plans Formed by Tuberculosis Association.



## FOR LAST WEEK IN APRIL

The 13th observance of Negro Health week, founded by Booker T. Washington, will be held in Spartanburg the last week of April, sponsored by the Tuberculosis association.

Arrangements have already been made whereby the colored branch of the local Red Cross chapter will cooperate in the week's work and help carry out the program through the negro schools.

Between April 24 and 30, the T. B. association will probably have a Home Hygiene day, Children's Health day, Adults' Health day and a General Clean-Up day. On the last day, prizes will be offered for the best cleaned school and home yard and grounds and for the largest pile of tin cans collected.

Since national Child Health day closely follows Negro Health week, one of the days of the week will probably be given over to the observance of this occasion. Several negro teachers have already consented to train their pupils in health plays which will be given at the time.

The Tuberculosis association is sponsoring the day, one of the directors said yesterday, because any bettering of general health conditions will promote tuberculosis work. The death rate among negroes, it was said, is steadily decreasing although still much greater than the rate among white people. The report of the death rate among negroes of the southern states shows that Kentucky has the highest rate of decrease and Florida the lowest.

The negro death rate from pulmonary tuberculosis decreased from 403.1 deaths per hundred thousand population in 1910 to the death rate of 201.7 deaths per hundred thousand population in 1922 a decrease of 50 per cent in 12 years.

APR 1 1927

Annual Negro

Health Week

To Be Observed Here April 3rd To April 10th.

The Annual Negro Health Week from April 3 to April 10 will be observed here, sponsored by the Tuberculosis Association and the County Health Unit. The invitation to participate to unite in the observance of this health week was extended by the National Negro Business League, in cooperation with the Annual Tuskegee

Negro Conference and other influential organizations.

The following program will be observed here:

**Sunday, April 3rd, Mobilization Day.**

This is a day of meetings. Sermons should be preached in the morning by the various local ministers. In the afternoon there should be one or more mass meetings—one being adequate for rural community, town or small city, and several sectional mass meetings being desirable in large cities.

**Monday, April 4th, Home Hygiene Day.**

At various places where people assemble, both adults and children, talks should be given for the purpose of enlisting all homes in observance of Home Hygiene Day.

Heads of families should be urged to carry out all measures suggested for the establishment of a sanitary home. Suitable pamphlets should be distributed by various agencies. Talks on the sanitary homes should be given to the children in the schools, and circulars should be handed to them to take to their parents.

**Tuesday, April 5th, Community Sanitation Day.**

Talks, as upon Monday, should be given at business men's clubs, women's clubs, and in the schools to urge the people to assist in the special work of the day.

Committees or teams of men should make a systemic attack upon all marshes, swamps and other places where water may collect and become stagnant for purpose of draining such places and preventing the breeding of mosquitoes. Committees may obtain pamphlets with directions for carrying on this work most effectively by writing to the State Department of Health.

At meetings on Community Sanitation Day, April 5, some part of the exercises may be properly devoted to a commemoration of the birthday of Booker T. Washington, The Founder of National Negro Health Week.

**Wednesday, April 6th Children's Health Day.**

Talks for children in the schools should be given special attention on this day, and at various meetings of adults, parents should be urged to cooperate with schools. Clinics should be established in every school for the examination of children, both those who have entered school and those of

pre-school age. Such examinations will reveal defects which may cause great sufferings in later years if they are not remedied. All children should be vaccinated against smallpox and toxin; anti-toxin as a preventive of diphtheria (when indicated) should be applied as a matter of regular procedure. Teeth should be examined and defects remedied. Enlarge or diseased tonsils and adenoids should be removed when in the opinion of the physician they are a source of danger.

**Thursday, April 7th Adults' Health Day.**

Talks should be given before all organizations of business men, women's clubs and civic agencies which hold regular or special meetings on this day.

The special aim of these talks should be to interest all adults in the health examination. It should be pointed out that many adults as well as children, have conditions which, while they may not be apparent, constitute a menace to the individual's health and tend to shorten his life.

**Friday, April 8th, Special Campaign Day.**

A survey under the general direction of the community's central committee, even though it be hurried and superficial, will probably reveal the existence of some special disease menace in every community. In some cities and towns it may be malaria, in others it may be tuberculosis or hookworm disease, in still others it may be the venereal diseases.

On this day an opportunity should be offered for the inauguration of a program of measures directed especially against the particular disease which appears most dangerous to the community.

Talks should be given before various organizations of adults, at business houses, and in schools and colleges regarding the control of this special disease.

**Saturday, April 9th, General Clean-Up Day.**

This is a day for general cleaning up. Homes, school houses, malls, other public buildings and their surroundings should be thoroughly cleaned. On this day, gather and burn all rubbish and trash. Rubbish that is not burned should be placed in garbage cans to be collected by street cleaners.

It would be helpful to give talks on the value of keeping homes, yards, public buildings and communities

**Sunday, April 10th, Report and Follow-up Day.**

The central committee should hold its final meeting of the week on Sunday noon or other hours to plan ways and means by which the results of the week's work may be conserved and the complete plans for a mass meeting to be held, Sunday night.

The purpose of the mass meeting is to win the support of the citizens of the community in the development of a more adequate program of health measures through the year.

Tuskegee Institute will welcome suggestions for making the campaign success, and will be glad to cooperate with individuals or groups in making their plans for the week.



Health Week - 1927

APR 8 1927

## Negro Health Week Observed

The thirteenth annual Negro Health Week, April 3 to 10, is being observed all over the country, by churches, schools and organizations, according to announcement of the U. S. Public Health Service.

Sunday Mobilization day; Monday as Home Hygiene day; Tuesday as Community Sanitation day; Wednesday as Child Health day; Thursday as Adult Health day; Friday as Special Campaign day; Saturday as General Cleanup day, and Sunday as report and follow-up day.

MEMPHIS, TENN. APR 4 1927

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK IS BEING OBSERVED

### Program Begins With Sermons in Churches Here; Clean-Up Campaign Is Planned.

Negroes of Memphis are observing the Thirteenth Annual Negro Health Week, April 3-10.

Booker T. Washington was the founder of negro health week which has been fostered by the National Negro Business League from the beginning. The health Week Bulletin is prepared by the United States Public Health Service and distributed through Tuskegee Institute, on application, by interested schools, organizations, and communities.

The week began with sermons at the negro churches, to be followed by programs in the schools and a clean up campaign led by club women, with the co-operation of the board of health.

The program follows: Monday, April 4, Home Hygiene Day; Tuesday, April 5, Community Sanitation Day; Wednesday, April 6, Children's Health Day; Thursday, April 7, Adult's Health Day; Friday, April 8, Special Campaign Day; Saturday, April 9, General Clean Up Day; Sun-

day, April 10, Report and Follow up Day. Memphis won a silver loving cup in one of the previous campaigns and is expected to make a good showing this year.

One of the features of Community Sanitation Day, April 5, will be the commemoration of the birth of Booker T. Washington, whose life was devoted to the uplift of his people.

Tennessee



Health Week - 1927

## MORE NEGRO HEALTH WORK

The caption of this article which is the slogan for the thirteenth annual Negro Health Week, should be unanimously adopted here and made to serve a double purpose—the basic sentiment of Negro Health Week (to be observed throughout the nation April 3-10) and as a slogan in the drive for the Beverly Hills Colored Tubercular Unit.

The opportunity offered by the Civitan Club, coming at this time, makes it possible to utilize the prestige of Negro Health Week together with the enthusiasm created thereby to great advantage in securing subscriptions to the Beverly Hills Colored Tubercular Unit.

## Fisk President Health Speaker at State College

### Urges Idealism As Fundamental to Welfare of Community

#### Begins Week's Program

"A man with a slovenly mind is as dangerous to a community as a man with typhoid fever or small pox," declared President Jones of Fisk University, in an address to the students and faculty of Tennessee State College Sunday evening, April 3, at the beginning of the institution's health week.

Dr. Jones emphasized the importance of idealism and urged that college youths be genuine entities in society and not illusions of disappointment. "Be pumps of clear, sparkling water." Of all the requisites for success in life, dependability is the most outstanding, declared the speaker. The world is looking for men who do the right thing instinctively.

Success in a crisis is invariably the logical outcome of years of systematic thinking and planning. It is never a case of pure luck. He challenged the college group as future leaders to be "connected windmills rather than unconnected windmills."

The speaker was presented by the Supreme Circle Club, which organization sponsors Negro Health Week in will be inaugurated today at 2:30 p. m. at the Gem theater.

The 13th annual observance of National Negro Health Week inaugurated at 2:30 P. M. Today in Program at Gem Theater.

Miss O. Vineyard sang, "Bye and Bve." by Rosemond Johnson. H. D. Day.

Tennessee

The main address will be delivered by Dr. Roscoe C. Brown, chairman of national negro health week committee. Many musical numbers will be on the program. The Knoxville College quartet will sing, the band and other musical organizations will perform.

The Knoxville committee consists of Dr. E. O. Smithurek, president; Dr. H. M. Green, chairman, and Dr. I. L. Whitby, secretary.

KNOXVILLE, TENN. JOURNAL  
APR 3 1927

### NATIONAL NEGRO WEEK STARTS HERE TODAY

Thirteenth annual observance of National Negro Health week will be initiated this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock in the Gem theatre, with Dr. Roscoe C. Brown, chairman of the national committee, as the speaker.

Knoxville college quartet will sing several numbers at the meeting. The local committee is composed of Dr. E. O. Smythe, Dr. H. M. Green, and Dr. I. L. Whitby.

#### BANNER NASHVILLE, TENN.

### APR 3 1927 NEGRO HEALTH WEEK WILL OPEN MONDAY

#### Suggestions for Sanitation, Recreation and Rest, Given by Dr. Bishop.

In accordance with the celebration of the thirteenth annual "Negro health week," April 3-10, health conferences and meetings will be held in churches, schools and community centers following the plans for each day suggested in the bulletins issued by the United States public health service for this year's celebration as follows:

Sunday, mobilization; Monday home hygiene; Tuesday, community sanitation; Wednesday, child health; Thursday, adult health; Friday, special campaign; Saturday, general clean-up; Sunday, report and follow-up.

In connection with the celebration, Dr. E. L. Bishop, commissioner of the department of public health, has urged general practice of the "daily dozen," and recommends as an all year round program the following:

1. Fresh air and sunlight—Live, work, play, rest, sleep in fresh air.
2. Water—Use water freely; drink six glasses daily; bathe often; keep your home and premises clean.
3. Food—Watch your diet; more milk, greens, fresh fruits; less sweets, meat and eggs. Chew thoroughly.

4. Habits—The system must dispose of its waste matter. Eat proper food; exercise. Don't use "physics."

5. Exercise—Walk, work and play in the open air when possible. Sit, stand, walk erect. Exercise will help you.

6. Rest and sleep—Health is wealth; rest is your savings account. Adults, sleep 8 hours; children 10 to 12 hours.

7. Clothes—You can be comfortable and look all right, too. Dress wisely for weather, work and play—that's all.

8. Coughs and other ills—Watch that "bark," it might bite. See to it, now! A little ill might cause a big spill.

9. Self doctoring and drugging—Use first aid only, and only when necessary. Don't take chances. Beware of "self-treatment."

10. Your medical doctor—See your physician at least once a year. (The birthday is a good time.) Oftener if necessary.

11. Your dental doctor—Clean teeth and wash mouth night and morning. Visit your dentist once or twice each year.

12. Three C's—Be clean; be careful; be cheerful.

Slovenly Mind

Like a Disease

NASHVILLE, Tenn., April 11.

"A man with a slovenly mind is as dangerous to a community as a man with typhoid fever or small pox," declared President Jones of Fisk University in an address to the students and faculty of Tennessee State College Sunday evening, April 3, at the beginning of the institution's health week.

Dr. Jones emphasized the importance of idealism and urged that college youths be genuine entities in society and not illusions of disappointment. "Be pumps of clear, clean, sparkling water." Of all the requisites for success in life, dependability is the most outstanding, declared the speaker. The world is looking for men who do the right thing instinctively.

Nashville, Tenn., April 11.—The first annual Negro Pure Food Show was held here during the week in the gymnasium of the Y. M. C. A. A large number of booths displayed samples of products manufactured in the city in an attractive and creditable manner.

The undertaking was sponsored by the 52 grocers and with the co-operation of the colored and white citizens.

Nashville

#### INTENSIVE PLANS DEVELOPED FOR NEGRO HEALTH EDUCATION.

CHICAGO, April 10.—An annual city wide health campaign among Negro population of Chicago, which began its operations through the Colored Y. M. C. A. here five years ago, has expanded into a National Negro Health

Week being observed this year from April 3 to 10.

Colored associations at many points throughout the country are participating in a program developed in cooperation with the National Medical Association and the United States Public Health Service.

Dr. Carl G. Roberts, president of the Medical Association, reports that investigation has disclosed a death rate among Negroes in some localities six times greater than that of other groups from tuberculosis alone.

In Chicago the campaign, as here before, will continue for four weeks instead of one.

With the aid of physicians and dentists as speakers and the use of moving pictures, health facts are brought directly before 30,000 children in the public schools. These are supplemented by exhibits, literature, and dispensary examinations. The campaign is also carried into the churches.

F. N. S.

Nashville

4-2-27

MOUTH HEALTH WEEK

IS BEING OBSERVED

Prizes Offered for Best Essays on Mouth Hygiene.

This week, May 1-7, has been designated by the educational committee of the Tennessee Dental Association as "Mouth Health" week, the purpose being to acquaint the people of the state with the absolute importance of mouth health in its relation to body health.

The movement has been indorsed and largely financed by the state board of health and has also received the indorsement of the state parent-teacher organization. Every civic club of Tennessee has been solicited also for its co-operation and in practically every instance is back of the movement, according to Dr. L. I. McRae, tenth district chairman of the state association oral hygiene committee.

The Memphis Dental Society has raised a minimum fund of \$200 as prize money which will be distributed as follows: First prize to the store winning the best window display in mouth health; \$30 for the second best display and \$20 for the third. The window will be judged by a committee of window dressers whose firms are not in the contest.

Prizes of \$25, \$15 and \$10 each will be awarded in the city and county grammar schools for the best essays between 700-800 words on the subject of mouth hygiene. Preceding the writing of the manuscripts some dentist will give a



mouth health talk to the school. Special posters will be placed in every school. Material for the health week will be gathered from the sources. The manuscripts must be written at school in the presence of the teacher and the best essays from each school will be judged by a committee of the Memphis Dental Society, which will select the three best. Manuscripts will be judged by number, the name of the author being omitted in each case and a number substituted. The essays will be presented at the meeting of the State Dental Association, which will be held in Memphis next month.

Dr. C. E. Hines of Memphis is president of the state association. Dr. Geo. T. Cousins of the education department of the Colgate Company is in Memphis with a film on mouth hygiene and will show this film to any school or parent-teacher association that desires to see it. Mrs. Edgar Lee, health chairman for the state and also vice president of the city federation of city parent-teacher associations, is in charge of all arrangements.

CLEVELAND, TENN., BANNER  
APRIL 5, 1927  
**NATIONAL NEGRO HEALTH  
WEEK OPENS ON APRIL**

The thirteenth annual observance of national negro health week, April 3 to 10, is under the auspices of the annual Tuskegee negro conference and the National Negro Business League. The U. S. Public Health Service actively cooperates, and State and local organizations are taking part.

A Health Week Bulletin, prepared especially for this observance, can be had from the U. S. Public Health Service, Washington, or from the Tuskegee Institute, Alabama. The Red Cross, among numerous national organizations, is doing its part to foster the purposes of this health week, whose program emphasizes approved health practices and principles.

MEMPHIS, TENN., PRESS  
MARCH 21, 1927

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK IS SET FOR MEMPHIS

Homes Will Be Inspected From  
April 8 to 10

National Negro Health Week sponsored by the Tuskegee Institute, Tuskegee, Ala., will be held from April 3 to 10. J. J. Durrett, city health officer, announced Monday.

The annual inspection of negro homes in Memphis began last week, says Durrett. Every year the health officer works in conjunction of W. H. Hugo, of the garbage department. Corps of in-

spectors are sent to negro homes. The garbage department trucks follow the inspectors and gather up the rubbish. The inspection will be completed in a few days, Durrett says.

## Annual Negro Health Week, April 3-10

In accordance with the celebration of the thirteenth Annual Negro Health Week, April 3-10, health conferences and meetings will be held in churches, schools and community centers following the plans for each day suggested in the bulletins issued by the United States Public Health Service for this year's celebration as follows:

Sunday, Mobilization; Monday, Home Hygiene; Tuesday, Community Sanitation; Wednesday, Child Health; Thursday, Adult Health; Friday, Special Campaign; Saturday, General Clean Up; Sunday, Report and Follow Up.

In connection with the celebration, Doctor E. L. Bishop, Commissioner of the Department of Public Health, urges general practice of the "Daily Dozen", and recommends as all the year round program the following:

1. Fresh Air and Sunlight. Live, work, play, rest, sleep in fresh air.

2. Water. Use water freely; drink six glasses daily. Bathe often. Keep your home and premises clean.

3. Feed. Watch your diet; more milk, greens, fresh fruits, less sweets, meats and eggs. Chew thoroughly.

4. Habits. The system must dispose of its waste matter. Eat proper food; exercise. Don't use "physics."

5. Exercise. Walk, work and play in the open air when possible. Sit, stand, walk erect. Exercise will help you.

6. Rest and sleep. Health is wealth; rest is your savings account. Adults, sleep 8 hours; Children 10 to 12 hours.

7. Clothes. You can be comfortable and look all right, too. Dress

wisely for weather, work and play—that's all.

8. Coughs and Other Ills. Watch that "bark"; it might bite. See to it now! A LITTLE ILL might cause A BIG SPILL. Don't delay.

9. Self Doctoring and Drugging. Use first aid only, and only when necessary. Don't take chances. Beware of "self-treatment."

10. Your Medical Doctor. See your physician at least once a year. (The birthday is a good time.) often, if necessary.

11. Your Dental Doctor. Clean teeth and wash mouth night and morning. Visit your dentist once or twice each year.

12. Three C's. Be Clean; Be Careful; Be Cheerful.

## HERALD Annual Negro Health Week, April 3-10

In accordance with the celebration of the thirteenth Annual Negro Health Week, April 3-10, health conferences and meetings will be held in churches, schools and community centers following the plans for each day suggested in the bulletins issued by the United States Public Health Service for this year's celebration as follows:

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In connection with the celebration, Doctor E. L. Bishop, Commissioner of the Department of Public Health, urges general practice of the "Daily Dozen", and recommends as all the year round program the following:

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10. Your Medical Doctor. See your physician at least once a year. (The birthday is a good time.) often, if necessary.

11. Your Dental Doctor. Clean teeth and wash mouth night and morning. Visit your dentist once or twice each year.

12. Three C's. Be Clean; Be Careful; Be Cheerful.



# Health Week - 1927 Local Health Week Observance is Largest in History.

National Negro Health Week has been more widely observed in Dallas this week than in any former year according to the indications now. The general program committee composed of the leading physicians, ministers and heads of clubs arranged speakers for more than fifty churches, the health association, white, of the city helped in the arrangement by furnishing special motion pictures for the observance at the schools, every school principal arranged special exercises and the week closed with a general meeting in the auditorium of the Booker Washington High School on Friday night at which time special features of the program were health essays of the pupils of the sixth and seventh grades of the various schools of the city under the direction of Miss Georgia Matthews, school nurse, a Red Cross Demonstration by pupils from The Home-makers School, an address by Dr. F. Rivers Barnwell, health worker among Negroes of Texas and a series of health slides. Special prizes for health essays have been arranged by the committee.

## City Divided Into Districts For Campaign

The whole city was divided into districts for the Clean-Up campaign and special workers were appointed over each district. No part of the city was left uncared for and it is understood that there was general observance of the scheduled programs in every instance.

The arrangements for the week were cared for by an educational committee composed of Rev. W. M. Lofton, Dr. L. G. Pinkston, Dr. J. H. Dodd, Dr. R. E. L. Holland, W. E. Clark, Mrs. H. D. Winn, Mrs. C. R. Boswell, Rev. C. W. Abington and Mrs. J. H. Dodd, a prize committee composed of Rev. M. B. Bilbrew, Dr. J. G. Hardin, Rev. C. C. Harper, Prof. V. Williams, Rev. M. Washington and Dr. McMillan, a Clean-Up Committee composed of Miss C. Matthews, Mrs. W. V. Watson, Mesdames L. Quinn, C. F. Starks, T. W. Pratt, W. R. McMillan, Revs. Gustav Barnes and Wilson.

## Physicians and Health Workers Special Speakers

Every physician in the city as well as each of the special nurses and welfare workers and Dr. F. Rivers Barnwell acted as a special speaker on one or more of the programs held in various places and a special group of speakers composed

## DEMOCRAT

## Negroes to Observe Health Week Here

The ninth annual negro health week campaign in Texas, April 3-10 will be observed by the negroes in Sherman next week. It has been announced by F. R. Pearson, principal of the negro school.

A general clean-up campaign by the negroes throughout the city is being urged by those in charge of the program for the week. Special days to be observed during the week are as follows: Sunday, "Health Education Day;" Wednesday, "Tuberculosis Day;" Thursday, "Fly and Mosquito Control;" Friday, "Personal Hygiene;" Saturday, "Church Sanitation" and Sunday, April 10, "Mobilization Day." The slogan for the week is every day a health day. Mrs. A. N. Prince will assist in carrying out the program.

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK CLOSES WITH RESULTS

The Negro health week having been observed throughout the city, churches and schools joined in and help to emphasize the importance of the organization which was started by the late Booker T. Washington. Pupils from the different ward schools rendered essays and orations on health heroes.

The Wheatley Place school conducted an excellent physical culture exercise conducted by Mesdames J. B. Penn and Curtis Sparks. Miss Odell Johnson of the N. W. Harilee School (9th Ward) was given \$5.00 in gold as 1st prize delivered an oration on Pasteur.

Miss Cora Williams of J. P. Starks school was awarded \$2.50 in gold as 2nd prize delivering an oration on Penn. Miss Varetta Pinkston of Darrell school delivered an essay on Tuberculosis with much credit. Ideal and Lincoln Major schools were given 98 per cent on sanitation.

Little Miss Renshaw was given a prize for having gathered the largest amount of trash. Prof. F. Rivers Barnwell, Texas Public Health Director (for Colored) delivered an interesting address. Miss C. E. Matthews was in charge of The Baby Clinic.

The Clinic 1817 Fairmont Street. Mrs. S. A. McCall in charge divided the babies into three groups, 3 months to one year, one year to two years, two years to three years.

Pauline Brookins was given 99 per cent and Thomas Ford, Jr., was given 98 1-6.

Second groupe, Grace Henderson 97 per cent. Homer L. Session 97 per cent. Third groupe, Mae Turley 97 1-4 percent and Annie Marie Rice 99 1-4 per cent.

Little Miss Rice stood the highest per cent, the girls seemed to have been in better condition than the boys. Mrs. Cooper was in charge of this phase of the work.

Prizes were given by the following persons and organizations: a gold plated knife and fork with coral handle (a child's set) was given by the Golden Rule Court No. 171, the largest in the state. Lawyer J. L. Turner, Dr. M. C. Cooper, Mrs. Monie Drake.

The doctors of the city displayed much interest by rendering whatever service they could. Drs. Wm. Green, A. L. Runyan, L. G. Pinkston and J. Horace Dodd, assisted by the nurses, Mesdames S. A. McCall, Ruth Loving Watson, Mrs. L. G. Pinkston and Miss Marzelle C. Cooper.

The following babies were honorably mentioned and received prizes: Artist Session, Ernestine Weaver, Wensel Cleaver, Vance Scott, Marion Walkins, Maurice Henderson and Johnnie Brookens.

## HEALTH WEEK OBSERVANCE IN DALLAS

The extent to which any group of citizens unites in any effort which has as its object the betterment of a community marks its degree of respect for its obligation as a part of the general mass. And there can be no doubt but that the observance of Health Week this year in Dallas is an indication of the desire of every class of its citizens to improve the general health tone of themselves and those to increase the well being of the city at large. No group was allowed to go unrecognized. Every class of citizen from the professional to the housewives were assigned some

## San Antonio Will Observe Health Week

## LOCAL CHAPTER PHI-BATA SIGMA TO AWARD PRIZES

In keeping with the programme of the National organization of the local chapter of the Phi-Bata Sigma fraternity is planning to help observe Negro Business Week, and Negro Health Week in an effective manner. In order to stimulate interest among the school children in matters pertaining to health prizes will be given to students producing the best papers on how to better health conditions among Negroes. During National Negro health week which is from April 3-10 inclusive the churches various civic organizations and the medical fraternity are all expected to take an active part. When one studies the situation and can see that the Ne-

gro death rate from preventable diseases is so much higher than that of his white neighbor the necessity of a health campaign among Negroes is easily apparent.

## NEGRO HEALTH WEEK PLANNED FOR HOUSTON

Plans for the local observance of National Negro Health Week are being made by the colored division of the Houston Inter-Racial Commission. Rev. F. Rivers Barnwell of Ft. Worth, state health lecturer and supervisor of Negro work, recently met the local committee and outlined the work. The week will be observed April 3-10, with a separate program for each day. The ministers of the city will preach special health sermons and leading laymen will give health talks during the week, according to Rev. S. W. Johnson, executive secretary and chairman colored division of the Commission.

Health week was founded several years ago by the late Dr. Booker T. Washington, who realized the great economic loss that our race and the social order suffer resulting from preventable diseases. The movement has become nationwide and is observed in practical every progressive community in America where any number of colored citizens reside. The diffusion of health knowledge has helped to lower the high death rate heretofore existing among our race.

The following local committees have been announced:

Speakers—W. L. Davis, chairman J. T. Fox, C. O. Rogers, Mmes. S. G. Kay, J. W. Hubert, Rev. A. W. Carr. Co-operation—Mrs. T. M. Fairchild chairlady; Misses Bessie Osborne, Elsie A. Walls, Mmes. Eloise Williams W. L. D. Johnson, G. C. Houston, J. C. Hester, M. M. Artis, A. E. Jones. Publicity—G. T. Stocks, chairman; Rev. J. H. Lovell, C. H. McGruder Mrs. D. Kirkman, Mrs. B. L. Clay. Clean-up—Miss Virginia B. Miller chairlady; members of committee will be announced later.



1 Messenger  
Gatesville Tex  
MAR 18 1927

## Texas State Board of Health Weekly News Letter

### Get Ready For Clean-up Week.

Inasmuch as state-wide clean-up week, April 3-9, is identical with National Negro Health Week, Dr. J. C. Anderson, state health officer, has asked groups interested in the betterment of the colored race to encourage and give all assistance possible to intensive clean-up activities in Negro sections of communities and municipalities.

"National Negro Health Week, Dr. Anderson stated, "is an annual event sponsored by the United States Public Health Service in cooperation with the Tuskegee Negro Institute at Tuskegee, Ala. As a first aid in this wide-spread health campaign, the Federal Health Bureau has prepared and has ready for distribution a National Negro Health Week Bulletin outlining effective methods of instituting and successfully carrying on health programs."

### Health Poster

"In addition to this bulletin, a special health poster has also been prepared which gives in brief and interesting form various health rules and information on health subjects. Copies of the health bulletin and health poster may be had by writing the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing office, Washington, D. C. Quantities of these posters may also be had from that Division at a nominal cost.

"Reports received by the state board of health to date are very encouraging in regard to the state-wide clean-up campaign. Interest in the campaign is being stimulated in a number of the towns by garden and "beautiful yard" contests, in which cash prizes are being offered by civic or business clubs to the contestants winning first, second and third honors."

### Preparations For May Day Celebration

Extensive preparations are being made throughout the state for the observance of Child Health Day, May 1st, according to Dr. H. N. Bennett, state chairman of May Day and director of bureau of child hygiene, state board of health. Public nurses, home demonstration agents, parent-teacher associations, and civic organizations

will cooperate in staging May Day festivals and in making community health inventories.

"May Day as Child Health Day," Dr. Bennett stated, "has become one of the National days in American life, resulting in focusing attention on the health of children in thousands of communities. In addition to this, it is made of the entire child health work of communities during the preceding year, and also a day of planning for the betterment of child health."

### Child Rights

"There should be no child in America that has not been born under proper conditions; that does not live in hygienic surroundings; that even suffers from undernutrition; that does not have prompt and efficient medical attention; that does receive primary instruction in the elements of hygiene and good health. There should also be no child in Texas whose birth is not registered with the vital statistics department of the state board of health.

"Ministers in the state are asked to cooperate in making Child Health Day most successful ever staged in Texas by devoting part of their services that day to Child Health programs. Outlines for May Day activities, including health plays and pageants may be had by writing the bureau of child hygiene, state board of health

Schools and communities planning celebrations of May Day will also confer a favor by sending reports of their activities to the state board of health.

### PI CHAPTER OBSERVES HEALTH WEEK

Samuel Huston College, Austin, Texas.—The ninth Annual Negro Health Week in Texas, was observed by the members of the Pi Chapter of the Phi Beta Sigma Fraternity of Sam'l Huston College.

A very effective program was rendered during the week. Interesting and instructive lectures were given by Prof. J. M. Brewer, Mr. George H. Craze, Field Secretary of the Texas Public Health Association, Dr. J. H. Stevens, Dr. V. T. Hammonds, Dr. J. L. Farmer, Dr. C. H. Christian and E. B. Johnson.

The members of the Music Department of Samuel Huston College furnished very appropriate music for the occasion.

By the Fraternity Reporter  
E. B. JOHNSON

## RECORD

Colorado - Tex  
APR 15 1927

### Negro Health Week

Last week was National Negro Health week, and the local people carried out the program sent out in full. They met each afternoon with programs on various divisions of the work and in the meantime launched a general clean-up campaign. The Civic League offered a picture to the cleanest home, and Monday morning Mrs. Roy Dozier, Mrs. Randall and Mrs. Fred Dozier, the committee, went out to inspect the negro premises. They said they found eight homes where not a weed, a can, or a single scrap of trash could be found. Their suggestion was that the whites put on a clean-up campaign, using the colored neighbors' premises as models. They were so enthusiastic over the spick and span condition that the Civic League gave two pictures and the committee furnished prizes for the others, and the following were asked groups interested in the betterment of the colored race, to encourage and give all assistance possible to intensive clean-up activities in negro sections of communities and municipalities.

Inasmuch as state-wide clean-up week, April 3-9, is identical with National Negro Health Week, Dr. J. C. Anderson, state health officer, has asked groups interested in the betterment of the colored race to encourage and give all assistance possible to intensive clean-up activities in Negro sections of communities and municipalities.

"National Negro Health Week," Dr. Anderson stated, "is an annual event sponsored by the United States Public Health Service in co-operation with the Tuskegee Negro Institute at Tuskegee, Ala. As a first side in this wide-spread health campaign, the Federal Health Bureau has prepared and has ready for distribution a National Negro Health Week Bulletin outlining effective methods of instituting and successfully carrying on health programs.

"In addition to this bulletin, a special health poster has also been prepared which gives in brief and interesting form various health rules and information on health subjects. Copies of the health

week bulletin and health poster number of towns by garden and 'yards may be had by writing to the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C. Quantities of these posters may also be had from that Division at a nominal cost.

"Reports received by the State Board of Health to date are very encouraging in regard to the state-wide clean-up campaign. Interest in the campaign is being stimulated in a number of towns by garden and "beautiful yard" contests, in which cash prizes are being offered by civic or business clubs to the contestants winning first, second and third honors."

ALICE (TEX.) NEWS

MARCH 23, 1927

### GET READY FOR CLEAN-UP WEEK

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### Health Poster

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## Clean Up Week and Negro Health Week Set for April 3-9

Austin, Texas, March 22. — Inasmuch as state-wide clean-up week April 3-9, is identical with National Negro Health Week, Dr. J. C. Anderson, state health officer, has asked groups interested in the betterment of the colored race to encourage and give all assistance possible to intensive clean-up activities in negro sections of communities and municipalities.

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Health Week - 1927

## THE SHAME OF THE LONE STAR STATE!

According to the public health board of this state, there are only about forty beds for colored victims of tuberculosis in Texas, and these are not provided by the state government, but rather by the local governments.

Forced to live amidst intolerable and, often, inhuman conditions it is no small wonder that such a large percentage of the colored people fall victims to this dreaded malady; yet that the state makes no provision to aid and assist these people in their fight against the "white plague," is a crying shame and disgrace to the human race!

Not only should the state authorities see to it that sanatoria are provided for colored victims of tuberculosis, but every effort ought to be exerted in safeguarding the health of these people in their every day life.

From an economic viewpoint this should be done, if not from a humanitarian one; for with large numbers of colored people serving in domestic roles for white families and coming in daily contact with them, the white race can not hope to escape the folly of this neglect and shortsightedness.

Disease is no respecter of persons nor races, and it will invade the home of the rich and leave death, desolation and despair with the same reckless abandon that it does in the hovel of the humble and lowly.

Epidemics seldom come in cyclonic manner, hitting a few here and then jumping over to another community; but they generally strike every home in their wake and ask neither the racial identity nor station in life.

Maybe if we spent less time in politics in this state and more in looking after the interests of the people, in every walk of life, such alarming and appalling conditions would not obtain.

Just as too many cooks spoil the broth, too many politicians in office, quarreling and contending for the spoils thereof, cause much sorrow and travail to numberless people of the commonwealth.

The state owes a certain duty to every citizen and it should see to it that every inhabitant is assured and vouchsafed life, liberties and the pursuit of happiness; and the governmental machinery should ever be employed to the end that its citizens might enjoy health and longevity of life, in so far as the state is able to adequately and consistently provide the same.

The state should acquire a site at some tubercular resort and construct a sanatorium for its colored citizens who fall before the ravages of this awful disease; for this is a holden duty that not only owes the colored race, but the entire social family.

Houston is one of the few communities in the state that has made some provisions along this line, and what this community has done in a small way, most assuredly the state can do on a much larger scale.

## Dallas Gets Ready To Observe Negro Health Week

### ORGANIZATION FORMED TO CARRY OUT PROGRAM FOR NEGRO HEALTH WEEK

An organization for the purpose of observing Negro Health Week in Dallas was perfected at Macedonia Baptist Church, Tuesday March 8, Dr. E. Arlington Wilson was chosen General Chairman, and Mrs. Marion E. Trotter Secretary.

The following were appointed as chairmen of committees to carry out the different phases of the program as arranged by the Dallas Tuberculosis Association, which is co-operating with the National Committee at Tuskegee Institute, Alabama.

Educational Committee—Dr. I. G. Pinkston, Chairman, Dr. R. E. Holland, Vice Chairman.

Publicity Committee—Prof. J. W. Rice, Chairman, Mr. J. H. Owen, Dr. R. T. Hamilton, associates.

Committee on Co-operation—Prof. J. J. Rhoades, Mr. E. O. Woods, Business Secretary Dallas Tuberculosis Association.

Mrs. Ruth Loving Watson and Miss C. E. Matthews were selected to interest and co-operate with the various social and civic organizations of the city for Clean-Up-Day and Home Beautification.

Committee on Finance—Dr. W. R. McMillan, Rev. L. L. Harper, of which Dr. McMillan was made chairman with instructions to enlarge his committee as he saw fit.

Negro Health Week will be observed from April 3 to 10 inclusive. The organization is planning to put over a programme during the week that will interest every man, woman and child in our group. The slogan adopted is "Make Every Day A Health Day."

Meetings will be held each week at Macedonia Baptist Church until the complete program is perfected.

ASSET STAR

### READY FOR CLEAN-UP WEEK?

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### EAGLE

## Ninth Annual Negro Health Week Is Fittingly Observed By Negroes

The campaign was begun on the school grounds by making cinder walks, filling in low places, and cutting down the high ones. The roads were all given a liberal coat of white wash and at the close of the week everything presented quite a pleasing aspect. The teachers of this school took this method of joining hands with the rest of the citizenship of the town to help in making Bryan the cleanest and most beautiful city to be found in these parts. It is pleasing to note that the spirit was caught up by the rest of the colored people and lawn mowers could be heard early and late. This is as it should be. Wednesday evening the pupils of the 7th grade under the direction of Principal Kemp's wife presented a very instructive health play "A Lesson in Dietetics" to a packed house at the A. M. E. church. Such plays impress the

The ninth annual Negro health week was fittingly celebrated by the colored citizens of the city last week. Working on the premise that promoting health is doing something tangible that will add to health of the community, Principal E. A. Kemp of the colored school divided the boys of his school into groups, and with a captain for each group, sent them out to give the negro section of the town a thorough cleaning. Tin cans, broken glass, old newspapers, and other forms of rubbish were picked up and placed in piles convenient for collection by the city wagons. Much good was done, but not as much trash was found as in former years which goes to show that our colored people are willing helpers when they have once been shown the way.

much good youth in such a way that it will not be found a difficult matter to teach them the way to health in later years. Doctors Hammond, Thompson and Carter all gave talks on preventative features. These, too, will be productive of much good.



# Health Week - 1927

## Health Week Is Observed By 'Y'

On Thursday a health playlet was given at the Center and slide demonstration lectures were had.

Friday, Mrs. T. D. Lee gave a health talk and slide demonstration lesson.

Next Sunday at the usual vesper hour the Young Women's Bible Class of Bank Street Church Sunday School, Mrs. Mary Wood Williams, president, will render a program.

The pie sale which was to have been given Saturday, April 9, by the publicity committee, has been postponed until after Easter week.

Miss Eva D. Bowles, national city secretary, will be the guest of the "Y" during Easter Week.

The religious education committee at the home of Mrs. Mamie Cumber of Health, the society purchased 1000 landl, 1501 Outten street, Tuesday copies of the National Negro Health The finance committee, Mrs. Wilhel-Week Bulletin from the United States mina Byrd, chairman, held its regu-Health Service at Washington and lar monthly meeting Wednesday these were distributed in the same April 6, while the committee of man-manner as those published by the agement held its meeting Friday night State Board of Health.

Mr. Pierce McNeil Thompson gave a radio demonstration at the "Y" 300 letters have been sent out to home on Wednesday night.

This being Health Week the follow- ing program was rendered by the Y. W. C. A. under the direction of Miss Marguerite Moseley, chairman of the health education committee, and her associates.

Sunday, Dr. Wilbur A. Drake, sur-geon-in-Chief of Tidewater Hospital, delivered a health address at the "Y" 416 Cumberland street. He told of the progress made in the medical profession in the past 20 years and spoke on the elementary rules of health pre-servation.

Tuesday morning Rev. D. N. Tate addressed the Employment Depart-ment of the "Y" on the essentials of good health. His talk was well re-ceived.

Wednesday morning Dr. J. T. Cana-day gave a health talk to the Girl Re-serves at the Center on Church street. Demonstration health songs were sung.

## MASS OF HEALTH LITERATURE PUT OUT IN STATE

**Negro Organization Society Succeeded In Getting 25,000 Bulletins**

(Special to Journal and Guide)  
Richmond, Va., April 6—In it they have always co-operated help- fully during this week. The program for the week includes health programs in which visiting nurses, social workers, and the doc- tors will offer helpful service to make conditions in the homes of the

tins were published by that depart-ment. Eight thousand two hundred and fifty-five of the bulletins were sent to the Supervising Teachers of the various counties of the State and to the officers of the school improve-ment leagues for distribution to the citizens of the rural communities.

and 16,745 were sent to representa- tives of the society in the various cities of the state as follows: Norfolk, Rev. L. M. Davis, Portsmouth, Rev. M. E. Davis, Newport News, Rev. G. Taylor, Petersburg, Major William Johnson, Lynchburg, Rev. Vernon Johns, Roanoke, Rev. L. L. Downing, and Rev. A. L. James; Danville, Rev. G. W. Goode; and Hampton, Rev. J. W. Patterson; Harrisonburg, Dr. Eugene E. Dickerson.

In Richmond, the bul- letins were sent to the ministers di- rect. In addition to the 25,000 bul- letins published by the State Board of Health, the society purchased 1000 copies of the National Negro Health Bulletin from the United States Health Service at Washington and these were distributed in the same manner as those published by the State Board of Health.

By way of interesting citizens of the state in the movement more than 300 letters have been sent out to representative citizens in various sec- tions of the State.

## NEWPORT NEWS VIRGINIA

## COLORED PEOPLE TO HAVE CLEAN UP HERE

**Program Will Include Health Talks, and All Are Urged to Clean Up Premises.**

The Negro Organization Society in co-operation with National Negro Health week will begin its observa- tion on Sunday, April 3, lasting through April 10. All the ministers in the community have been asked to preach sermons on health at the beginning of the campaign, urging the people to put their premises in the best of order, to clean up rub- bish of all kinds, to see if the water supply is pure, and to do everything possible to make their premises san- itary and attractive.

The city of Hampton will furnish carts to take away any rubbish that may be left on the streets and other cities will probably do likewise, as they have always co-operated help- fully during this week. The program for the week includes health programs in which visiting nurses, social workers, and the doc- tors will offer helpful service to make conditions in the homes of the

community more sanitary. It is very necessary that all co-operate with the general purposes of the cam-aign. The breeding places of flies and mosquitoes should be destroyed and, as far as possible, places where food is kept and the homes generally should be screened.

The health week program empha- sizes prevention of disease and offers as the best remedies fresh air, right diet, proper living conditions and cleanliness.

## National Negro Health Week to be Observed

National Negro Health Week will be observed here from April 3 to 10. Dr. R. W. Garnett, City Health officer, announced yesterday, and a committee of prominent negro citi- zens has been appointed to assist in its observance. The committee ap- pointed by Dr. Garnett includes: the Rev. Harvey, chairman, the Rev. Goode, the Rev. Stone, the Rev. Mel- ton, the Rev. Grasty, and two colored physicians, Dr. W. L. Winslow and Dr. Jerry Luck.

On Sunday, April 3, all the colored ministers of the city will preach ser- mons stressing the importance of care of the body, in health and the necessity for frequent examination.

## NEWPORT NEWS VIRGINIA

**Colored People Will Hold Clean Up Program During This Week**

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## Virginia.

It is very the general purposes of the cam- word, the distribution of printed mat- ter, and other ways, to bring to the attention of Negroes the value of health and the need for prevention of communicable diseases.

The health week program empha- sizes prevention of disease and offers as the best remedies fresh air, right diet, proper living conditions and cleanliness.

## TIMES ROANOKE, VA.

## MAR 31 1927 MUNICIPAL AGENCIES TO HELP IN CAMPAIGN

City Trucks to Carry Off Trash Dur- ing Negro Health Week in Roanoke.

Municipal agencies will play an im- portant part in the Negro Health Week campaign to be launched here Apr 3 to 9, under the auspices of the Neg- ro Organization society. Wagons ar- trucks of the city will at stated pe- ods visit colored communities to a- sist in the removal of garbage.

The trucks and wagons will opera- on this schedule: April 6 in the sout- west; April 7, in the northwest; Apr 8, in the northeast. The city garba- carriers will carry off all rubbish place in convenient places for loading.

Plans for the health week activiti here are wide in scope and are ex- pected to produce beneficial result. Leaders have asked that colored pas- tors preach on the subject in thei Sunday services.

## Negro Health Week April 3 To 10

During the week of April 3 to 10, 1927, Negro communities throughout the United States will observe the Thirteenth Annual Negro Health Week. This special period has been set aside by the leading Negro orga- nizations of the United States, includ- ing the Tuskegee Negro Conference, the National Negro Business League, the former cooperating with the Na- tional Medical Association. Cooper- ating with these Negro associations also are the United States Public Health Service, the State and local health departments, and numerous na- tional, State, and local voluntary health associations scattered through- out the country.

During this short period of one week, efforts will be made by means of newspaper publicity, the spoken

This bulletin aims to suggest, to leaders of though in the various Negro communities throughout the country how to approach this problem and how to organize and carry out the campaign for Negro Health Week.

## The General Plan for the Week

For the purpose of emphasizing problems, Negro Health Week has been divided up into a series of spe- cial days. Each day takes up a parti- cular question, and as indicated, should be under the direction of a spe- cial day committee. The following is the general schedule of days proposed.

- Sunday, April 3, Mobilization Day.
- Monday, April 4, Home Hygiene Day.
- Tuesday, April 5, Community San- itation Day.
- Wednesday, April 6, Children's Health Day.
- Thursday, April 7, Adults' Health Day.
- Friday, April 8, Special Campaign Day.
- Saturday, April 9, General Clean-up Day.
- Sunday, April 10, Report and Fol- low-up Day.



Health Week - 1927

Millers, W. Va.  
advocate

MAR 25 1927

## Negro Health Week Set For April 3-10

The West Virginia Tuberculosis Association has notified the teachers of all colored schools in Wyoming county that Negro Health Week this year will be from April 3 to 10. The association will award five copies of the book, "Health Training in School," and five health thermometers for the ten best reports of health week activities. Reports must be filed with the state association at Charleston before May 1.

APR 6 1927

## NEGRO HEALTH WORK IN WEST VIRGINIA IS RECEIVING CAREFUL ATTENTION FROM STATE DEPARTMENT: STATISTICS GIVEN

Three factors which contributed to a higher death rate among the negro population of West Virginia in the year 1925, the latest figure available, than among the white population, were tuberculosis, venereal diseases and accidents, according to figures made public by the State Health Department in connection with the thirteenth observance of National Negro Health Week, April 3-10. Tuberculosis showed a death rate of 103.4 negroes per 1000 deaths as against 58.3 among the white population, while syphilis was 18.4 negro deaths to 5.6 whites; and accidents 118.9 negro deaths to 82.2 whites.

On the other hand the death rate among the white population from diphtheria, a disease which is infrequent among the negro population, was much higher; the same being true of influenza. Cancer fatality in West Virginia was nearly double among the white population, the figures showing 52.5 per 1000 deaths as against 27.9 among the negro.

To assist in reducing the high mortality and improve the general health conditions of the negro population, the State Health Department offered last year in addition

West Virginia.

two and one half births to every death, which shows the negro birth rate below the average, while the white birth rate in West Virginia was above this average.

The cause of this low rate has been laid to many causes, among them the number of cases of syphilis among the negro race which causes still births in many incidents as well as causing premature births. It has been stated that syphilis is making such inroads in the negro population because it invaded that race later than the white race, which has developed a slight resistance throughout the years.

To combat this, the bureau of venereal disease of the State Health Department, working in cooperation with the U. S. Public Health Service, arranged lectures for negro men and women on social hygiene in all the communities throughout the state where these special lectures were given. Last year more than 10,000 negroes attended these lectures given by H. E. Bon Durant, field representative of the bureau of venereal disease. Treatments for those suffering from one or both of the venereal diseases is given in the twenty clinics located in the state.

Many negro mothers are enrolled in the motherhood correspondence course of the State Health Department which furnishes information on prenatal and child care to thousands of West Virginia mothers.

Believing that the health of the community is no stronger than the weakest spot, the U. S. Public Health Service is asking the cooperation of all state and municipal health departments, as well as voluntary health organizations in the observance of National Negro Health Week. Each day of the campaign is set aside for special observance of some phase of health work. Sunday, April 3 is mobilization day; Monday, April 4, home hygiene day; Tuesday, April 5, community sanitation day; Wednesday, April 6, children's health day; Thursday, April 7, adult's health day; Friday, April 8, special campaign day; Saturday, April 9, general clean-up day; Sunday, April 10, report and follow-up day.